

NOAA OAR Special Report

# ***PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series: Vol. 5*** **A Tsunami Forecast Model for Newport, Oregon**

M. Eble<sup>2</sup> and NCTR Staff<sup>1,2</sup>

- 1 Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean (JISAO), University of Washington, Seattle, WA
- 2 NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL), Seattle, WA

*April 2014*



**UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**Penny Pritzker  
Secretary**

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND  
ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Kathryn Sullivan  
Under Secretary for Oceans and  
Atmosphere/Administrator

Office of Oceanic and  
Atmospheric Research

Robert Detrick  
Assistant Administrator

NOTICE from NOAA

Mention of a commercial company or product does not constitute an endorsement by NOAA/OAR. Use of information from this publication concerning proprietary products or the tests of such products for publicity or advertising purposes is not authorized. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Contribution No. 3449 from NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory

Contribution No. 1771 from Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean (JISAO)

---

Also available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS)

(<http://www.ntis.gov>)

# Contents

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| <b>List of Figures</b>  | <b>v</b>    |
| <b>List of Tables</b>   | <b>xi</b>   |
| <b>Foreword</b>   | <b>xiii</b> |
| <b>Abstract</b>   | <b>1</b>    |
| <b>1. Background and Objectives</b>                             | <b>1</b>    |
| <b>2. Forecast Methodology</b>                                  | <b>3</b>    |
| <b>3. Model Development</b>                                     | <b>5</b>    |
| 3.1 Forecast area.....  | 5           |
| 3.2 Historical events and coastal water level observations..... | 6           |
| 3.3 Bathymetry and topography.....                              | 8           |
| 3.4 Model setup.....  | 10          |
| <b>4. Results and Discussion</b>                                | <b>11</b>   |
| 4.1 Model validation.....                                       | 11          |
| 4.2 Model robustness and stability.....                         | 14          |
| <b>5. Summary and Conclusion</b>                                | <b>17</b>   |
| <b>6. Acknowledgments</b>                                       | <b>18</b>   |
| <b>7. References</b>  | <b>19</b>   |
| <b>FIGURES</b>  | <b>21</b>   |
| <b>Appendix A.</b>  | <b>65</b>   |
| A1. Reference model *.in file for Newport, Oregon.....          | 65          |
| A2. Forecast model *.in file for Newport, Oregon.....           | 65          |
| <b>Appendix B. Pacific Ocean Unit Sources</b>                   | <b>67</b>   |
| <b>Appendix C. Synthetic Testing Report: Newport, Oregon</b>    | <b>115</b>  |
| C1. Purpose.....  | 115         |
| C2. Testing Procedure.....                                      | 115         |
| C3. Results.....  | 116         |
| <b>Appendix D. Glossary</b>                                     | <b>125</b>  |



## List of Figures

|    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
| 1  | Aerial view of Yaquina Bay showing the South Beach area in the foreground and historic Nye Beach along the opposite shore; detailed view of the NOAA Marine Operations Center–Pacific.  | 23 |
| 2  | Aerial view of Newport, Oregon. The arrow shows the approximate location of the South Beach tide gauge used for comparison with model results (from NCTR/Oregon Graduate Institute CCALMR archives).  | 24 |
| 3  | Evacuation map for Newport, Oregon, developed in the mid-1990s by the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries in consultation with local officials.   | 25 |
| 4  | Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the location of the 11 historical events used to test and validate the Newport model. Relative earthquake magnitude is shown by the varying sizes and colors of the filled circles.  | 26 |
| 5  | Digital Elevation Model constructed for Newport, Oregon, in 2004 from best available data.  | 27 |
| 6  | Bathymetry for the reference inundation model grids. The A grid is shown in the upper axis, the B grid in the middle right axis, and the C grid in the lower left. The topography of the C grid is shown using contours with 40-m intervals.  | 28 |
| 7  | Bathymetry and topography for the tsunami forecast model grids. The A grid is shown in the upper axis, the B grid in the middle right axis, and the C grid in the lower left. The topography of the C grid is shown using contours with 40-m intervals.   | 29 |
| 8  | Difference plot showing the result of subtracting the digital elevation model constructed by the National Geophysical Data Center in 2008 from the digital elevation model constructed by the NOAA Center for Tsunami Research in 2004. The primary differences are evident along the coast from inclusion of LIDAR data in the 2008 model. | 30 |
| 9  | Model results for the 1946 Unimak Mw 8.5 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.  | 31 |
| 10 | Model results for the 1960 Chile Mw 9.5 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.   | 32 |

---

|    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
| 11 | Model results for the 1964 Alaska Mw 9.2 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....          | 33 |
| 12 | Model results for the 1996 Andreanov Mw 7.9 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge..... | 34 |
| 13 | Model results for the 2006 Tonga Mw 8.0 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....     | 35 |
| 14 | Model results for the 1994 Kuril Mw 8.3 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....     | 36 |
| 15 | Model results for the 2006 Kuril Mw 8.3 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....     | 37 |
| 16 | Model results for the 2007 Kuril Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....     | 38 |
| 17 | Model results for the 2009 Samoa Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....     | 39 |
| 18 | Model results for the 2010 Chile Mw 8.8 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast and reference model, and observed wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....           | 40 |
| 19 | Model results for the 2007 Solomon Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast and reference model, and observed wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.....         | 41 |
| 20 | Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the locations of the 19 simulated Mw 9.3 events, the Mw 7.5 medium event, and the micro-tsunami event used to test and validate the Newport model.....   | 42 |

|    |  |    |
|----|--|----|
| 21 | Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.  | 43 |
| 22 | Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 22–31 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 44 |
| 23 | Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 32–41 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 45 |
| 24 | Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 56–65 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 46 |
| 25 | Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 6–15 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.  | 47 |
| 26 | Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 16–25 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 48 |
| 27 | Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 22–31 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 49 |
| 28 | Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 50–59 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 50 |
| 29 | Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 56–65 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 51 |
| 30 | Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.  | 52 |

---

|    |   |    |
|----|---|----|
| 31 | Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 37–46 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                    | 53 |
| 32 | Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 89–98 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                    | 54 |
| 33 | Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 102–111 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                  | 55 |
| 34 | Results from the forecast model for the NTSZ 30–39 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                    | 56 |
| 35 | Results from the forecast model for the NVSZ 28–37 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                    | 57 |
| 36 | Results from the forecast model for the MOSZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                     | 58 |
| 37 | Results from the forecast model for the NGSZ 3–12 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                     | 59 |
| 38 | Results from the forecast model for the EPSZ 6–15 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                     | 60 |
| 39 | Results from the forecast model for the RNSZ 12-21 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.                                    | 61 |
| 40 | Results from the forecast model for the MEDI7.5 synthetic event forced by a small rupture of NTSZ B36. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 62 |



|     |  |     |
|-----|--|-----|
| 41  | Results from the forecast model for the MICRO3 synthetic event forced by a Mw 7.5 rupture of ACSZ B6. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location. | 63  |
| B1  | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 69  |
| B2  | Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.  | 75  |
| B3  | Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.  | 87  |
| B4  | Kamchatka–Bering Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 89  |
| B5  | Kamchatka–Kuril–Japan–Izu–Mariana–Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.  | 91  |
| B6  | Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.  | 99  |
| B7  | New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 101 |
| B8  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 103 |
| B9  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 107 |
| B10 | New Zealand–Puysegur Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 111 |
| B11 | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai Subduction Zone unit sources.   | 113 |
| C1  | Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario KISZ 22-31 ( $\alpha=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).   | 118 |
| C2  | Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario ACSZ 56-65 ( $\alpha=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).   | 119 |
| C3  | Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario CSSZ 89-98 ( $\alpha=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).   | 120 |
| C4  | Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario NTSZ 30-39 ( $\alpha=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).   | 121 |
| C5  | Response of the Newport forecast model to the 2006 Tonga tsunami. Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).  | 122 |
| C6  | Response of the Newport forecast model to the 2006 Kuril tsunami. Maximum sea surface elevation for a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d).  | 123 |



## List of Tables

|     |   |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| 1   | Historical events used for model validation for Newport, Oregon.....  | 7   |
| 2   | MOST setup of the reference and forecast models for Newport, Oregon.....  | 10  |
| 3   | Synthetic tsunami events used in the forecast model testing for Newport, Oregon.....  | 15  |
| B1  | Earthquake parameters for Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.....  | 70  |
| B2  | Earthquake parameters for Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.....                                       | 76  |
| B3  | Earthquake parameters for Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.....   | 88  |
| B4  | Earthquake parameters for Kamchatka–Bering Subduction Zone unit sources.....  | 90  |
| B5  | Earthquake parameters for Kamchatka–Kuril–Japan–Izu–Mariana–Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.....                           | 92  |
| B6  | Earthquake parameters for Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.....                               | 100 |
| B7  | Earthquake parameters for New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.....  | 102 |
| B8  | Earthquake parameters for New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.....                                      | 104 |
| B9  | Earthquake parameters for New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu Subduction Zone unit sources.....                                    | 108 |
| B10 | Earthquake parameters for New Zealand–Puysegur Subduction Zone unit sources.....  | 112 |
| B11 | Earthquake parameters for Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai Subduction Zone unit sources.....  | 114 |
| C1  | Maximum and minimum amplitudes at Newport, Oregon, warning point for synthetic and historical events tested using SIFT..... | 117 |



# Foreword

**S**EVERAL PACIFIC OCEAN BASIN tsunamis have been recognized as a potential hazard to United States coastal communities since the mid-twentieth century, when multiple destructive tsunamis caused damage to the states of Hawaii, Alaska, California, Oregon, and Washington. In response to these events, the United States, under the auspices of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), established the Pacific and Alaska Tsunami Warning Centers, dedicated to protecting United States interests from the threat posed by tsunamis. NOAA also created a tsunami research program at the Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) to develop improved warning products.

The scale of destruction and unprecedented loss of life following the December 2004 Sumatra tsunami served as the catalyst to refocus efforts in the United States on reducing tsunami vulnerability of coastal communities, and on 20 December 2006, the United States Congress passed the “Tsunami Warning and Education Act” under which education and warning activities were thereafter specified and mandated. A “tsunami forecasting capability based on models and measurements, including tsunami inundation models and maps” is a central component for the protection of United States coastlines from the threat posed by tsunamis. The forecasting capability for each community described in the PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series is the result of collaboration between the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research, National Weather Service, National Ocean Service, National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service, the University of Washington’s Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean, National Science Foundation, and United States Geological Survey.

NOAA Center for Tsunami Research



# *PMEL Tsunami Forecast Series: Vol. 5*

## A Tsunami Forecast Model for Newport, Oregon

M. Eble<sup>2</sup> and NCTR Staff<sup>1,2</sup>

**Abstract.** The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has developed a tsunami forecast model for Newport, Oregon, as part of an effort to provide tsunami forecasts for United States coastal communities. The forecast model is a set of nested grids constructed by incrementally subsampling and smoothing a reference high-resolution digital elevation model. During this process, forecast model results were monitored for deviations from those computed with the more accurate, higher-resolution model. Validation and stability testing of the tsunami forecast model developed for this economically important and populous coastal community was conducted to ensure model performance and robustness across a suite of scenarios. A total of six historical tsunami events and 16 synthetically generated mega-tsunami (Mw 9.3) events around the Pacific Basin were used for validation and stability testing of the Newport forecast model. Validation results show that model output track observed data within an expected accuracy tolerance, thus providing a quantitative estimate of the tsunami time series, inundation, and runup at Newport for tested events. In addition to robustness, reproducibility of results was verified by comparing 2009 development results with those attained during end-to-end operational system testing performed in 2013. The differences noted in this report are attributed to the Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST) numerical code updates made after the Newport model was developed (2004) and updated (2009). Of greatest significance, 2013 test results more accurately compare with observations during the Tohoku tsunami than the earlier development results. Overall, validation results combined with benchmarking show that the forecast model developed for Newport consistently generates 4 hr of tsunami simulation in significantly less than 10 min of CPU time without compromising forecast results for all scenarios tested.

## 1. Background and Objectives

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Center for Tsunami Research (NCTR) at the NOAA Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) has developed a tsunami forecasting capability for operational use by NOAA's two Tsunami Warning Centers located in Hawaii and Alaska (Titov et al., 2005). The capability is contained within an application suite designed to quickly and efficiently provide accurate basin-wide warnings of approaching tsunami waves. Termed Short-term Inundation Forecast of Tsunamis (SIFT), the application combines a graphical user interface with data ingestion and numerical models to produce estimates of tsunami wave arrival times, amplitudes, and inundation or flooding at each of the coastal communities prioritized by the National

---

1 Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean (JISAO), University of Washington, Seattle, WA

2 NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL), Seattle, WA

Weather Service Tsunami Warning Centers in partnership with state emergency managers. The SIFT system integrates several key components: deep-ocean observations of tsunamis in real time, a basin-wide precomputed propagation database of water level and flow velocities based on potential seismic unit sources, an inversion or fitting algorithm to refine the tsunami source based on the observations during an event, and tsunami forecast models, alternatively known as Standby Inundation Models (SIMs).

The tsunami forecast model for Newport, Oregon, is one of 75 developed to forecast tsunami impact at populous and/or economically or logistically important communities located along the Pacific and Atlantic ocean coasts and along coasts of the Caribbean Sea. Situated on the north central coast of Oregon, Newport is approximately 210 km south of the Oregon border with Washington State and approximately 215 km southwest of the city of Portland. Yaquina Bay and Estuary form a natural divide between Newport proper and the marina district. Most of Newport's residential population of approximately 9500 (Census, 2000) live in Newport proper, north of Yaquina Bay, in close proximity to city services and infrastructure. Seasonally, the population of Newport increases significantly due to its popularity as a seaside tourist destination. Tourism and a vibrant fishing industry dominate the Newport area economy. At the mouth of Yaquina Bay sits Yaquina Head, on which a 28 m tall lighthouse has stood since 1873. Yaquina Head draws hikers and tide pool enthusiasts. The bay front area along the north shore of Yaquina Bay, including historic Nye Beach, is both a major tourist destination and home to the largest commercial fishing fleet in Oregon. Catches of Dungeness crab, Albacore tuna, Pacific whiting, shrimp, halibut, as well as great varieties of rockfish routinely pass through the Port of Newport. In addition, the port area serves as a recreational center for fishing, boating, and other waterfront activities. South of the Yaquina Bridge is the South Beach area, where the Oregon Coast Aquarium is co-located with NOAA's Hatfield Marine Science Center and Marine Operations Center – Pacific. The renowned Oregon Coast Aquarium draws visitors from around the world. Recently constructed and occupied, the NOAA Marine Operations Center – Pacific is homeport to four NOAA research vessels and supports additional vessels homeported in Hawaii and Alaska. The historic bridge across Yaquina Bay is itself revered as an artwork and recognized as a critical link in the Oregon coastal transportation system. Oregon Highway 101, the main roadway along the Oregon Coast, crosses the historic Yaquina Bay Bridge, and the junction with Oregon Highway 20, one of the main connections between the coast and the Willamette Valley, is just north of the bridge. Aerial views of Yaquina Bay in **Figure 1** show the potential vulnerability to tsunami impact of the low-lying South Beach area (in the foreground of **Figure 1a**) and the historic Nye Beach district along the opposite shore of the Yaquina River. The Yaquina Bay Bridge spans the river mouth and serves as the single connecting point between the city of Newport and South Beach.

Newport supports a large population, relies heavily on tourism, and supports commercial fishing and timber industries, all vital to both regional and state economies. The objective of this report is to detail development of the Newport tsunami forecast model. This model is used in near real time to protect the community from the potential impact posed by a tsunami if generated.



## 2. Forecast Methodology

The general methodology for modeling tsunami impact along coastal areas, including Newport, Oregon, is to computationally propagate tsunami waves across a set of three nested grids (A, B, and C), each of which is successively finer in resolution, moving from offshore to onshore. Within the finest resolution grid C, the nearshore details are resolved to the point that model output can be directly compared with tide gauge observations. The C grid, then, serves as the basis for the National Weather Service to operationally provide an estimate of wave arrival time, wave amplitude, and simulation of wave inundation onto dry land before tsunami waves reach a coastline.

Development of the operational tsunami forecast grid set starts with construction, by either the NOAA National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) or NCTR, of a relatively high-resolution (typically 1/3-arc-sec, ~7-m) digital elevation model using all bathymetry and topography data available at the time of construction. Data from federal and state government, university, and private sources are incorporated into a large spatial extent area in order to reproduce wave dynamics along the coastline for which inundation is to be computed. A high-resolution baseline set of grids with typical resolution on the order of 2/3 arc sec (~14 m) is then developed from the digital elevation model. Since accurate forecasting of tsunami impact along a coastline relies not only on grid resolution but also on numerical computation, the high-resolution grid set is not used operationally. This is because a resolution of 2/3 arc sec, although coarser than the 1/3-arc-sec digital elevation model, still requires a significant amount of run time in which to complete tsunami wave simulation. Rather, once developed, the high-resolution grid set, or model, is used as reference for development of the more computationally efficient tsunami forecast grid set, or model. Hereafter referred to as the “reference forecast model,” the high-resolution model is iteratively reduced in size, and resolution is further coarsened by subsampling and smoothing to maximize tsunami forecast model grid resolution while decreasing numerical run time. The trade-off between high resolution and computation time presents a significant challenge during tsunami forecast model development but is necessary in order to produce a set of grids that will meet operational requirements to provide 4 hr of tsunami simulation within 10 min of wall-clock time. For this reason, tsunami forecast models are often referred to as “optimized” models. The overarching goal is to maximize the amount of time that an at-risk community has to react to a tsunami threat by providing accurate information quickly.

Each of the 75 community-specific tsunami forecast grid sets, or models, developed and reported in this technical report series collectively represent one element of the NOAA operational forecast capability. The complete forecast methodology incorporates additional elements in order to operationally propagate tsunami waves across tsunami forecast grids and provide both rapid and accurate estimates of wave arrival time, wave height, and inundation immediately after a tsunami has been generated. Combined, these elements form the SIFT application

developed jointly by NCTR and National Weather Service. Specifically, a precomputed tsunami propagation database, deep-ocean observations, a numerical model for computation, and a graphical user interface are the remaining elements that round out the forecast methodology.

The propagation database element consists of water elevations and flow velocities precomputed for a continuous series of  $50 \times 100$  (km) unit sources along all known subduction zones within each ocean basin. Gica et al. (2008) provide details of database generation. Complimentary to the database, the observation element serves to constrain numerical computation to the actual tsunami rather than to the earthquake mechanism. As tsunami waves propagate across the ocean, observations at Deep-ocean Assessment and Recording of Tsunamis (DART<sup>®</sup>) and equivalent international tsunameter platforms are ingested into the SIFT application in near real time. High quality, deep-ocean observations from other technologies may at some time provide additional constraints. The actual tsunami as observed in the deep ocean where it is free of nonlinear processes is compared with sea surface elevation computed solely from original earthquake source parameters through an inversion, or fitting, algorithm. The result is an observation-constrained estimate of the tsunami source; in other words, identification of propagation databases unit sources that best reproduce the observed tsunami waves. These database unit sources are then linearly combined to produce synthetic boundary conditions of water elevation and flow velocities to initiate the tsunami forecast computations.

The Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST) numerical model is used in the SIFT application as the numerical computation element. MOST is a suite of numerical simulation codes capable of simulating three processes of tsunami evolution: generation, transoceanic propagation, and inundation of dry land. Tsunami wavelengths are significantly larger than the water depth through which they propagate so the underlying physics are governed by the shallow water equations. Consequently, in the deep ocean, speed is approximated as:

$$S \approx \text{SQRT}(d \times g),$$

where  $S$  is speed of tsunami propagation,  $d$  is water depth, and  $g$  is acceleration due to gravity ( $\sim 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ ).

The MOST model has been verified for applicability to tsunami modeling with extensive testing against a number of laboratory experiments and benchmarks (Synolakis et al., 2008; National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program, 2012). In addition, tsunami forecast models developed for use with MOST have been successfully used for simulations of many historical tsunami events. In particular, events impacting the Pacific Ocean Basin after individual tsunami forecast models have been developed have been used to show individual and collective model accuracy and efficiency (Titov and González, 1997; Titov et al., 2005; Titov, 2009; Tang et al., 2009; Wei et al., 2008). Comparison of model forecasts with observations at deep-ocean and coastal tide gauge locations, and with inundation survey results after each successive tsunami event, continue to show the robustness of individual methodology elements as well as that of the collective application. Of specific interest, these results continue to validate the Newport tsunami forecast model for use in both real-time forecasting and scientific research applications.

### 3. Model Development

A 1/3 arc-sec (~7 m resolution) digital elevation model for Newport, Oregon, was constructed and completed on 28 September 2004 by the NCTR. The “best available” bathymetric, topographic, and coastal shoreline data at the time of development were used to construct this model. Data were compiled from a variety of sources, including the NGDC, the NOAA National Ocean Service (NOS), the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS), the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the Oregon Bureau of Land Management, the NOAA Coastal Services Center, and the Oregon Geospatial Data Clearinghouse. A more detailed discussion of the bathymetric and topographic data used to construct the digital elevation model, and how these data were processed, is provided in Section 3.3.

Following digital elevation model construction, three high-resolution reference grids were developed. Due to the limited extent of the 1/3-arc-sec digital elevation model, only the highest-resolution C grid was developed from this grid. The larger but coarser A and B grids were developed independently using data further discussed in Section 3.3. Once developed, the reference grids were duplicated and then iteratively subsampled. At each coarsening iteration, results were compared with those from the reference model and with observations to ensure that forecast model results remained consistent with the reference model, and that both retained accuracy sufficient for operational use. The resultant set of subsampled grids, the Newport tsunami forecast model, was tested for stability and performance on both the developer server and through the operational SIFT forecast system. Upon testing completion, the Newport tsunami forecast model was transitioned to the National Weather Service for incorporation into NOAA’s two Tsunami Warning Centers in Hawaii and Alaska. Specifics of the Newport tsunami forecast model development and testing results are discussed in Section 4 of this report.

#### 3.1 Forecast area

Newport is a city located on the west coast of the continental U.S. along the north central coast of Oregon State. The population center of the city lies to the north of the Yaquina Bay Estuary formed at the mouth of the Yaquina River, where the river flows into the Pacific Ocean. The region that includes Newport is dominated by the Yaquina River and its network of tributaries. Newport and the city of Toledo, ~30 m upriver, are the sole incorporated cities within the watershed (<http://oregonexplorer.info/northcoast/NorthCoastWatersheds/YaquinaWatershed>). Due to a large marsh, the estuary is an important breeding ground and habitat for a large variety of waterfowl and migratory birds (Oregon Coast Aquarium, 2010). As shown in **Figure 2**, this geomorphology poses a challenge for ensuring the well being of the populace and protecting the infrastructure so vitally important to the local and state economies. An evacuation map developed from hazard assessment modeling for the southern portion of Newport by the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries, shown in **Figure 3**, graphically shows this challenge.

The Yaquina Estuary is closely coupled with the Pacific Ocean offshore of Newport. The estuarine area is approximately 4329 acres, with the contributing watershed calculated to be 655 square km (Audubon Society of Portland, 2014). Geographically, a narrow channel connects the main inland portion of the estuary with the Pacific Ocean. Multiple embayments and channels distinguish the estuary from the upstream Yaquina River. The tidal influence is large and typically extends to river mile 26. The Oregon Coastal Management program has classified the estuary as a deep draft estuary, with jetties and a main channel that are both maintained. A channel depth of approximately 7 m is maintained by the USACE to ensure commercial and recreational watercraft navigation. The large extent of waterways and estuarine environments provide numerous pathways for tsunami impact along the Newport and South Beach coast, so care was taken to represent these within the limits of resolution during development of the Newport tsunami forecast model.

### 3.2 Historical events and coastal water level observations

The city of Newport does not contain within its boundaries a dedicated water level sensor. Instead, NOS established a tide gauge station at South Beach on the Yaquina River in 1967. Maintenance and usage considerations over the years resulted in relocation, and, in December 1990, the currently occupied tide gauge location of 124.04167°W longitude, 44.6250°N latitude was established. Along with physical location, hardware and software have been updated over the years. Changes in sampling interval have resulted in dissemination of increasingly higher-resolution data for use by operational staff and researchers. The once commonly reported 6-min sampling interval was decreased to 1 min. A secondary unit additionally provides 15-sec data upon manual interrogation of tide gauges at most Pacific Basin locations and those at specific Atlantic and Caribbean locations. Reporting of a tide gauge or other water level sensor has also undergone revision over the years. Historically, the electronics housing location alone was recorded and served as the published location for the tide gauge sensor. At some locations, however, the tide gauge and electronics housing are separated by as much as 100 m or more, so NOS now accurately records the position of both the tide gauge and the electronics housing obtained separately from GPS fixes. The South Beach water level sensor and electronics are in close proximity of one another and so occupy the same tsunami forecast model grid unit. At this tide gauge location, mean water level is recorded to be 2.8 m (9.2 ft) and mean high water recorded at 3.8 m (12.40 ft). The average tidal excursion is recorded as 1.9 m (6.27 ft).

Tsunami water level data were available for validation of the Newport tsunami forecast model during six of 11 historical events chosen for testing. All 11 events are listed in **Table 1**. Events were chosen to maximize representation of basin-wide seismic sources and to balance earthquake magnitude range with observation availability. Event epicenters, therefore, are distributed around the Pacific Basin, as shown graphically in **Figure 4**. Before validation of tsunami forecast model predicted water level time series, the observed time series was quality controlled. Outliers exceeding six standard deviations from a running mean were first eliminated from the entire tsunami event portion of the time series. The tidal

**Table 1.** Historical events used for validation of the Newport, Oregon, tsunami forecast model.

| Event           | Earthquake / Seismic                             |  |                  |  | Model   |                 |                |
|-----------------|--|--|------------------|--|---|-----------------|----------------|
|                 | USGS   |  | CMT              |  | Tsunami Magnitude <sup>1</sup>  | Subduction Zone | Tsunami Source |
|                 | Date Time (UTC)<br>Epicenter                     | Date Time (UTC)<br>Centroid            | Magnitude<br>Mw  |  |   |                 |                |
| 1946 Unimak     | 01 Apr 12:28:56<br>52.75°N 163.50°W              |  | <sup>2</sup> 8.5 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ)              | 7.5 × b23 + 19.7 × b24 +<br>3.7 × b25   |                 |                |
| 1960 Chile      | 22 May 19:11:14<br><sup>3</sup> 38.29°S 74.50°W  |  | <sup>4</sup> 9.5 | Central-South America (CSSZ)                 | Kanamori and Cipar (1974)   |                 |                |
| 1964 Alaska     | 28 Mar 03:36:00<br><sup>3</sup> 61.02°N 147.65°W |  | <sup>3</sup> 9.2 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ)              | a34 × 15.4 + a35 × 19.4 +<br>z34 × 48.3 + b34 × 18.3 +<br>b35 × 15.1  |                 |                |
| 1994 East Kuril | 04 Oct 13:22:58<br>43.73°N 147.321°E             | 04 Oct 13:23:28.5<br>43.60°N 147.63°E  | <sup>5</sup> 8.3 | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | 9.0 × a20   |                 |                |
| 1996 Andreanof  | 10 Jun 04:03:35<br>51.56°N 175.39°W              | 10 Jun 04:04:03.4<br>51.10°N 177.410°W | <sup>5</sup> 7.9 | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia (ACSZ)              | 2.40 × a15 + 0.80 × b16   |                 |                |
| 2006 Tonga      | 03 May 15:26:39<br>20.13°S 174.161°W             | 03 May 15:27:03.7<br>20.39°S 173.47°W  | <sup>5</sup> 8.0 | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga (NTSZ)            | 6.6 × b29   |                 |                |
| 2006 Kuril      | 15 Nov 11:14:16<br>46.607°N 153.230°E            | 15 Nov 11:15:08<br>46.71°N 154.33°E    | <sup>5</sup> 8.3 | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | <sup>6</sup> 4 × a12 + 0.5 × b12 +<br>2 × a13 + 1.5 × b13   |                 |                |
| 2007 Kuril      | 13 Jan 04:23:20<br>46.272°N 154.455°E            | 13 Jan 04:23:48.1<br>46.17°N 154.80°E  | <sup>5</sup> 8.1 | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap (KISZ) | -3.64 × b13   |                 |                |
| 2007 Solomon    | 01 Apr 20:39:56<br>8.481°S 156.978°E             | 01 Apr 20:40:38.9<br>7.76°S 156.34°E   | <sup>3</sup> 8.1 | New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu (NVSZ)          | 12.0 × b10  |                 |                |
| 2009 Samoa      | 29 Sep 17:48:10<br>15.509°S 172.034°W            | 29 Sep 17:48:26.8<br>15.13°S 171.97°W  | <sup>5</sup> 8.1 | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga (NTSZ)            | <sup>6</sup> 3.96 × a34 + 3.96 × b34  |                 |                |
| 2010 Chile      | 27 Feb 06:34:14<br>35.909°S 72.733°W             | 27 Feb 06:35:15.4<br>35.95°S 73.15°W   | <sup>5</sup> 8.8 | Central-South America (CSSZ)                 | <sup>6</sup> a88 × 17.24 + a90 × 8.82 +<br>b88 × 11.86 + b89 × 18.39 +<br>b90 × 16.75 + z88 × 20.78 +<br>z90 × 7.06 |                 |                |

<sup>1</sup> Preliminary source – derived from source and deep-ocean observations

<sup>2</sup> López and Okal (2006)

<sup>3</sup> United States Geological Survey (USGS)

<sup>4</sup> Kanamori and Cipar (1974)

<sup>5</sup> Centroid Moment Tensor

<sup>6</sup> Tsunami source was obtained in real time and applied to the forecast

signal that dominates each record was then removed by filtering. A 3-hr (180-min) low-pass filter was applied to eliminate non-tidal frequencies. An 8-min low-pass filter was applied to eliminate background noise, the source of which is due to a combination of ambient environmental and instrumental characteristics. During some events, 15-sec data were available due to hardware upgrade so were uploaded directly from the South Beach tide gauge secondary unit by manually interrogating the unit via modem technology. These 15-sec data were decimated, or subsampled, after filtering to 1-min delta-t for direct comparison with predictions, provided at a 1-min interval consistently for all of the events.

### 3.3 Bathymetry and topography

Accurate bathymetry and topography are crucial for development of the reference and forecast models, especially for predicting inundation of the nearshore environment. Ideally, the digital elevation model serves as the basis for each of the three nested grids, A, B, and C. In some regions, however, the digital elevation model does not encompass all three of the desired grid extents, so A and possibly B grids need to be constructed separately. The extent of the 1/3-arc-sec merged bathymetric and topographic digital elevation model constructed for Newport included only the C grid. Specific to digital elevation model and C-grid development, data sources include 5-m Aircraft Laser/GPS Mapping Light Detection and Ranging (LIDAR) data from the USGS National Elevation Dataset and Digital Orthophoto Quads from NOS hydrographic surveys. Hydrographic surveys conducted in 127, 1928, and 1953 from the NOAA NGDC Geophysical Data Management System (GEODAS) and USACW datasets consisting of surveys in 2002, 2003, and 2004 were used for development. More accurate data collected later superseded older dataset segments in overlapping areas. The primary limiting factors during construction were scale, and age and resolution of the surveys. Each dataset went through a stringent quality-control procedure by respective originators prior to dissemination. Topographic datasets were analyzed individually and in relation to one another. Vegetation and man-made structures were removed from LIDAR data by visual analysis with orthophotos. The bathymetric and topographic grids were merged into a single grid and further assessed for quality, with an eye toward systematic errors and logical consistency. The grid is referenced in the vertical to the U.S. base elevation standard, the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88), and to the North American Datum 1983 in the horizontal. The resultant digital elevation model, shown in **Figure 5**, has an extent of latitude 44.7000–44.5400°N, longitude 124.0000–124.1500°W. Latitudinally, the grid has an even spacing of 61.8 m, or 2.0 arc sec. The longitudinal spacing is also even, but the delta is ~58.7 m, or 2.7 arc sec. The central grid position is latitude 44.6170°N; longitude 124.0670°W. The grid in Environmental Systems Research Institute ArcGIS raster format is available for download from either the NGDC or from the Oregon Department of Geology web sites. For the A and B grids, the best data available in 2004 were gathered for Newport and vicinity in order to increase the extents necessary to encompass the larger B grid and the regional A grid. A 6-arc-sec Oregon coast grid and a 36-arc-sec Pacific Northwest grid were combined, resampled, and error-checked to extend the domain for the desired grid extents.

The reference model was designed to encompass a large region. Extending from south of Vancouver Island and the Strait of Juan de Fuca to the southern geographical boundary of Oregon, the A grid covers a sizable geographic region. The offshore extent reaches a maximum depth of 4000 m. The reference B grid extends from southwest Washington in the north to Waldport, Oregon, in the south. Offshore, the B grid extends to a maximum depth of 500 m. The reference C grid extends from Seaside, Oregon, in the north, to just north of Ona Beach State Park, Oregon. The maximum offshore depth within the reference C grid is 60 m. In order to expedite tsunami forecasts for operational use, the latitudinal extents of each grid were reduced. The A grid northern boundary was moved from Vancouver Island to southwest Washington, and the B grid was clipped along its northern boundary. The northern extent of southwest Washington was relocated south to Seaside, Oregon. For both A and B grids, resolution and maximum offshore depth remained the same as that of the corresponding reference grid. In order to compute inundation within required time limits, the forecast model C grid was geographically reduced and the resolution was decreased from 1/3 arc sec to 2.7 arc sec in the  $x$  direction (longitude) and 2.0 arc second in  $y$  (latitude). The final extents of the Newport tsunami forecast model grids are as follows. The A grid extends from latitude 43.99–45.00°N and longitude 123.00–127.00°W. In latitude, the grid is an evenly spaced 1113.2 m, equating to 36.0 arc sec. In longitude, the grid is again evenly spaced with an interval of ~790 m, equating to 36.0 arc sec. The extent of the B grid is 44.45–44.80°N latitude, 123.95–124.3°W longitude. The spacing of this grid in latitude is an even 185.6 m, or 6 arc sec. In longitude, the grid is again evenly spaced with an interval of ~132 m, or 6 arc sec. The grid extents for both the Newport reference and tsunami forecast models are summarized in **Table 2**. In addition, all extents are shown graphically in **Figures 6** and **7**.

In 2008, the NGDC completed construction of a central Oregon digital elevation model that included Newport. For the most part, bathymetric, topographic, and shoreline data incorporated into this 2008 digital elevation model overlap with data listed above and used in construction of the 2004 digital elevation model by the NCTR. The 2008 model, however, included LIDAR data acquired along the Newport shoreline after 2004. The LIDAR survey extensively covered the coastline along the full extent of the grid so represented a significant source of new data. The vertical datum, or base elevation reference point, for each digital elevation model is the same NAVD88. Carignan et al. (2009) provide details of the Central Oregon digital elevation model constructed by the NGDC.

The differences between the digital elevation model constructed by the NCTR in 2004 and that constructed by the NGDC in 2008 were examined to determine if redevelopment of the tsunami forecast model was warranted. The differences, shown graphically in **Figure 8**, are confined to the shoreline where LIDAR data were added in 2008. Specifically, the 2008 digital elevation model shows laser pulse light particle scatter returns that reflect coastal vegetation. The 2008 grid, therefore, was not corrected to bare earth, so the 2004 digital elevation model remains an appropriate basis for tsunami forecast model development. Therefore, redevelopment of the tsunami forecast model using the 2008 digital elevation model is not warranted at the time of this Newport tsunami forecast model report publication.

**Table 2:** MOST setup of the reference and forecast models for Newport, Oregon.

| Grid                           | Region           | Reference Model                  |                     |               |                       | Forecast Model                   |                     |               |                       |
|--------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
|                                |                  | Coverage<br>Lat [°N]<br>Lon [°W] | Cell<br>Size<br>[ ] | nx<br>×<br>ny | Time<br>Step<br>[sec] | Coverage<br>Lat [°N]<br>Lon [°W] | Cell<br>Size<br>[ ] | nx<br>×<br>ny | Time<br>Step<br>[sec] |
| A                              | San Juan de Fuca | 48.99–43.0<br>128–123.01         | 36×36               | 500×600       | 3.6                   | 45.99–43.99<br>127–123           | 36×36               | 401×201       | 2.7                   |
| B                              | Central Oregon   | 45.889–44.360<br>124.5–123.5     | 6×6                 | 600×918       | 1.8                   | 44.797–44.448<br>124.3–123.952   | 6×6                 | 210×210       | 2.7                   |
| C                              | Newport          | 44.700–44.540<br>124.150–124.0   | 1.35×1.33           | 405×432       | 0.6                   | 44.660–44.5402<br>124.12–124.001 | 2.7×2               | 162×216       | 2.7                   |
| Minimum offshore depth [m]     |                  |                                  | 5                   |               | 5                     |                                  |                     |               |                       |
| Water depth for dry land [m]   |                  |                                  | 0.1                 |               | 0.1                   |                                  |                     |               |                       |
| Friction coefficient ( $n^2$ ) |                  |                                  | 0.0009              |               | 0.0009                |                                  |                     |               |                       |
| CPU time for a 4-hr simulation |                  |                                  | 87 min              |               | 87 min                |                                  |                     |               |                       |

Computations were performed on a single Intel Xeon processor at 3.6 GHz, Dell PowerEdge 1850.

### 3.4 Model setup

The MOST suite of numerical codes is used in forecast model development and operationally to provide an estimate of tsunami amplitude, first wave arrival time, and inundation of normally dry land (Titov and González, 1997; Synolakis et al., 2007; Tang et al., 2009). MOST is a finite difference method that takes input from a precomputed propagation-run database and, subsequently, via a series of nested grids, resolves the nearshore bathymetry and topography to provide forecasts at coastal locations. Adjustable parameters, including time step interval and number, nearshore wet/dry boundary depth, coarse wet/dry boundary depth, friction (Manning roughness coefficient), output time, grid size, grid resolution, and grid position, provide location-specific flexibility throughout forecast model development. Once tested, these parameters remain fixed from run to run, under the assumption that the parameters and features are likely location-dependent. Specifically, each location possesses unique bathymetric and topographic characteristics that must be adequately accounted for. The set of model parameters used for the Newport reference and forecast models are provided in **Table 2** along with grid extents, previously described. The actual run files for each are given in Appendix A.



## 4. Results and Discussion

### 4.1 Model validation

Eleven historical tsunami events were modeled for Newport, Oregon, to test the performance of the reference and forecast models developed for operational use. Source details for each of these events are provided in **Table 1**. Observations at the South Beach tide gauge recorded during the 1994 Kuril, 1996 Andreanof Islands, 2006 Kuril, 2007 Kuril, 2009 Samoa, and 2010 Chile events were used to validate model predictions. Tsunami forecast model predictions were compared with those of the reference model for the 11 historical events, and also with tide gauge observations during each of the six events identified above. Maximum expected tsunami wave height within the C grid and the time series predicted at the tide gauge by the reference and forecast models for the 11 historical events are plotted in **Figures 9–19**; event-specific tide gauge observations are plotted as a third time series in the six corresponding event figures.

Maximum tsunami wave height maps for the 11 historical events show that the reference model consistently predicts slightly higher tsunami wave amplitudes than predicted by the forecast model. This suggests a loss of wave energy as the tsunami propagates across the lower-resolution forecast model grids. The highest amplitudes occur along the coast, most typically south of the Newport breakwater, and not inside Yaquina Bay. For all events, the reference and forecast model results are visually well correlated in prediction of first wave arrival time and magnitude. Later waves are less correlated, possibly due to the effect of differing bathymetries and grid resolutions on waves as they reflect and refract within the C-grid domain. There is, however, generally good agreement in the amplitude of later waves predicted by the reference and forecast models.

The 1946 Unimak earthquake, at a magnitude of Mw 8.5, generated the earliest of the 11 historical tsunamis modeled. Of these events, Unimak is the fourth largest in terms of earthquake magnitude and third largest in terms of predicted response at the South Beach tide gauge. Results, presented in **Figure 9**, show generally good agreement between reference and forecast model predictions. Ocean maxima, however, are noted as being higher from the reference model than the forecast model. Amplitudes predicted by both models inside the breakwater are similar in magnitude. Wave amplitudes predicted by the reference and forecast models at the South Beach tide gauge (**Figure 9**, lower panel) are well correlated, with maximum wave amplitudes predicted to be approximately 0.25 m.

The 1960 Chile (**Figure 10**) and 1964 Alaska (**Figure 11**) events are the largest in terms of both magnitude and impact of the 11 historical events modeled and presented here. (Note that the maximum wave color map used for both of these figures has been “pushed” so that details within the bay are visually identifiable.) As **Figure 10** shows, the largest waves predicted by the reference and forecast models along the open ocean coastline for the 1960 Chile tsunami show consistency. As was the case for the 1946 Unimak event, the reference model predicts

slightly higher maxima than predicted by the forecast model, at approximately 1.5 and 1.2 m, respectively. Upstream the river mouth and inside Yaquina Bay, the maximum wave amplitudes are roughly half of those predicted in the open ocean: specifically, 0.7 and 0.6 m, respectively, so the difference between reference and forecast model predictions is less. At the tide gauge location, the two predicted time series agree well in timing and magnitude, with the main difference being the lower drawdown in the reference model prediction. The observed maximum amplitude of 0.61 m (NGDC, 2009) is reproduced by both the reference and forecast models. For the 1964 Alaska tsunami, the reference and forecast models predict maximum offshore wave amplitudes in excess of 2 m. Maxima inside Yaquina Bay are predicted to be 1.4 m by the reference model and 1.7 m by the forecast model. For this event, the forecast model produces slightly higher amplitudes inside the bay than those predicted by the reference model. At the Newport tide gauge location, the amplitude of 0.3 m is reported by NGDC (2009) during the 1964 event. At first glance, this appears to represent a significant discrepancy from the ~1 m maximum amplitude predicted by both reference and forecast models. However, the location of the tide gauge was moved in 1967, three years after the 1964 Alaska event, so the grid cell from which predictions are extracted is not representative of the 1964 observation. In addition, the NGDC wave amplitude is approximated as  $\frac{1}{2}$  wave height (peak to adjacent wave trough). The data base amplitude, then, is not a maximum but rather an average, so conclusions cannot be drawn from direct comparison.

The 1996 Andreanof Islands and 2006 Tonga historical events are the smallest of the 11 modeled in both magnitude and impact at Newport. Model predictions and tide gauge observations for the 1996 Andreanof Islands event, plotted in **Figure 12**, show agreement between reference and forecast model predictions for signals in which identification of the tsunami is difficult. For this event and some others, local background energy, or “noise,” results in a signal-to-noise ratio that is too low to clearly determine when the “initial” wave arrives. Results of modeling the 2006 Tonga event are shown in **Figure 13**. Predicted maximum waves along the open beaches are on order 0.17 m and less than 0.10 m within Yaquina Bay. Reference and forecast model predicted time series, shown in the lower panel, are well matched for the initial three waves.

The three historical Kuril events of 1994, 2006, and 2007 were each generated by earthquakes of moderate magnitude. As shown in **Figure 4**, the 1994 and 2006 tsunamis were generated by magnitude Mw 8.3 earthquakes but were located along different sections of the Kuril subduction zone. The 2007 tsunami was generated by a magnitude Mw 8.1 earthquake but the source was co-located with that of the 2006 event. Results for the more eastern 1994 Kuril event, presented in **Figure 14**, show consistency between reference and forecast model predictions. Inside Yaquina Bay, both models predict maxima less than 0.15 m. A comparison of model-predicted time series with tide gauge observations shows agreement in maximum amplitude but a lag in the timing of model results. The difference in travel time may be due, in part, to the actual tsunami source being in a different location than that defined within the  $50 \times 100$  km unit source block(s) selected. For the 2006 event, results, presented in **Figure 15**, show predictions approaching 0.20 m along the open coast within the reference model C grid. Predictions from

the forecast model are generally lower along the open coast. Observations at the tide gauge appear to show under-prediction by both the reference and forecast models, but all records, predicted and observed alike, are quite noisy. When results are compared with time series observations during the 1994 event, reference and forecast models more closely predict the maximum amplitude observed during the 1994 event than they predict for the larger maximum amplitude observed during the 2006 event. However, forecast model predictions mirror those of the reference model for the first waves and throughout the time series for both events. For the 2007 Kuril event, results predicted by both the reference and forecast models are 0.10–0.15 m along the open coast and negligible inside Yaquina Bay, as shown in **Figure 16**. Observations at the tide gauge appear to show larger amplitude waves, but this may be misleading as predicted and observed records are both noisy. The smaller amplitudes predicted for the 2007 are consistent with this event being smaller in magnitude than the 1994 and 2006 events. Overall, model predictions for all three events are consistent in showing higher waves along the open coast within the C grid and lower waves inside Yaquina Bay. Reference and forecast model predictions for the same magnitude 1994 and 2006 events are well correlated and are also consistent in prediction of impact that both events have on Newport. This may be an indication that magnitude overrides exact location for determining impact at Newport along the Kuril subduction zone.

The 2009 Samoa and 2010 Chile historical events are significantly different in terms of magnitude but similar in terms of impact at Newport. The impact range, as observed in the time series plots in **Figures 17** and **18**, is between  $\pm 0.1$  m. The **Figure 17** upper panel maps show that for the Samoa event, amplitude maxima predicted by the reference and forecast models are consistent with one another. The maximum amplitude at the tide gauge is approximately 0.8 m in both predicted and observed time series. Modeling results for the 2010 Chile event are presented in **Figure 18**. The forecast model predicts wave heights of approximately 0.2 m along the open coast while the reference model predicts waves on order 0.3 m. Maximum wave heights predicted by the two models within Yaquina Bay are better matched. For both events, time series at the tide gauge show temporal offsets between predicted and observed. Predictions lead observations by approximately 12 min for 2010 Chile and by approximately 9 min for 2009 Samoa. These time shifts, as mentioned previously, hint at an inexact source location within a  $50 \times 100$  km unit source block.

The last of the historical events modeled and presented here is the 2007 Solomon Islands event. Generated by a moderate, magnitude Mw 8.1 earthquake, the impact to Newport is shown in **Figure 19**. Along the Newport coastline, the reference model predicts significantly larger maximum waves than those predicted by the forecast model. Within Yaquina Bay, the reference model predicts a higher response than the forecast model, but at the time series, predictions by the two models are well correlated in both magnitude and time. Observations at the tide gauge for this event are not available for direct comparison.

## 4.2 Model robustness and stability

Historical tsunamis provide only a limited number of events, generated from a limited number of source locations. More comprehensive test cases of destructive tsunamis with full basin directionalities are needed to check the tsunami forecast model stability and robustness. Therefore, 19 synthetic Mw 9.3 mega-tsunamis, one Mw 7.5 synthetic scenario, and one synthetic Mw 6.6 micro-tsunami scenario, as listed in **Table 3**, were selected for further testing. These scenarios originate from unit source combinations around the Pacific Ocean Basin and along the South American coast. The spatial coverage of the scenarios is shown **Figure 20**, in which all scenarios are plotted relative to one another. The sources used as input to the computational grids for this phase of testing are the Pacific Basin subset of sources from a worldwide propagation database developed by the NCTR (Gica et al., 2008). Details of these Pacific Basin unit sources are provided in Appendix B.

Predicted tsunami waves at the South Beach tide gauge and forecast model predicted wave maxima are shown in **Figures 21–41**. The forecast model remained stable during testing for all synthetic scenarios. Scenarios run using Alaska-Cascadia and Kuril-Kamchatka sources are projected to generate the largest waves impacting Newport, and as expected, the largest predicted waves result from a near-field mega-tsunami scenario along the Alaska-Cascadia Subduction Zone, specifically ACSZ 56–65 (**Figure 29**). This synthetic scenario exhibits extreme inundation south of the Yaquina Bay breakwaters and along Highway 101 to South Beach. Wave heights of 10 m are possible along the coast from this scenario. In the far field, the greatest impact at Newport is from a tsunami generated along the Kuril-Kamchatka Subduction Zone (**Figures 21–24**.) The impact to Newport from a tsunami generated by all remaining synthetic scenarios varies depending on magnitude and wave energy directionality from the source.

These and all specific results should be considered in the context of this report and should not be used as a proxy for a complete hazard assessment, which is more appropriately conducted using the reference model. Testing of the tsunami forecast model within the SIFT system was conducted to ensure that operational performance remained consistent with that observed on individual servers during development and testing. Differences in amplitude predictions between development model runs and operational system runs, noted in Appendix C, are due to MOST version updates made in the years after forecast model development. Predictions for Newport made during the 2011 Tohoku tsunami show closer agreement with tide gauge observations than would be expected of the model using the MOST version in use during development. Based on all test results presented in this report, the Newport tsunami forecast model can provide a 4-hr forecast of the first tsunami wave arrival time, wave amplitudes, and inundation of normally dry land within 10 min of wall-clock time, and, at an operationally appropriate accuracy.

**Table 3:** Synthetic tsunami events used in the forecast model testing for Newport, Oregon.

| <b>Scenario</b>                |              |                                       |                       | <b><math>\alpha</math></b> |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>No.</b>                     | <b>Name</b>  | <b>Source Zone</b>                    | <b>Tsunami Source</b> | <b>[m]</b>                 |
| <b>Mega-tsunami Scenario</b>   |              |                                       |                       |                            |
| 1                              | KISZ 1–10    | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | A1–10, B1–10          | 25                         |
| 2                              | KISZ 22–31   | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | A22–31, B22–31        | 25                         |
| 3                              | KISZ 32–41   | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | A32–41, B32–41        | 25                         |
| 4                              | KISZ 56–65   | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | A56–65, B56–65        | 25                         |
| 5                              | ACSZ 6–15    | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A6–15, B6–15          | 25                         |
| 6                              | ACSZ 16–25   | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A16–25, B16–25        | 25                         |
| 7                              | ACSZ 22–31   | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A22–31, B22–31        | 25                         |
| 8                              | ACSZ 50–59   | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A50–59, B50–59        | 25                         |
| 9                              | ACSZ 56–65   | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A56–65, B56–65        | 25                         |
| 10                             | CSSZ 1–10    | Central and South America             | A1–10, B1–10          | 25                         |
| 11                             | CSSZ 37–46   | Central and South America             | A37–46, B37–46        | 25                         |
| 12                             | CSSZ 89–98   | Central and South America             | A89–98, B89–98        | 25                         |
| 13                             | CSSZ 102–111 | Central and South America             | A102–111, B102–111    | 25                         |
| 14                             | NTSZ 30–39   | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga            | A30–39, B30–39        | 25                         |
| 15                             | NVSZ 28–37   | New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu          | A28–37, B28–37        | 25                         |
| 16                             | MOSZ 1–10    | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary     | A1–10, B1–10          | 25                         |
| 17                             | NGSZ 3–12    | North New Guinea                      | A3–12, B3–12          | 25                         |
| 18                             | EPSZ 6–15    | East Philippines                      | A6–15, B6–15          | 25                         |
| 19                             | RNSZ 12–21   | Ryukyu-Kyushu-Nankai                  | A12–21, B12–21        | 25                         |
| <b>Mw 7.5 Tsunami Scenario</b> |              |                                       |                       |                            |
| 20                             | NTSZ B36     | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga            | B36                   | 1                          |
| <b>Micro-tsunami Scenario</b>  |              |                                       |                       |                            |
| 21                             | ACSZ B6      | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | B6                    | 0.05                       |



## 5. Summary and Conclusions

A digital elevation model, a high-resolution reference model, and a tsunami forecast model were each developed for Newport, Oregon. The tsunami forecast model was developed by reducing reference model grid resolution in order to provide forecasts of tsunami wave amplitude, arrival time, and inundation within time constraints dictated by operational forecast requirements. Forecast model C-grid resolution is 2.7 arc sec longitudinally and 2.0 arc sec in latitude. The computational grids were derived from the best bathymetric and topographic source data available at the time of grid construction. Eleven historical events were simulated and tsunami forecast model performance was evaluated by comparing predicted results with both reference model results and observations at the South Beach tide gauge, when available, to validate the forecast model predictions. The stability and sensitivity of the model were tested with 16 Mw 9.3 synthetic tsunami scenarios originating from unit source combinations around the Pacific Ocean Basin and along the South American coast. The forecast model remained stable during testing for all synthetic scenarios. Scenarios run using Alaska-Cascadia and Kuril-Kamchatka sources are predicted to generate waves as high as 7 m. This and all specific results should be considered in the context of this report and should not be used as a proxy for a complete hazard assessment that is more appropriately conducted using the reference model. Testing of the tsunami forecast model within the operational SIFT system was conducted to ensure that operational performance remained consistent with that observed on individual servers during development and testing. Differences in amplitude predictions noted between development model runs and operational system runs, as presented in Appendix C, are due to MOST version updates made in the years after forecast model development. Predictions for Newport made during the Tohoku 2011 tsunami show closer agreement with tide gauge observations than would be expected of the model using the MOST version in use during development. Based on all test results presented in this report, the Newport tsunami forecast model can provide a 4-hr forecast of the first tsunami wave arrival time, wave amplitudes, and inundation of normally dry land within 10 min of wall-clock time, and at an operationally appropriate accuracy.

## 6. Acknowledgments

The authors wish to thank Dylan Righi for grid development and testing, Yong Wei for his assistance with model setup and troubleshooting, the team of Lindsey Wright, Nicolas Arcos, Katherine Burgess, and Nazila Merati for providing much appreciated comments and editorial assistance, and Burak Uslu for providing propagation database unit source information as well as the unit source graphics in Appendix B. The authors especially thank Ryan Layne Whitney and Sandra Bigley for technical assistance and for their thorough editorial review of the report draft versions generated over the course of many months. Collaborative contributions of the National Weather Service, the National Geophysical Data Center, the National Ocean Survey, and the National Data Buoy Center were invaluable.

The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration provided funding for all work culminating in the development of the Newport, Oregon, tsunami forecast model and report. This publication was partially funded by the Joint Institute for the Study of the Atmosphere and Ocean (JISAO) under NOAA Cooperative Agreement No. NA17RJ1232, JISAO Contribution No. 1771 and PMEL Contribution No. 3449.



## 7. References

- Audubon Society of Portland (2014): “Yaquina Bay.” The Audubon Society. <http://audubonportland.org/local-birding/iba/iba-map/yaquina>. Accessed 22 February 2014.
- Carignan, K.S., L.A. Taylor, B.W. Eakins, R.R. Warnken, E. Lim, and P.R. Medley (2009): Digital elevation model of central Oregon Coast: Procedures, data sources and analysis. NOAA Tech. Memo. NESDIS NGDC-25, U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Boulder, CO, 38 pp.
- Census (2000): <http://www.census.gov/population/www/cen2000/briefs/phc-t3/tables/tab03.txt>. Accessed 12 June 2009.
- Gica, E., M.C. Spillane, V.V. Titov, C.D. Chamberlin, and J.C. Newman (2008): Development of the forecast propagation database for NOAA’s Short-term Inundation Forecast for Tsunamis (SIFT). NOAA Tech. Memo. OAR PMEL-139, NTIS: PB2008-109391, NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory, Seattle, WA, 89 pp.
- Kanamori, H., and J.J. Cipar (1974): Focal process of the great Chilean earthquake, May 22, 1960. *Phys. Earth Planet. In.*, *9*, 128–136.
- López, A.M., and E.A. Okal (2006): A seismological reassessment of the source of the 1946 Aleutian “tsunami” earthquake. *Geophys. J. Int.*, *165*(3), 835–849, doi: 10.1111/j.1365-246x.2006.02899.x.
- National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program (2012): Proceedings and results of the 2011 NTHMP model benchmarking workshop (NOAA Special Report). U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA/NTHMP, Boulder, CO, 436 pp.
- NGDC (2009): Global Tsunami Database (2000 BC to present). National Geophysical Data Center, [http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazard/tsu\\_db.shtml](http://www.ngdc.noaa.gov/hazard/tsu_db.shtml).
- Oregon Coast Aquarium (2010) “Estuary Trail.” Oregon Coast Aquarium Newport. The Oregon Coast Aquarium. <http://aquarium.org/exhibits/estuary-trail>. Accessed 19 February 2014.
- Synolakis, C.E., E.N. Bernard, V.V. Titov, U. Kânoğlu, and F.I. González (2007): Standards, criteria, and procedures for NOAA evaluation of tsunami numerical models. NOAA Tech. Memo. OAR PMEL-135, NTIS: PB2007-109601, NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory, Seattle, WA, 55 pp.
- Synolakis, C.E., E.N. Bernard, V.V. Titov, U. Kânoğlu, and F.I. González (2008): Validation and verification of tsunami numerical models. *Pure Appl. Geophys.*, *165*(11–12), 2197–2228.

- Tang, L., V.V. Titov, and C.D. Chamberlin (2009): Development, testing, and applications of site-specific tsunami inundation models for real-time forecasting. *J. Geophys. Res.*, *114*, C12025, doi: 10.1029/2009JC005476.
- Titov, V.V. (2009): Tsunami forecasting. In *The Sea*, Vol. 15, Chapter 12, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, MA, and London, England, 371–400.
- Titov, V.V., and F.I. González (1997): Implementation and testing of the Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST) model. NOAA Tech. Memo. ERL PMEL-112 (PB98-122773), NOAA/Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory, Seattle, WA, 11 pp.
- Titov, V.V., F.I. González, E.N. Bernard, M.C. Eble, H.O. Mofjeld, J.C. Newman, and A.J. Venturato (2005): Real-time tsunami forecasting: Challenges and solutions. *Nat. Hazards*, *35*(1), Special Issue, U.S. National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program, 41–58.
- Wei, Y., E. Bernard, L. Tang, R. Weiss, V. Titov, C. Moore, M. Spillane, M. Hopkins, and U. Kânoğlu (2008): Real-time experimental forecast of the Peruvian tsunami of August 2007 for U.S. coastlines. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *35*, L04609, doi: 10.1029/2007GL032250.

## FIGURES

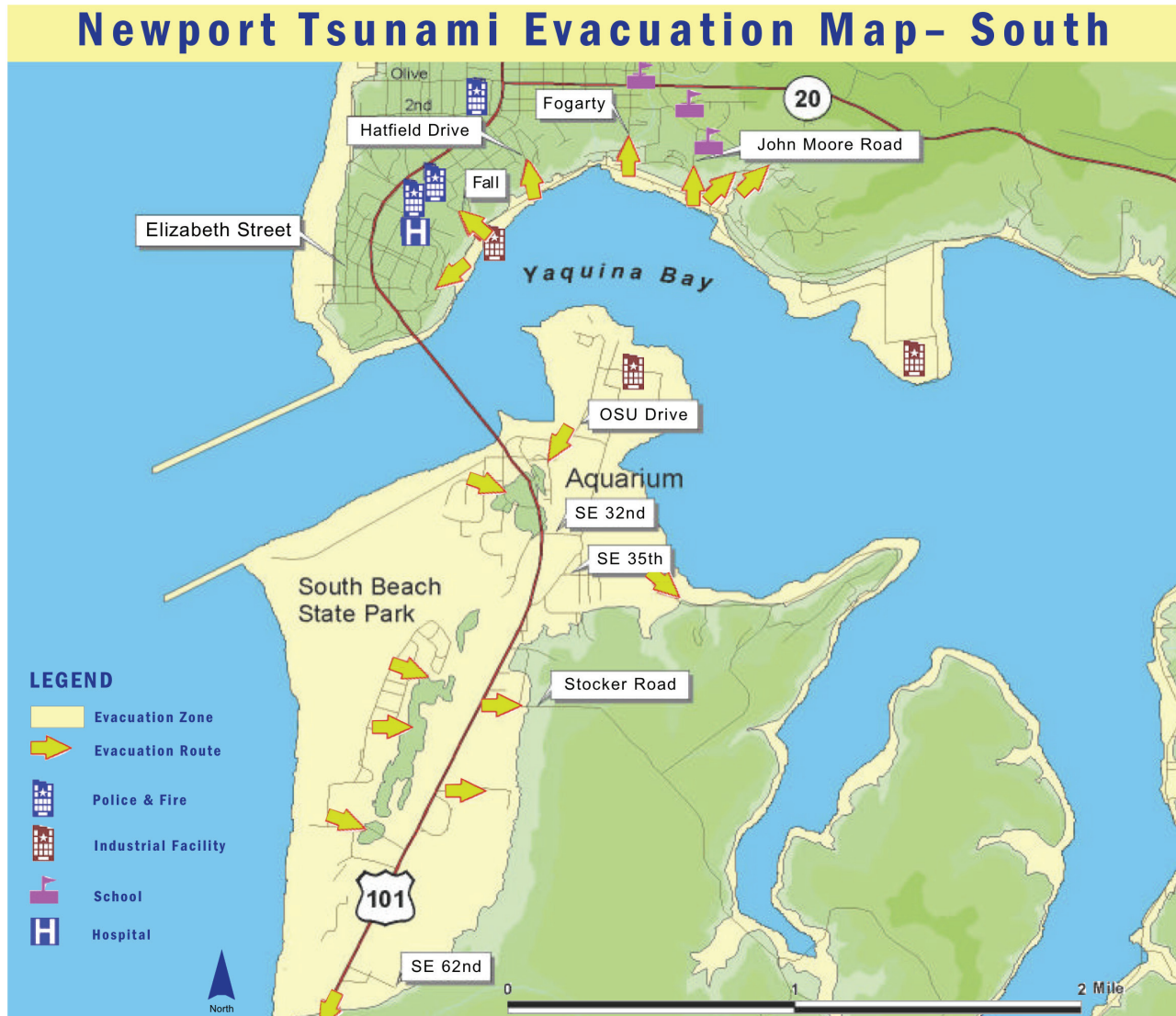




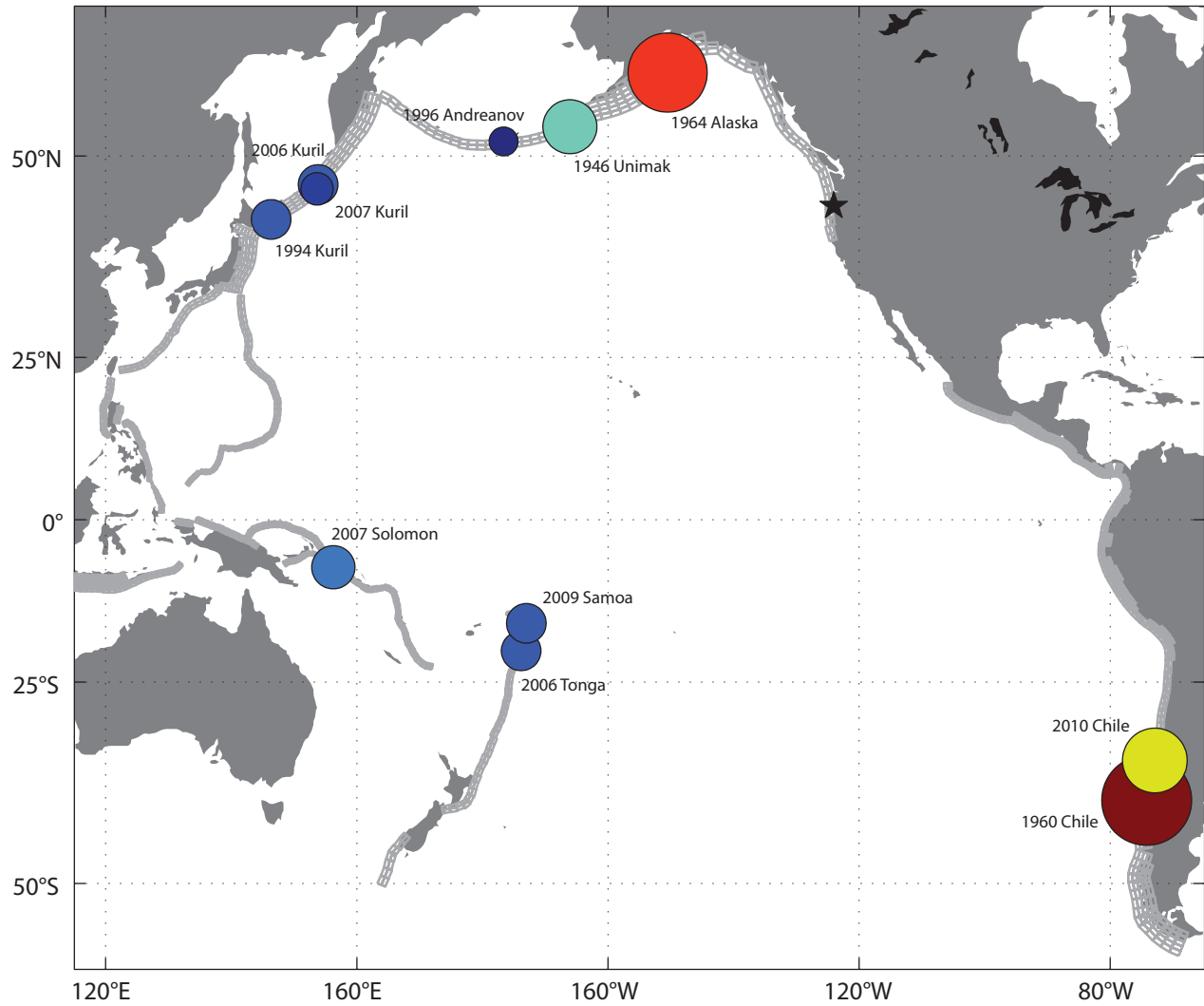
**Figure 1:** (a) Aerial view of Yaquina Bay showing the South Beach area in the foreground and historic Nye Beach along the opposite shore. The city of Newport in the background is situated between the Pacific Ocean and the Yaquina River. The historic Yaquina Bay Bridge serves as the single point of connection between the city of Newport and South Beach. (b) A detailed view of the NOAA Marine Operations Center – Pacific. (<http://www.moc.noaa.gov>).



**Figure 2:** Aerial view of Newport, Oregon. The arrow shows the approximate location of the South Beach tide gauge used for comparison with model results (from NCTR/Oregon Graduate Institute CCALMR archives).

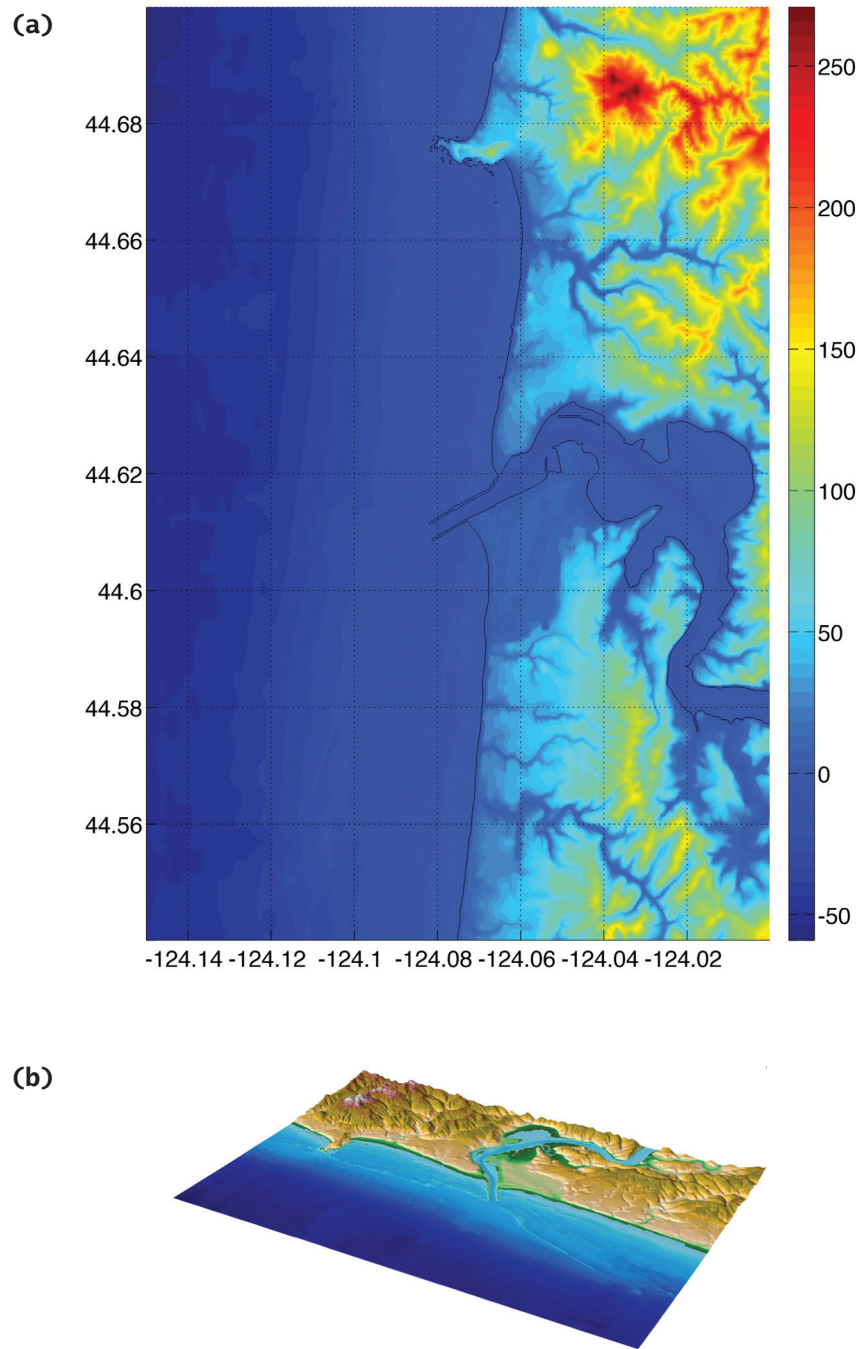


**Figure 3:** Evacuation map for Newport, Oregon, developed in the mid-1990s by the Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries in consultation with local officials (<http://www.oregongeology.com/sub/earthquakes/coastal/tsubrochures/NewportEvac.pdf>). Evacuation routes were developed in response to a worst-case scenario for a tsunami caused by an undersea earthquake off the Oregon coast.

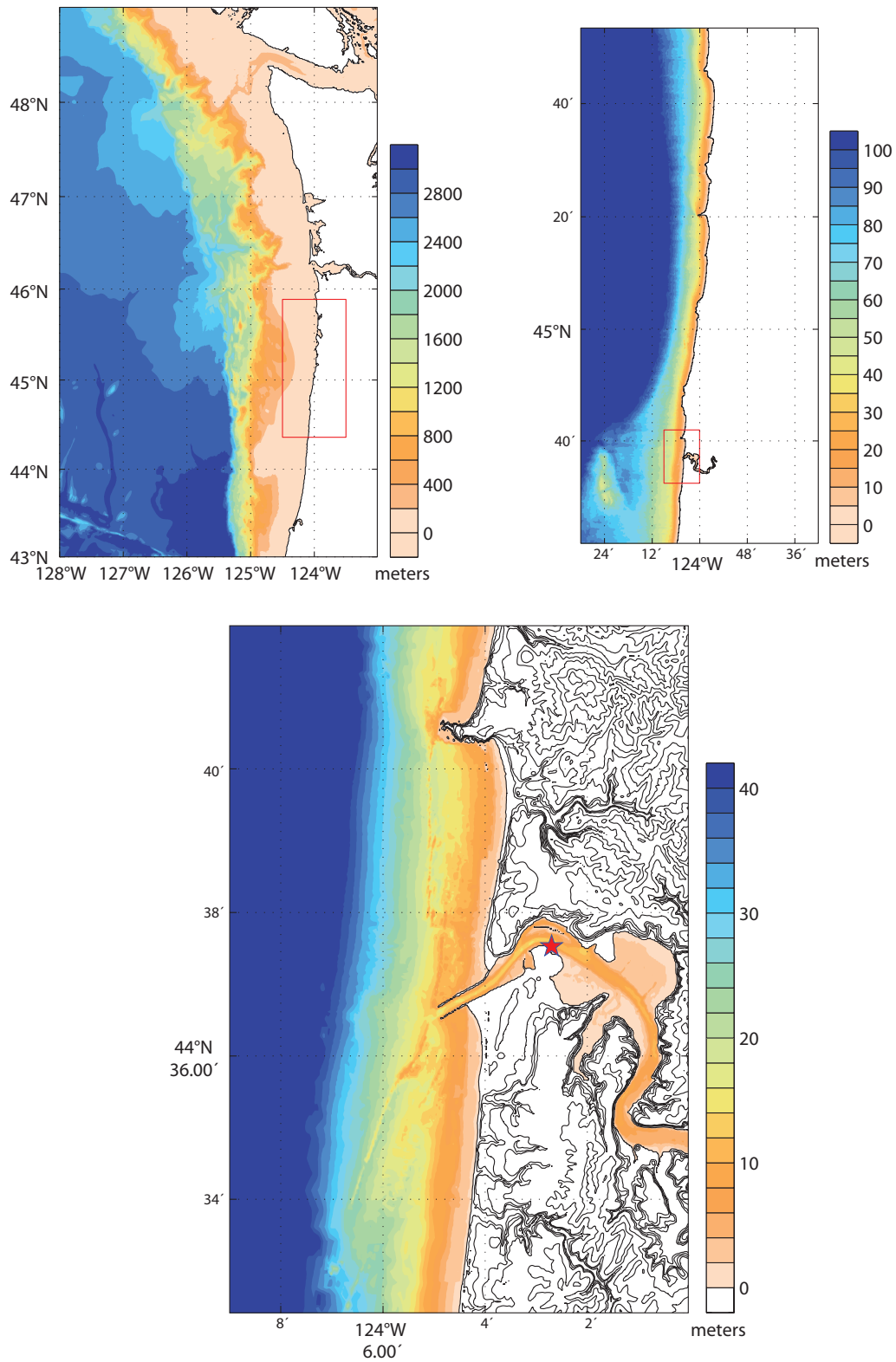


**Figure 4:** Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the location of the 11 historical events used to test and validate the Newport model. Relative earthquake magnitude is shown by the varying sizes and colors of the filled circles. The largest magnitude earthquake used in model validation was the 1946 Unimak Mw 8.5 earthquake, denoted by the red circle.

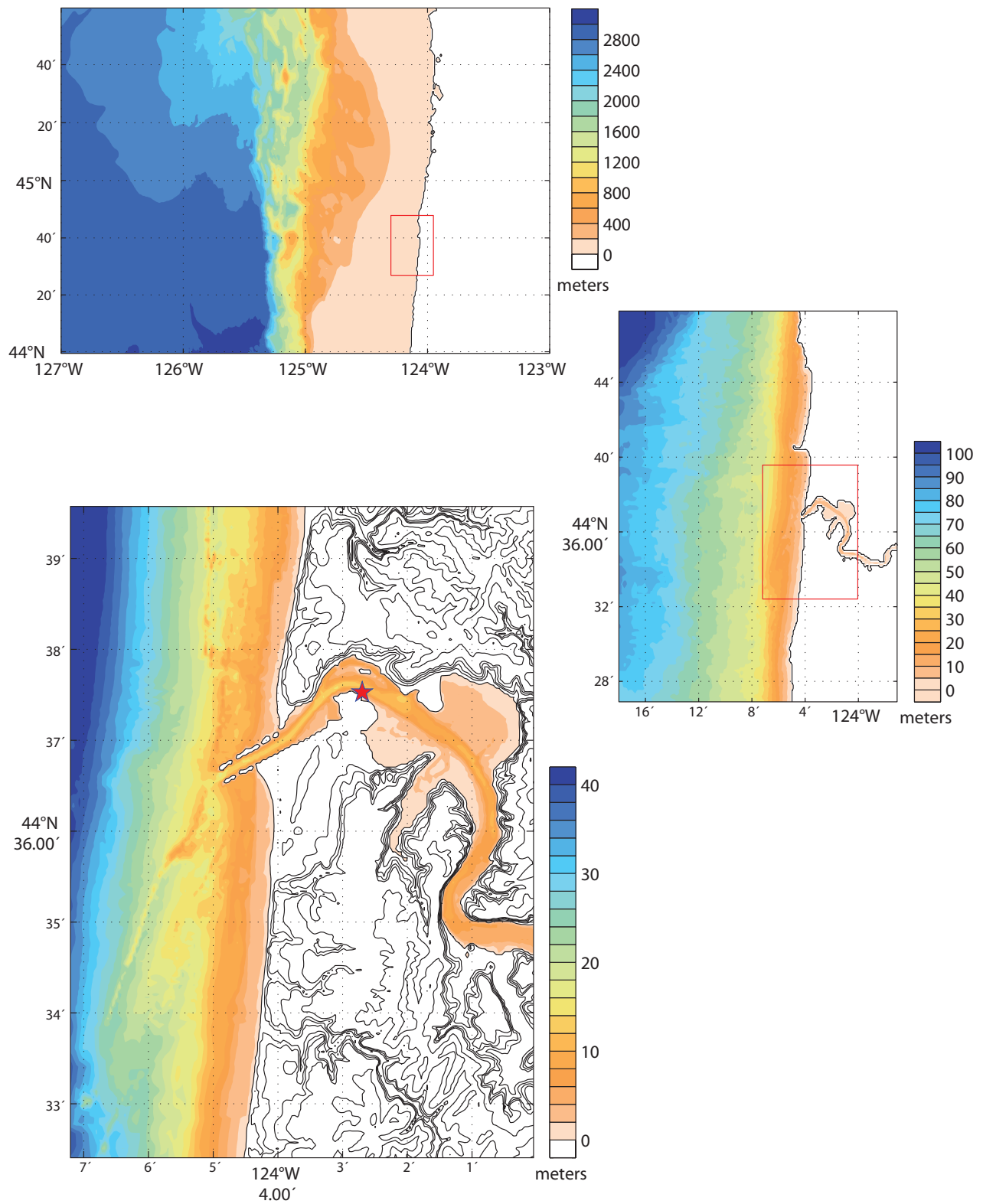




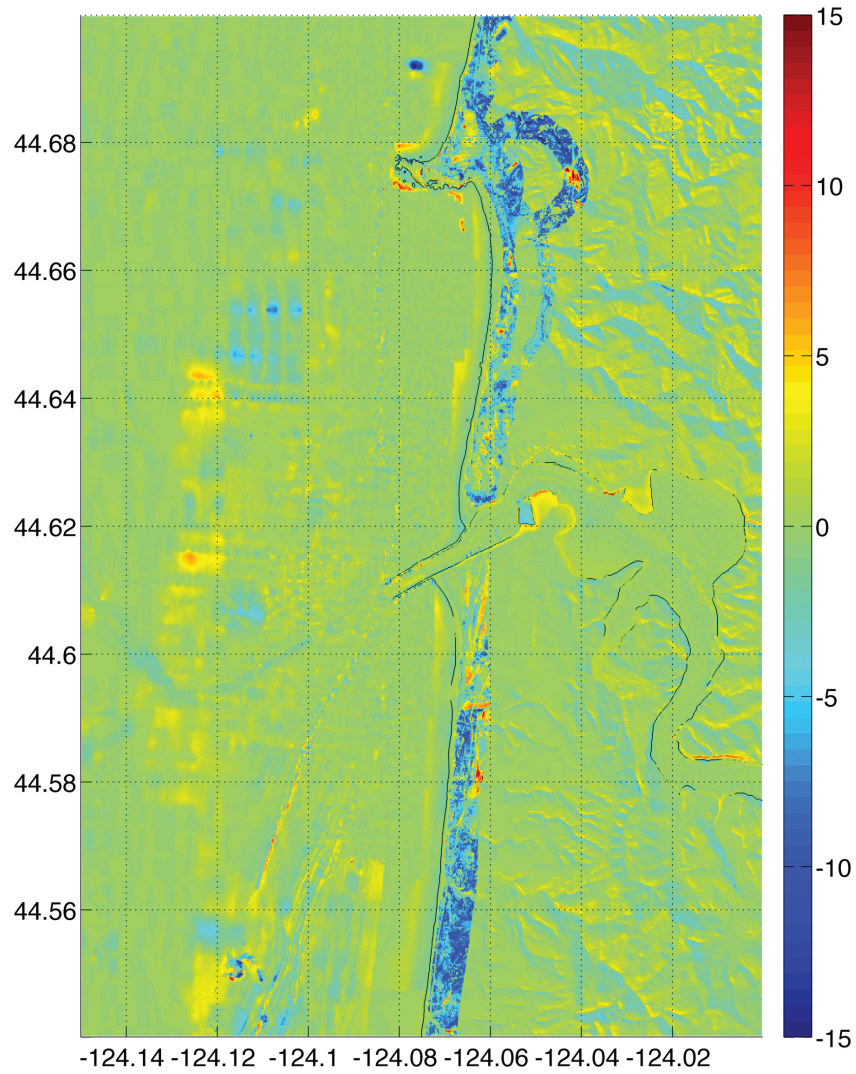
**Figure 5:** Digital Elevation Model constructed for Newport, Oregon, in 2004 from best available data. (a) shows an overview plot with grid extents; (b) is a projection of the elevations given in the legend bar graph in (a).



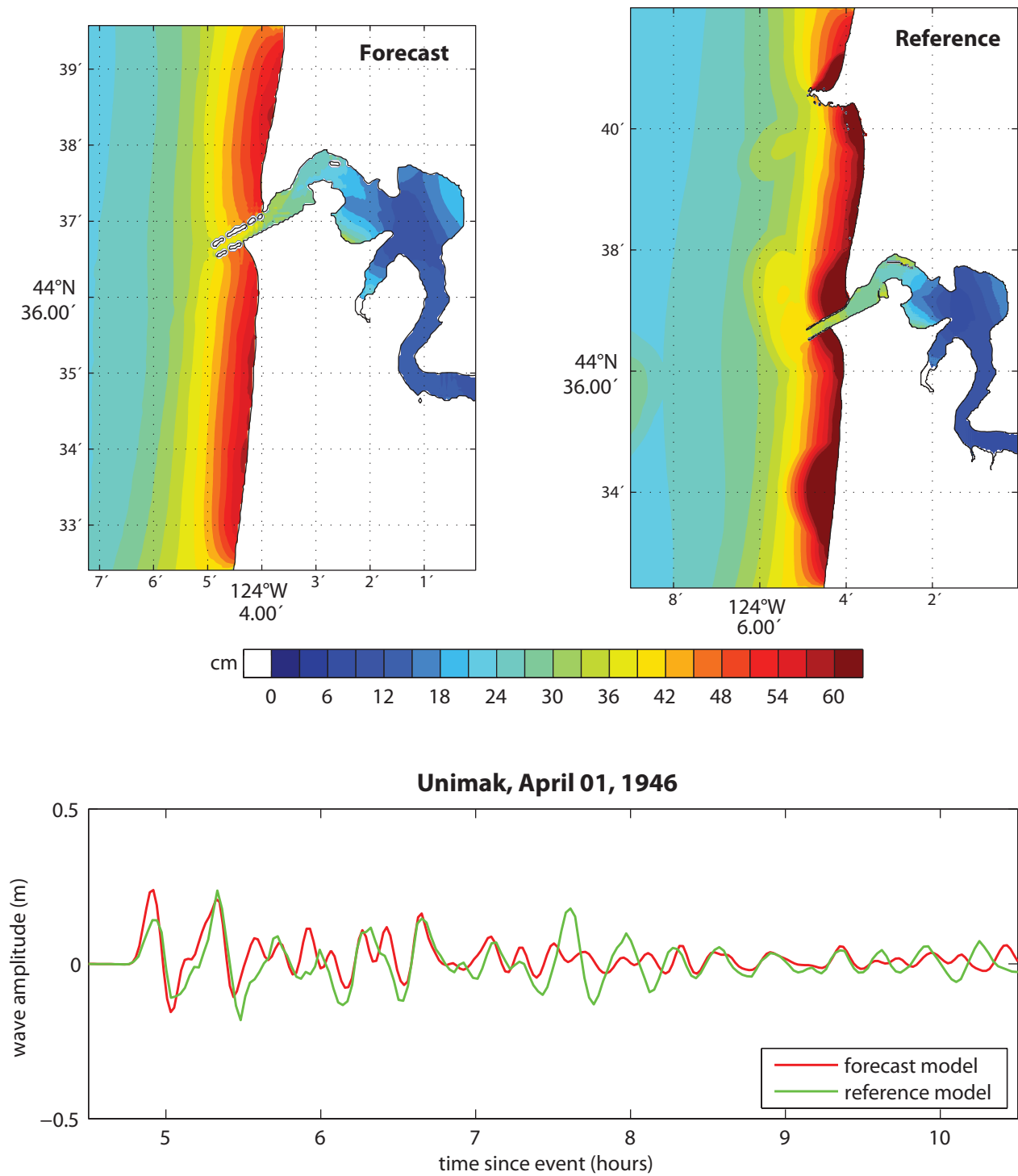
**Figure 6:** Bathymetry and topography for the reference inundation model grids. The A grid is shown in the top left axis, the B grid in the top right, and the C grid in the bottom. The topography of the C grid is shown using contours with 40-m intervals. The red boxes in the A and B plots show the position of the B and C grids, respectively.



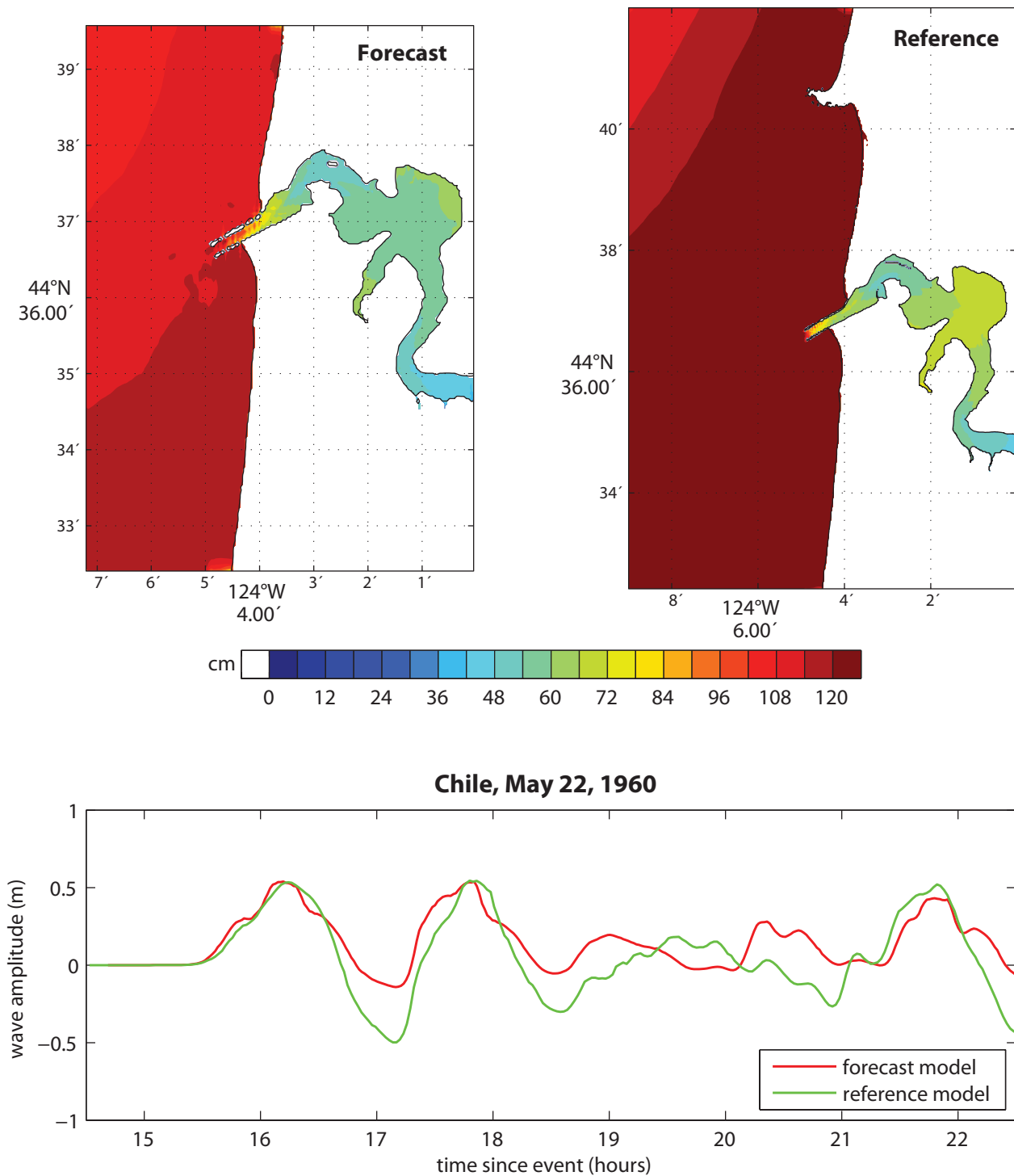
**Figure 7:** Bathymetry and topography for the tsunami forecast model grids. The A grid is shown in the upper axis, the B grid in the middle right axis, and the C grid in the lower right. The topography of the C grid is shown using contours with 40-m intervals. The red boxes in the A and B plots show the positions of the B and C grids, respectively.



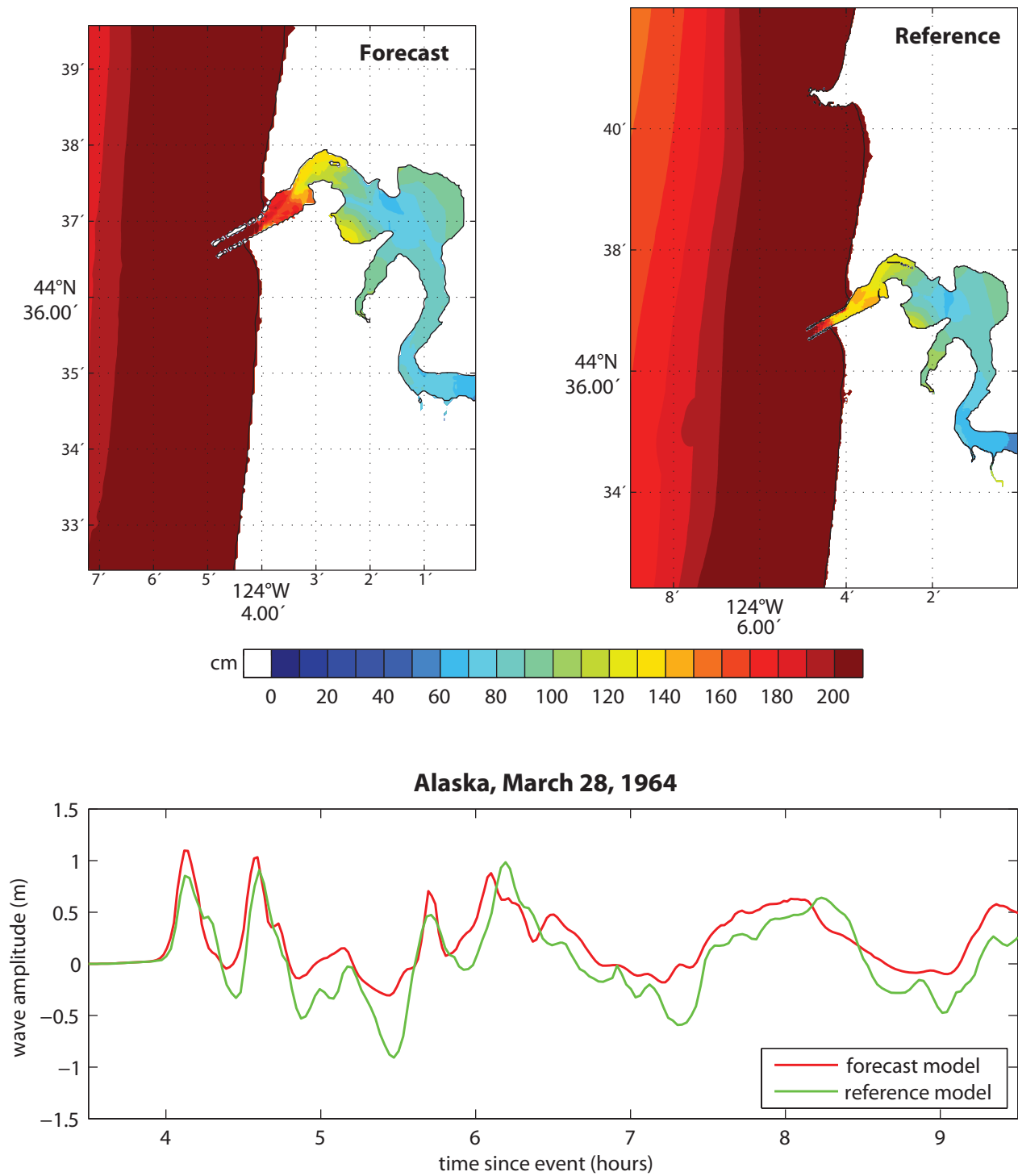
**Figure 8:** Difference plot showing the result of subtracting the digital elevation model constructed by the National Geophysical Data Center in 2008 from the digital elevation model constructed by the NOAA Center for Tsunami Research in 2004. The primary differences are evident along the coast from inclusion of LIDAR data in the 2008 model.



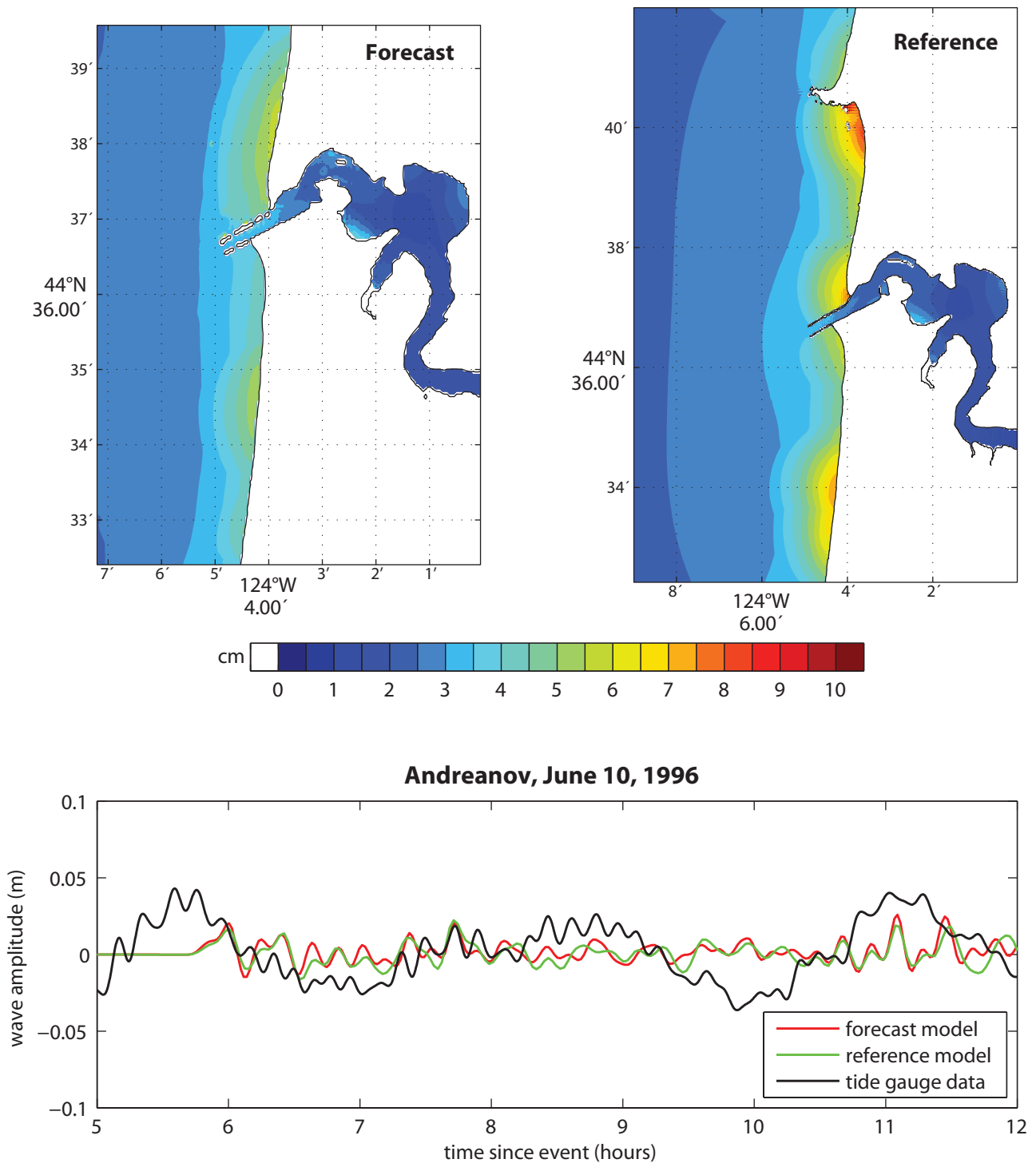
**Figure 9:** Model results for the 1946 Unimak Mw 8.5 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



**Figure 10:** Model results for the 1960 Chile Mw 9.5 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.

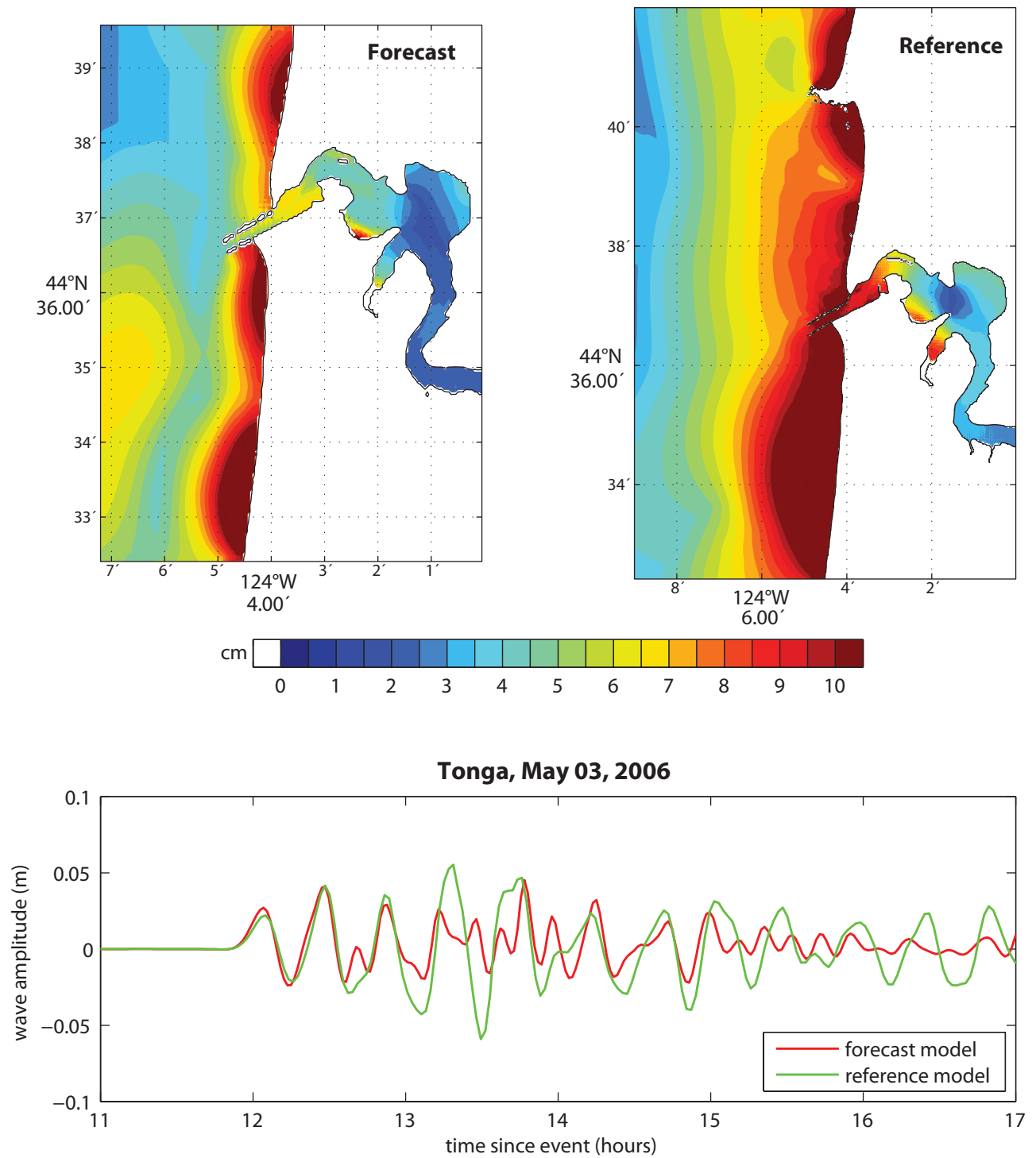


**Figure 11:** Model results for the 1964 Alaska Mw 9.2 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.

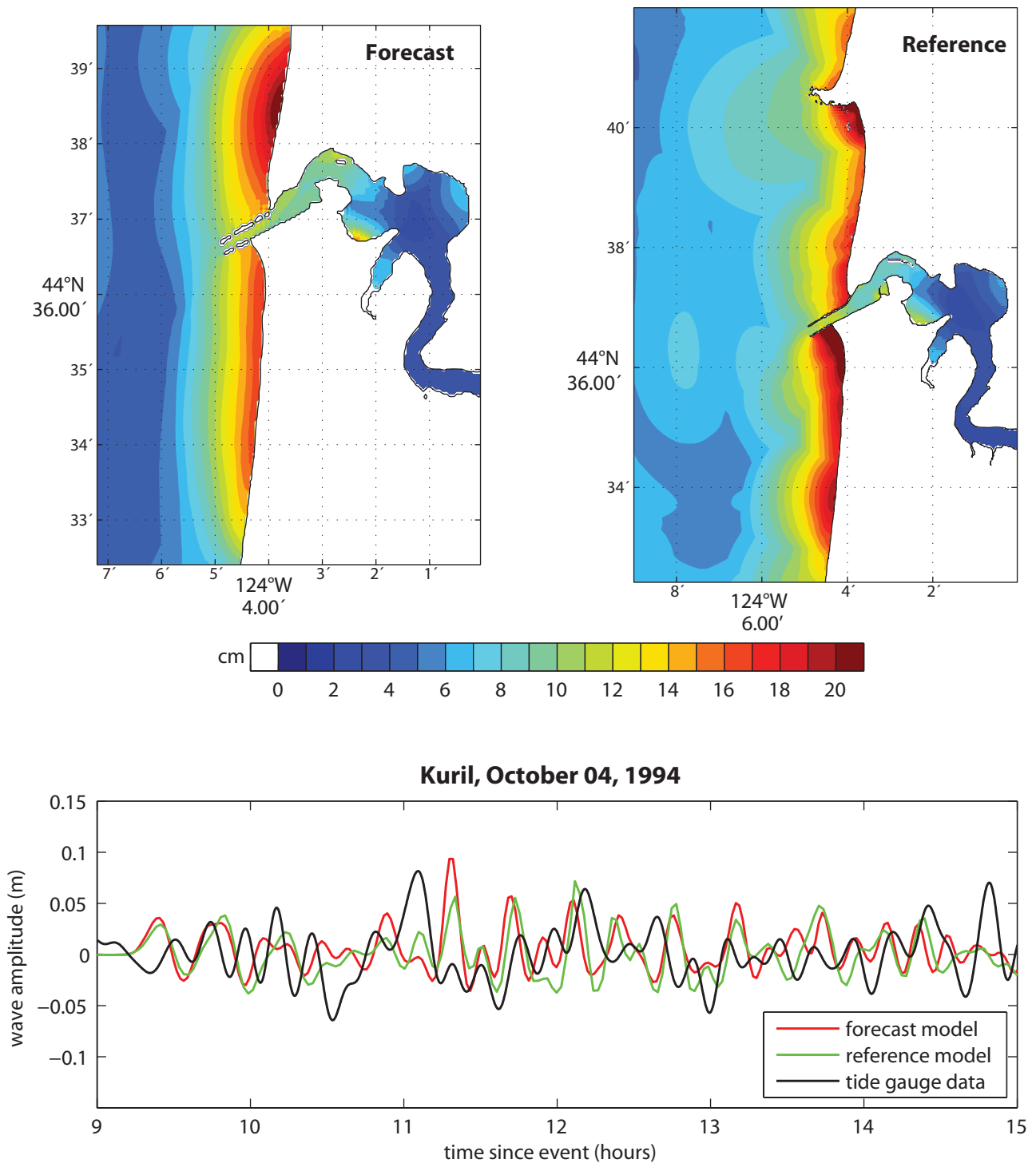


**Figure 12:** Model results for the 1996 Andreanov Mw 7.9 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.

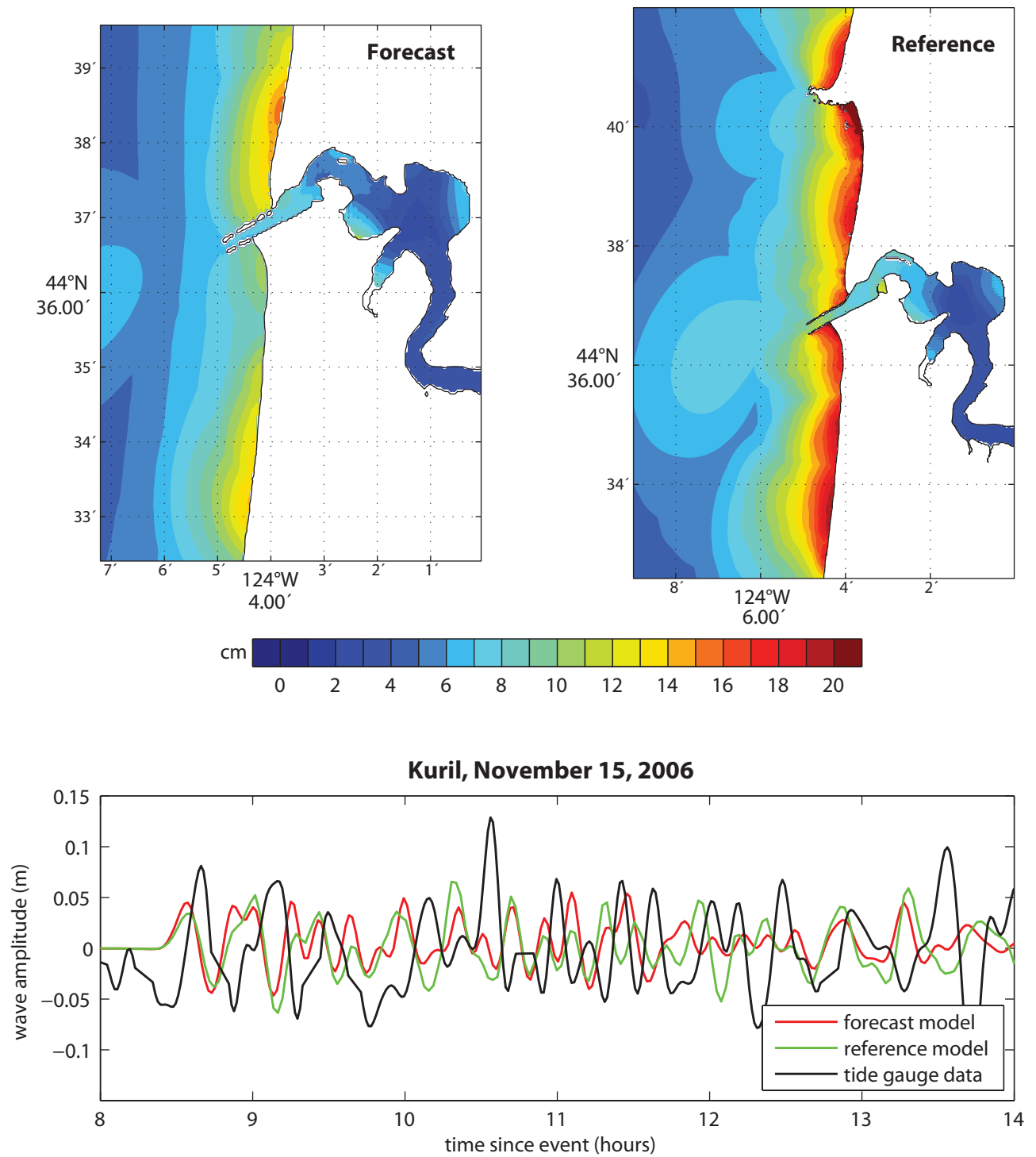




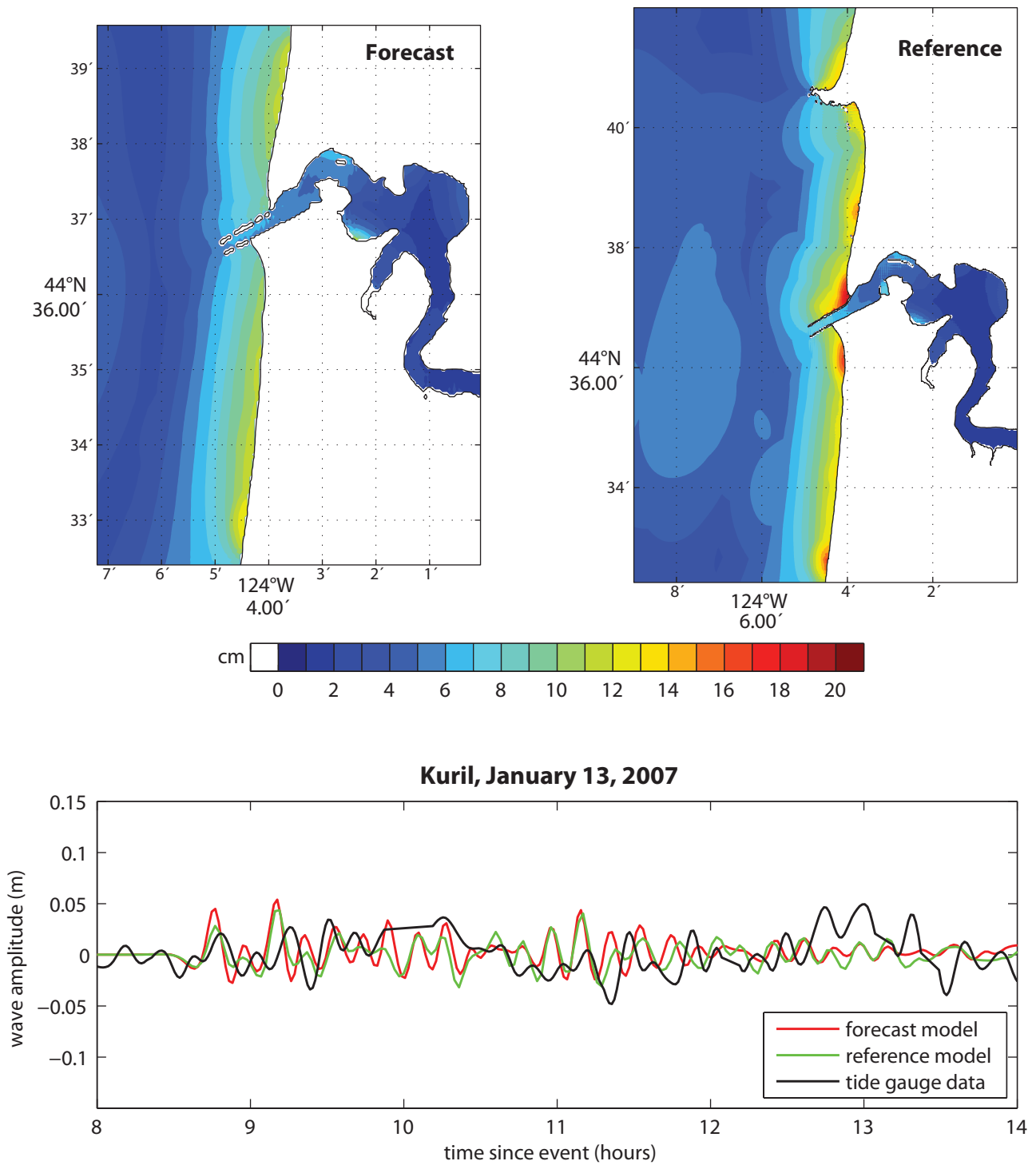
**Figure 13:** Model results for the 2006 Tonga Mw 8.0 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



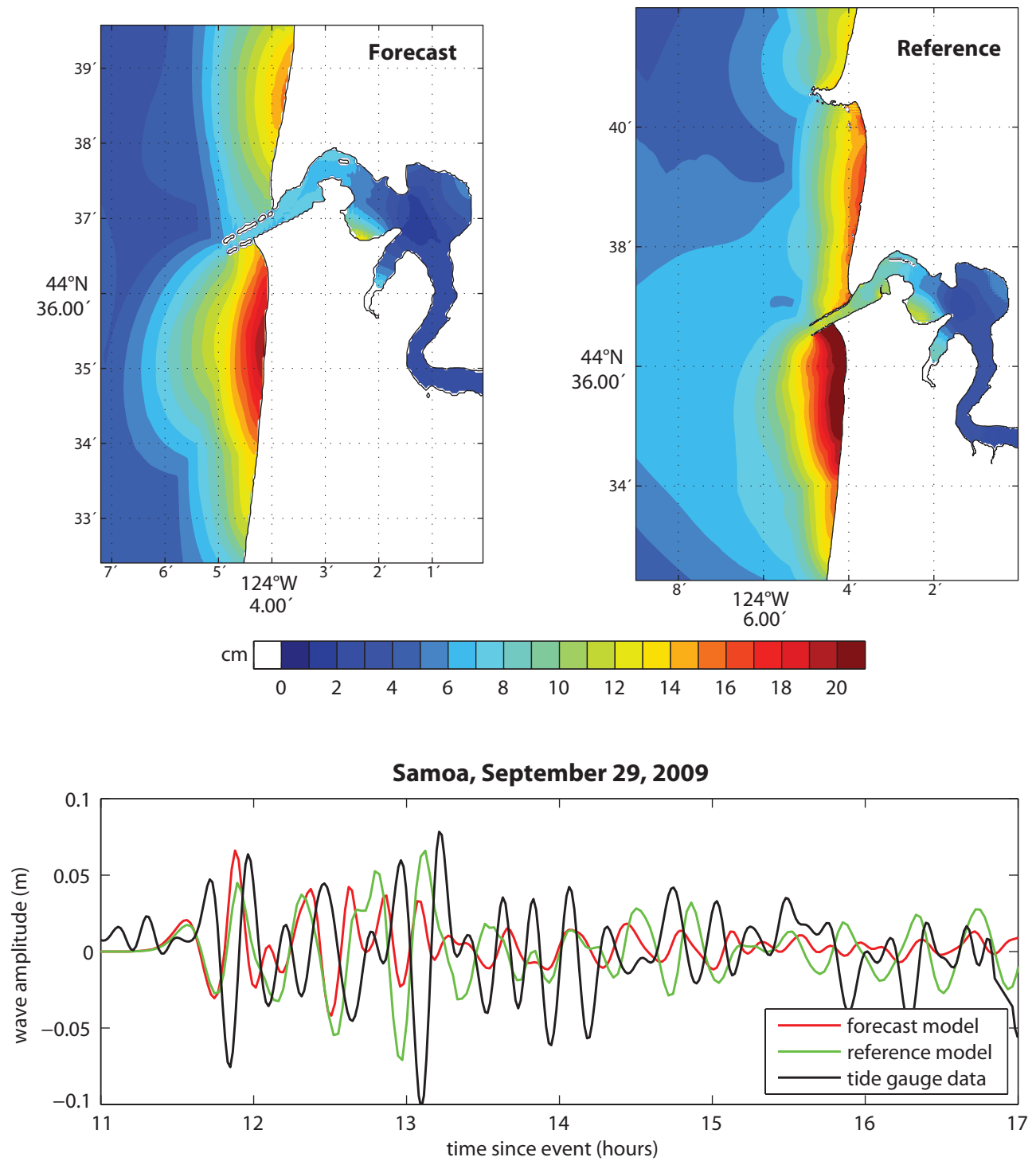
**Figure 14:** Model results for the 1994 Kuril Mw 8.3 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



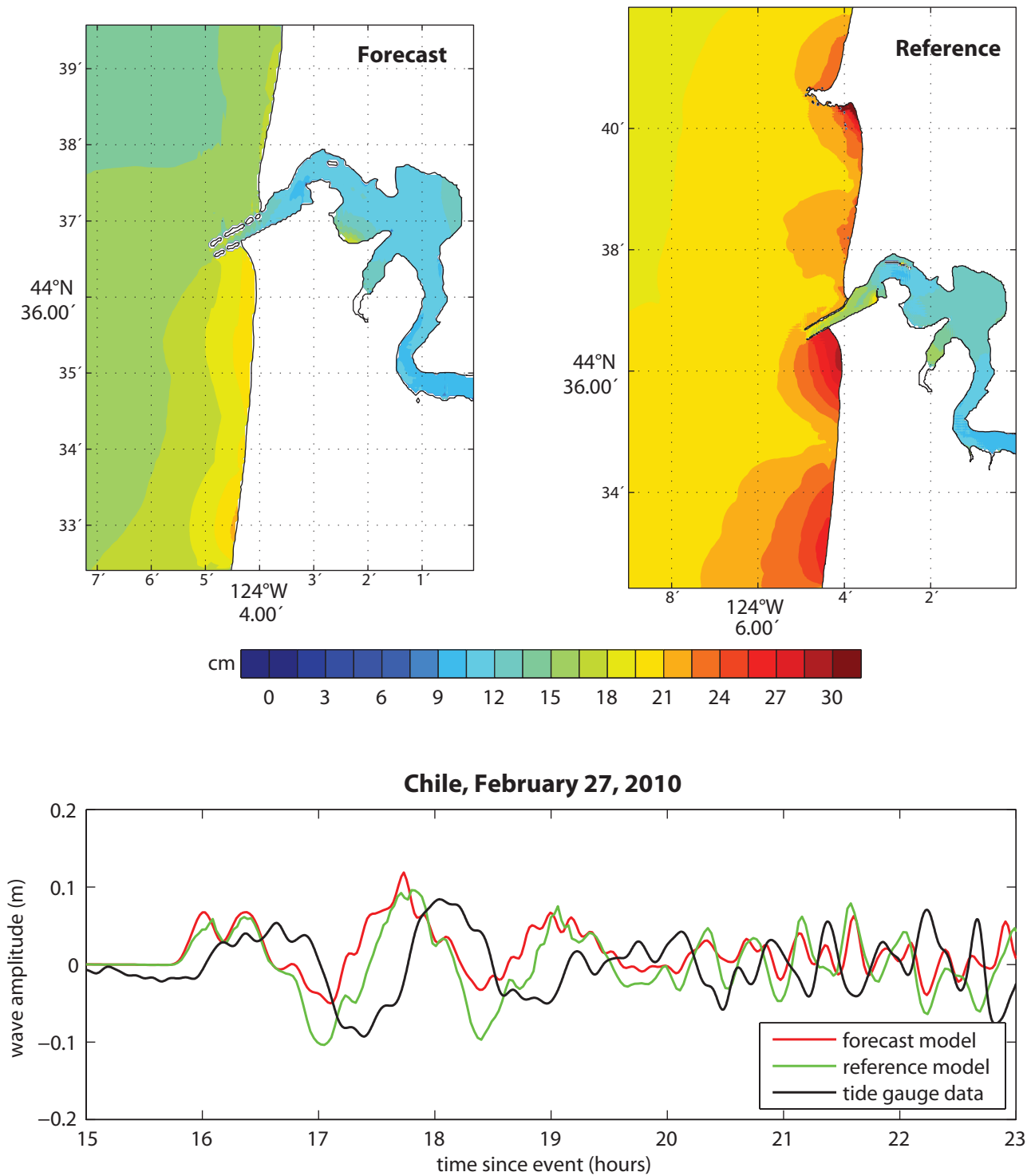
**Figure 15:** Model results for the 2006 Kuril Mw 8.3 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



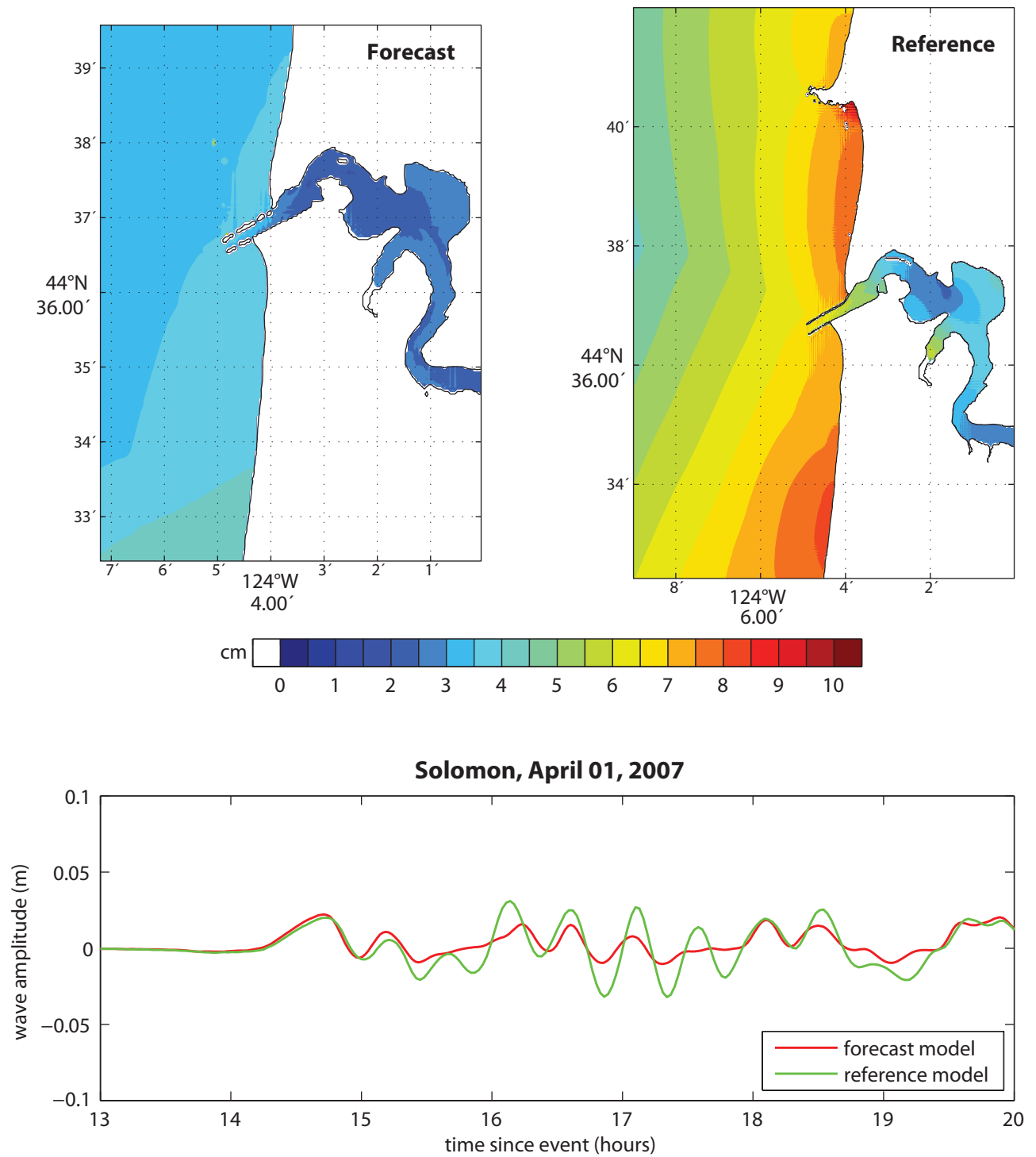
**Figure 16:** Model results for the 2007 Kuril Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



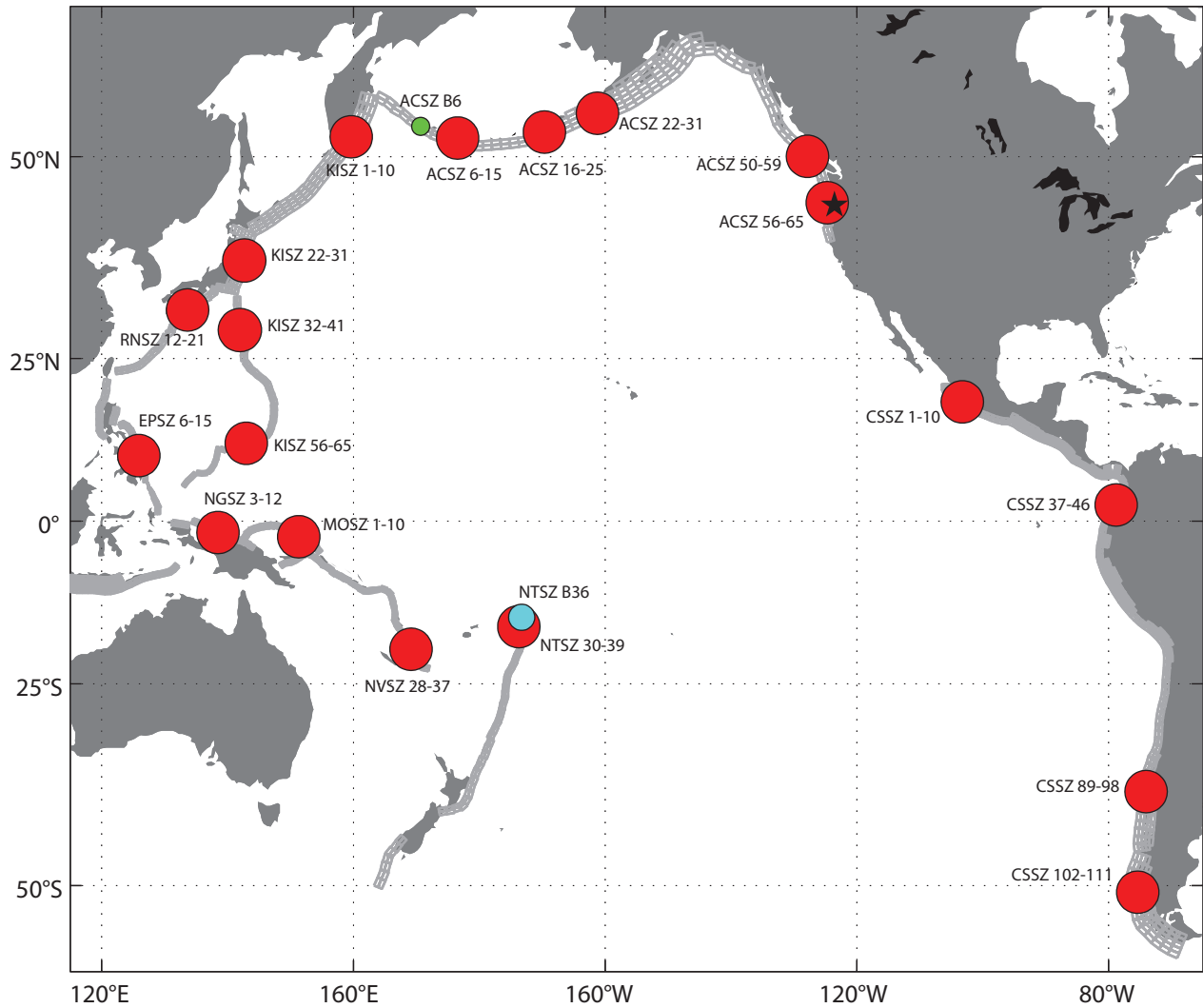
**Figure 17:** Model results for the 2009 Samoa Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.



**Figure 18:** Model results for the 2010 Chile Mw 8.8 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red), reference model (green), and observed (black) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.

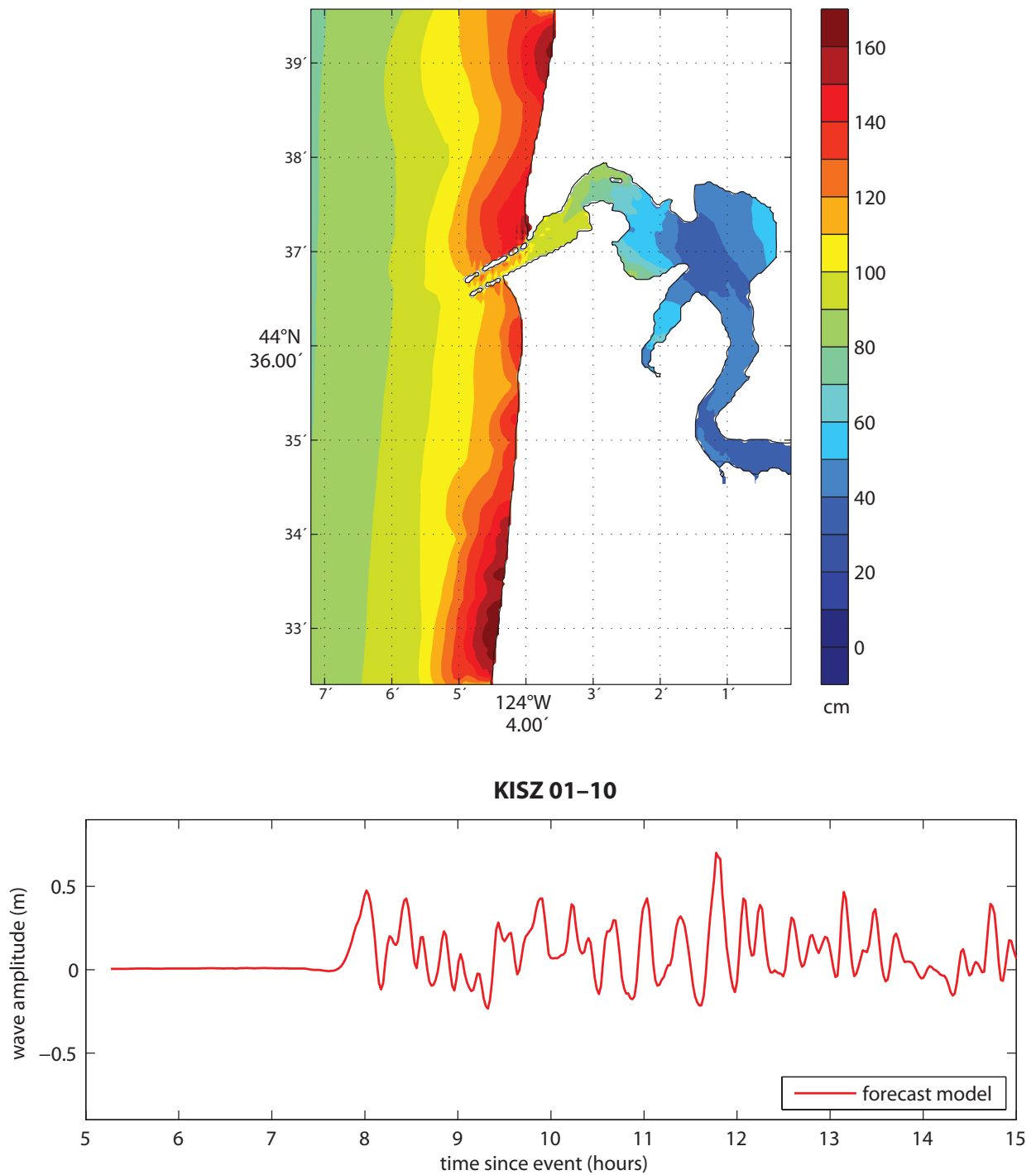


**Figure 19:** Model results for the 2007 Solomon Mw 8.1 event. The upper two panels show, respectively, the forecast and reference model maximum wave height predictions. The lower panel shows the forecast model (red) and reference model (green) wave amplitudes at the Newport tide gauge.

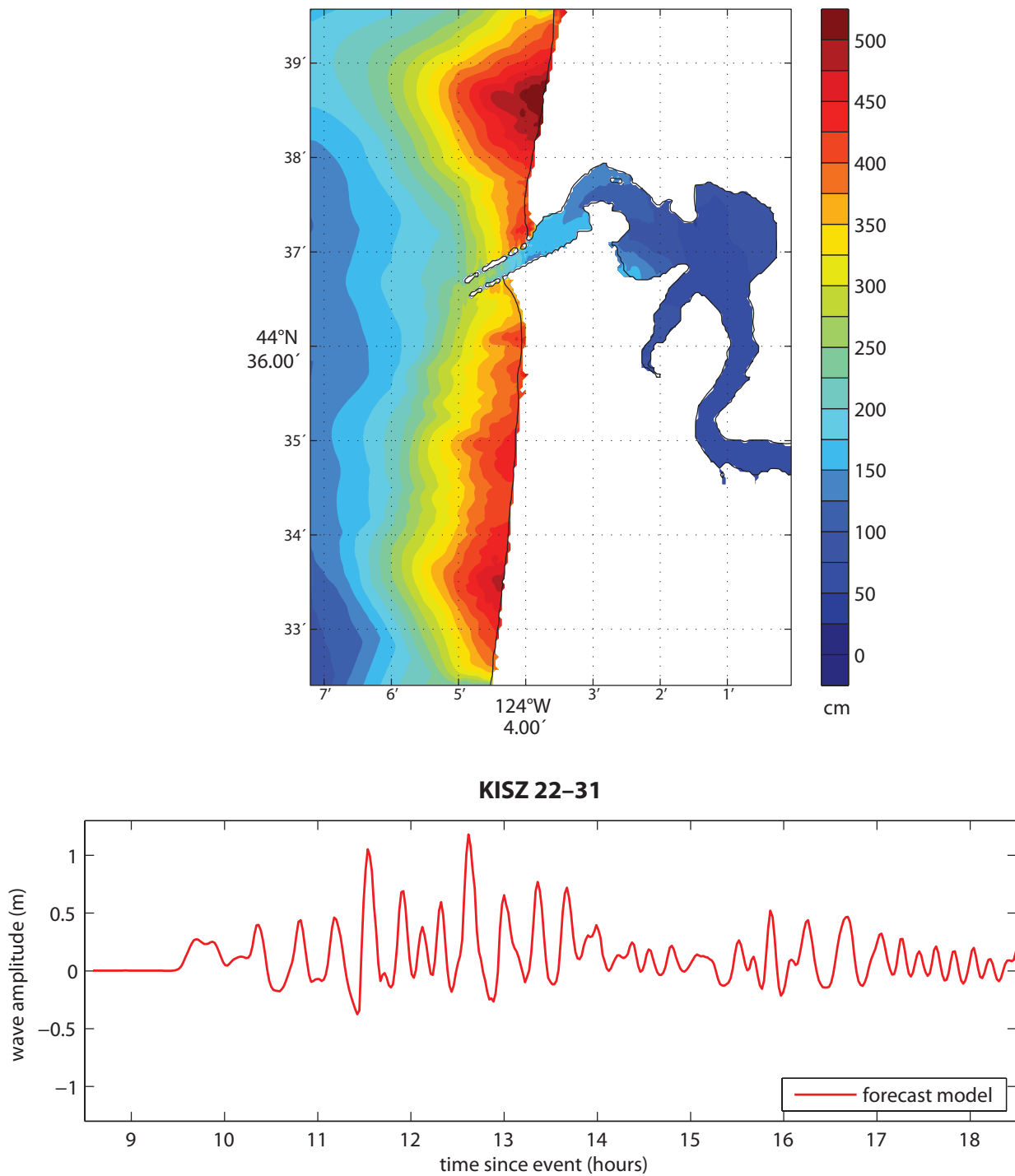


**Figure 20:** Map of the Pacific Ocean Basin showing the locations of the 19 simulated Mw 9.3 events, the Mw 7.5 medium event, and the micro-tsunami event used to test and validate the Newport model. The solid star denotes the location of Newport.

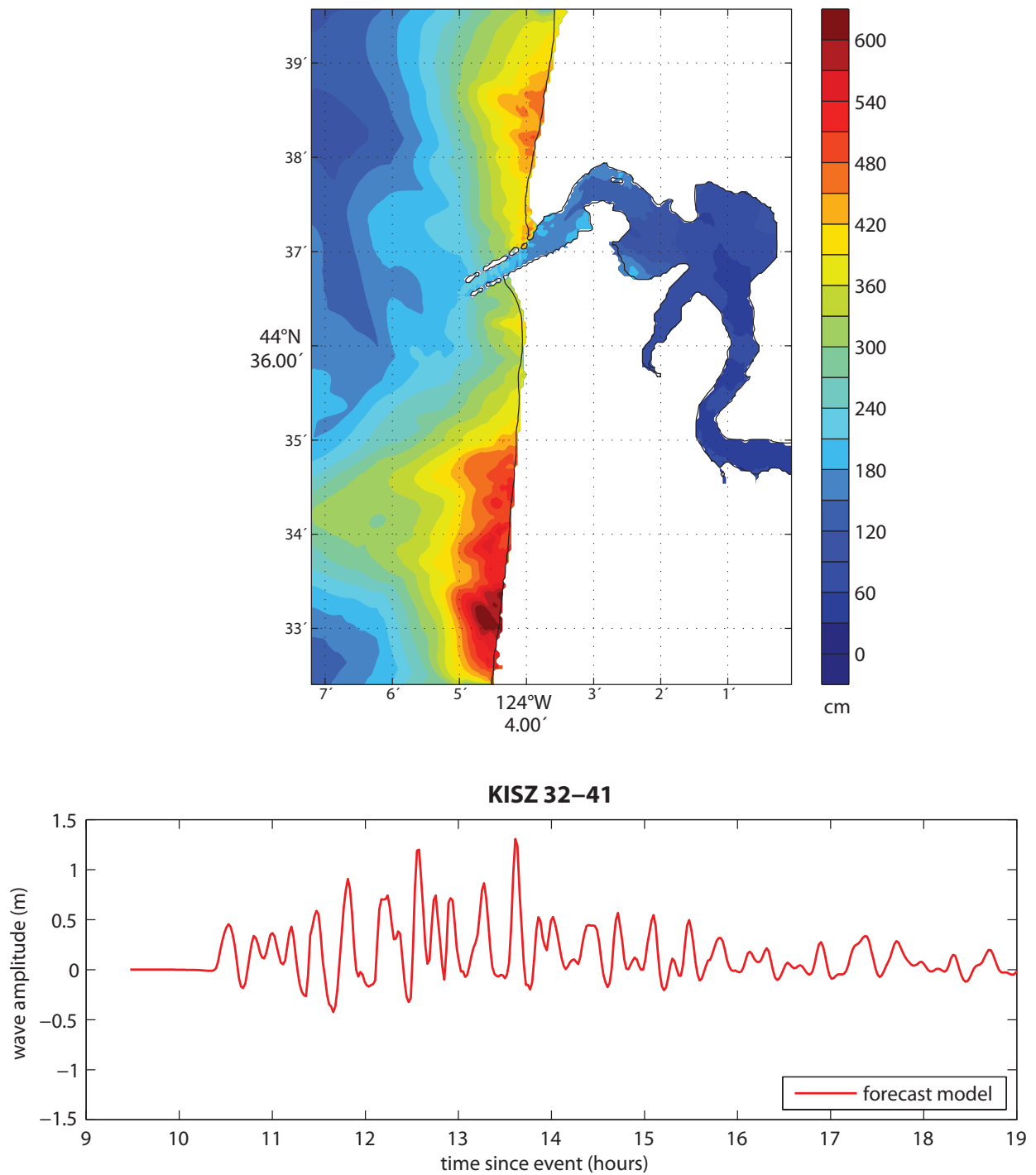




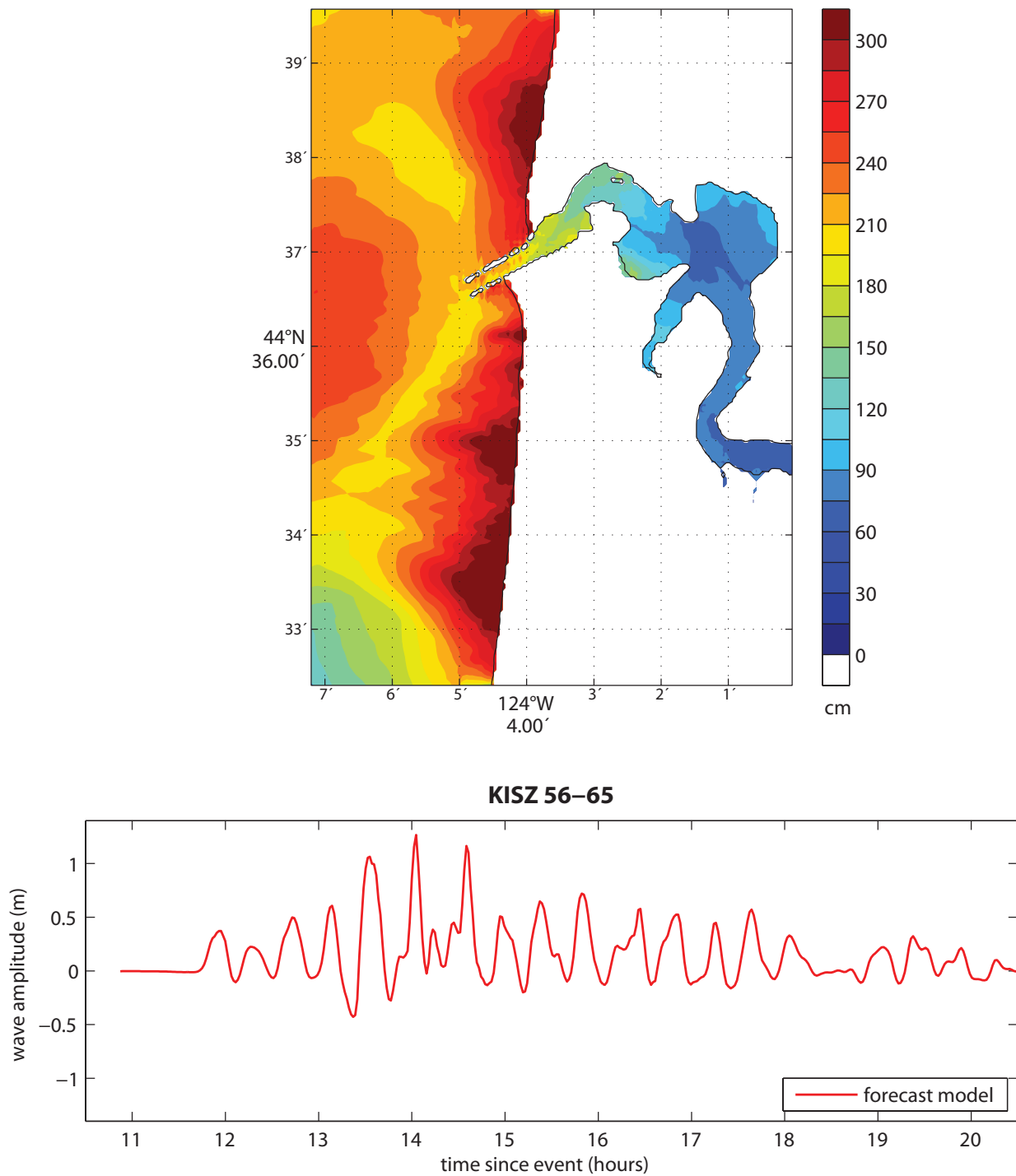
**Figure 21:** Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



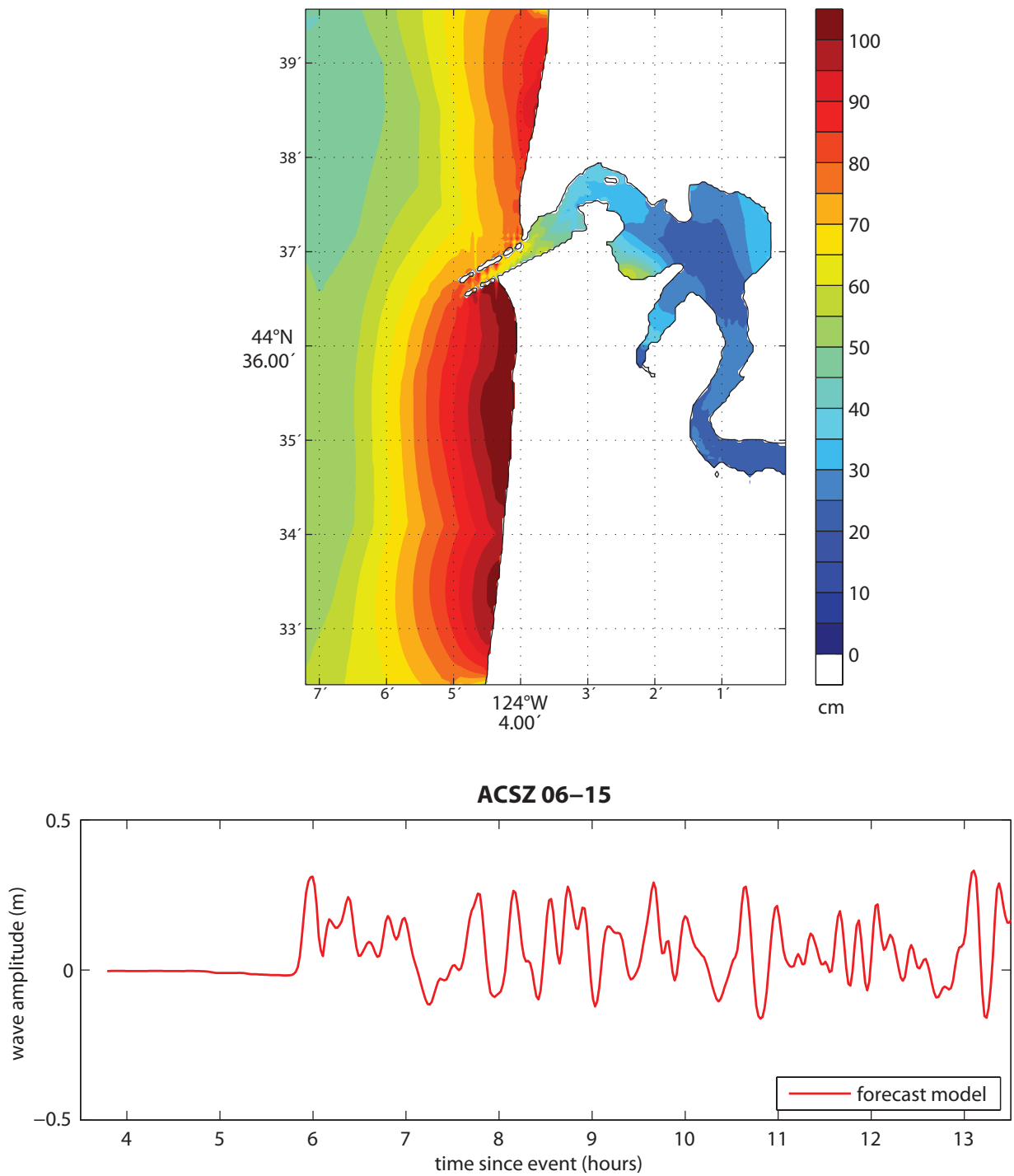
**Figure 22:** Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 22–31 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



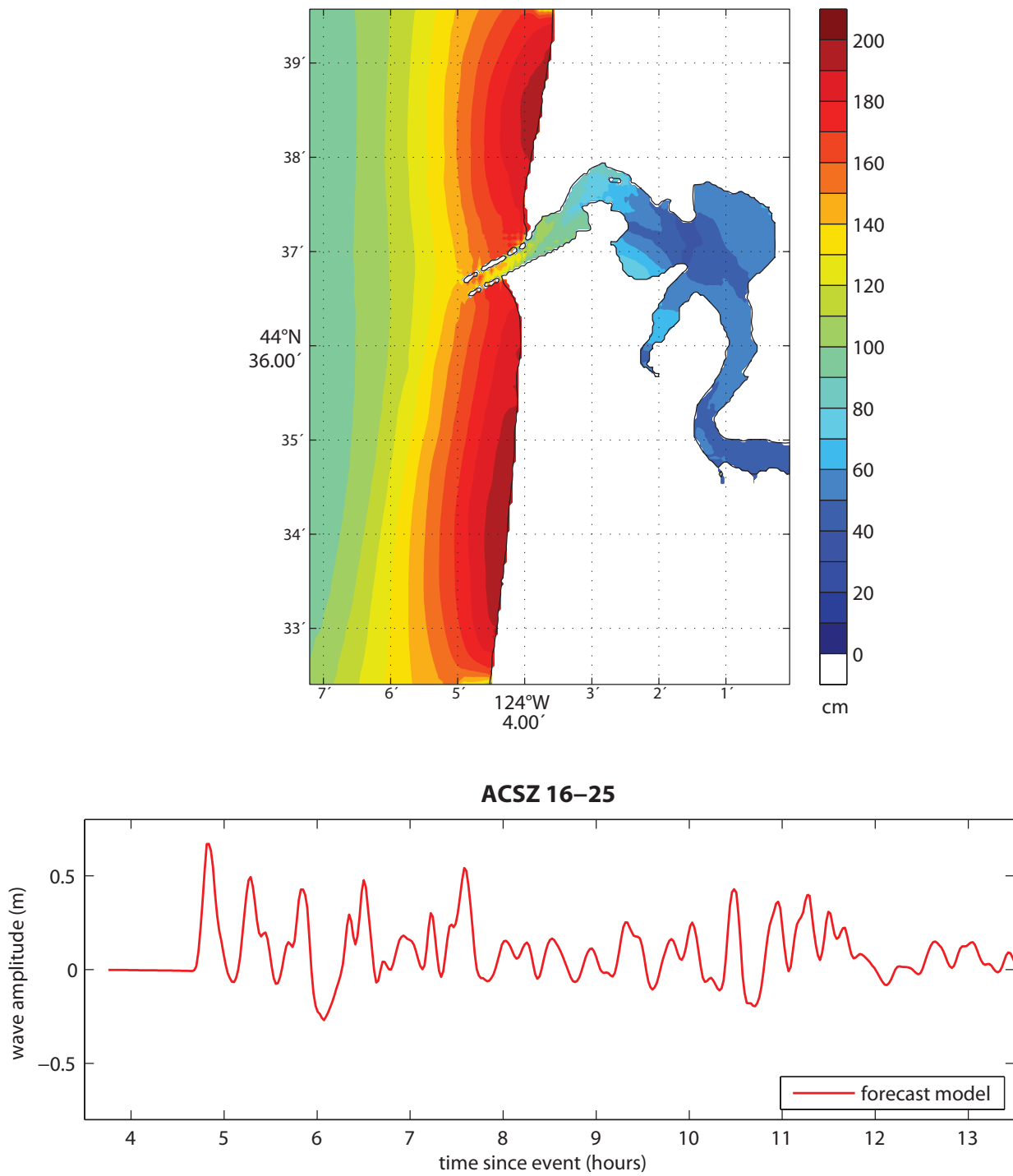
**Figure 23:** Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 32–41 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



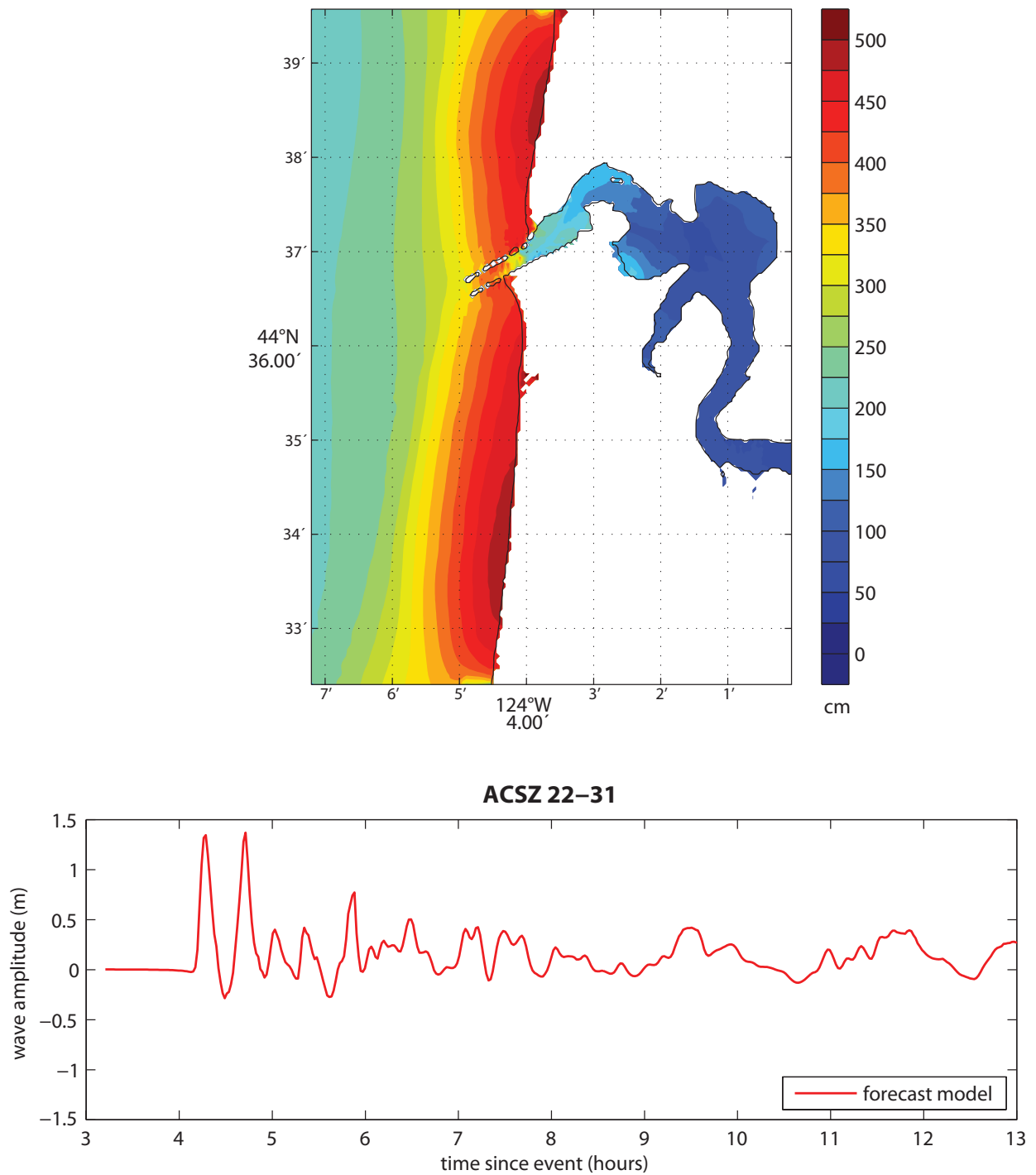
**Figure 24:** Results from the forecast model for the KISZ 56–65 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



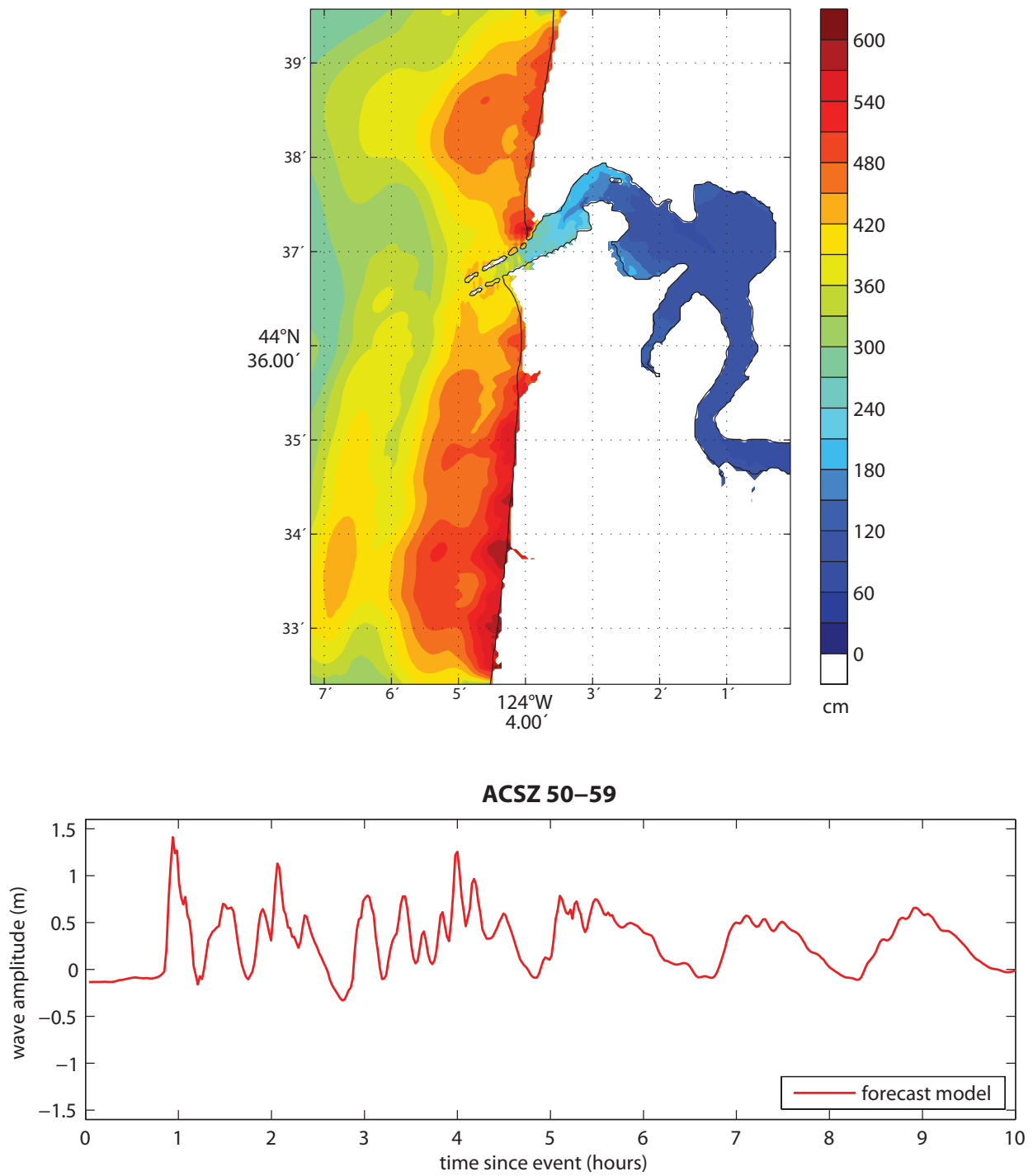
**Figure 25:** Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 6–15 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



**Figure 26:** Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 16–25 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

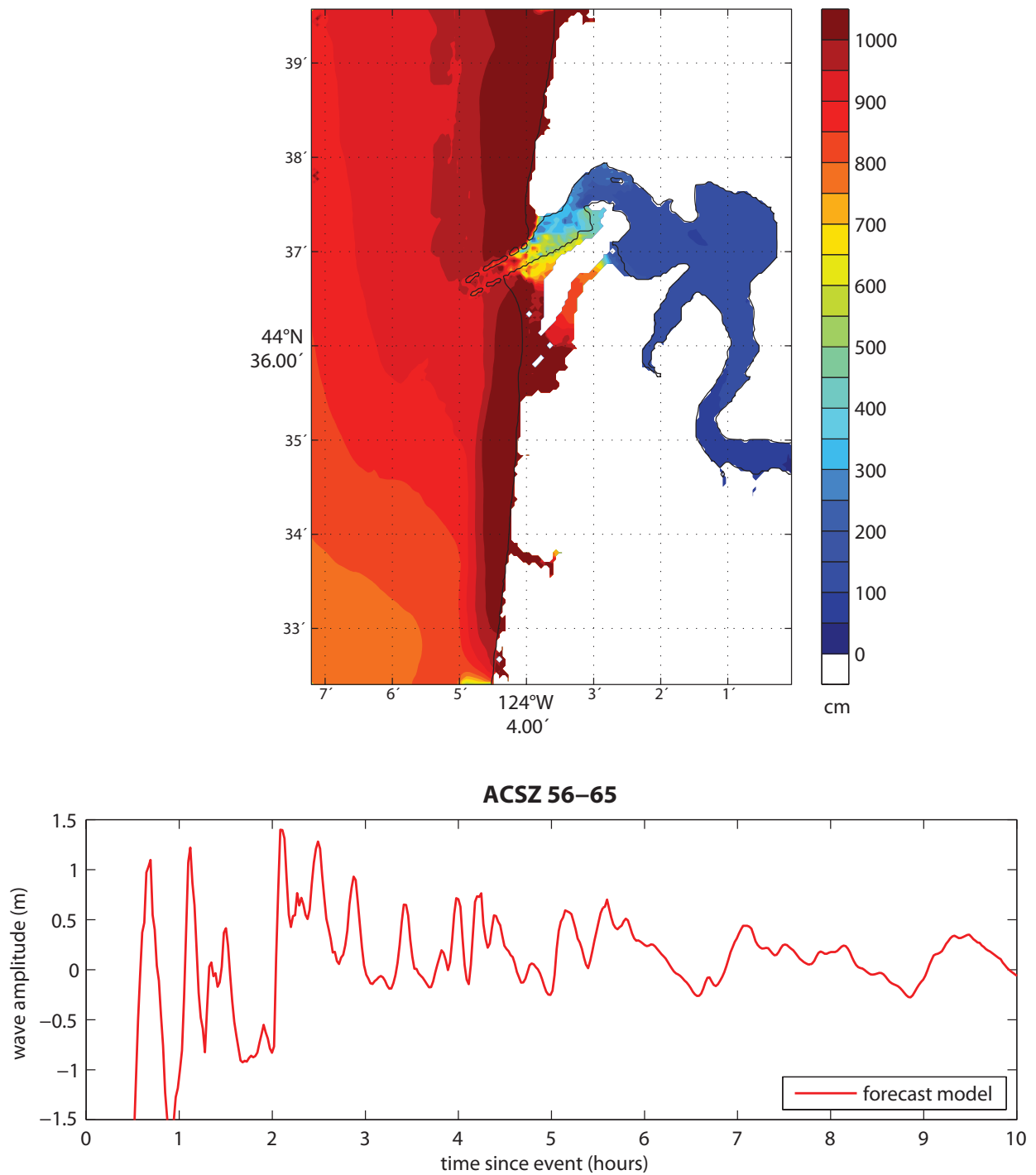


**Figure 27:** Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 22–31 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

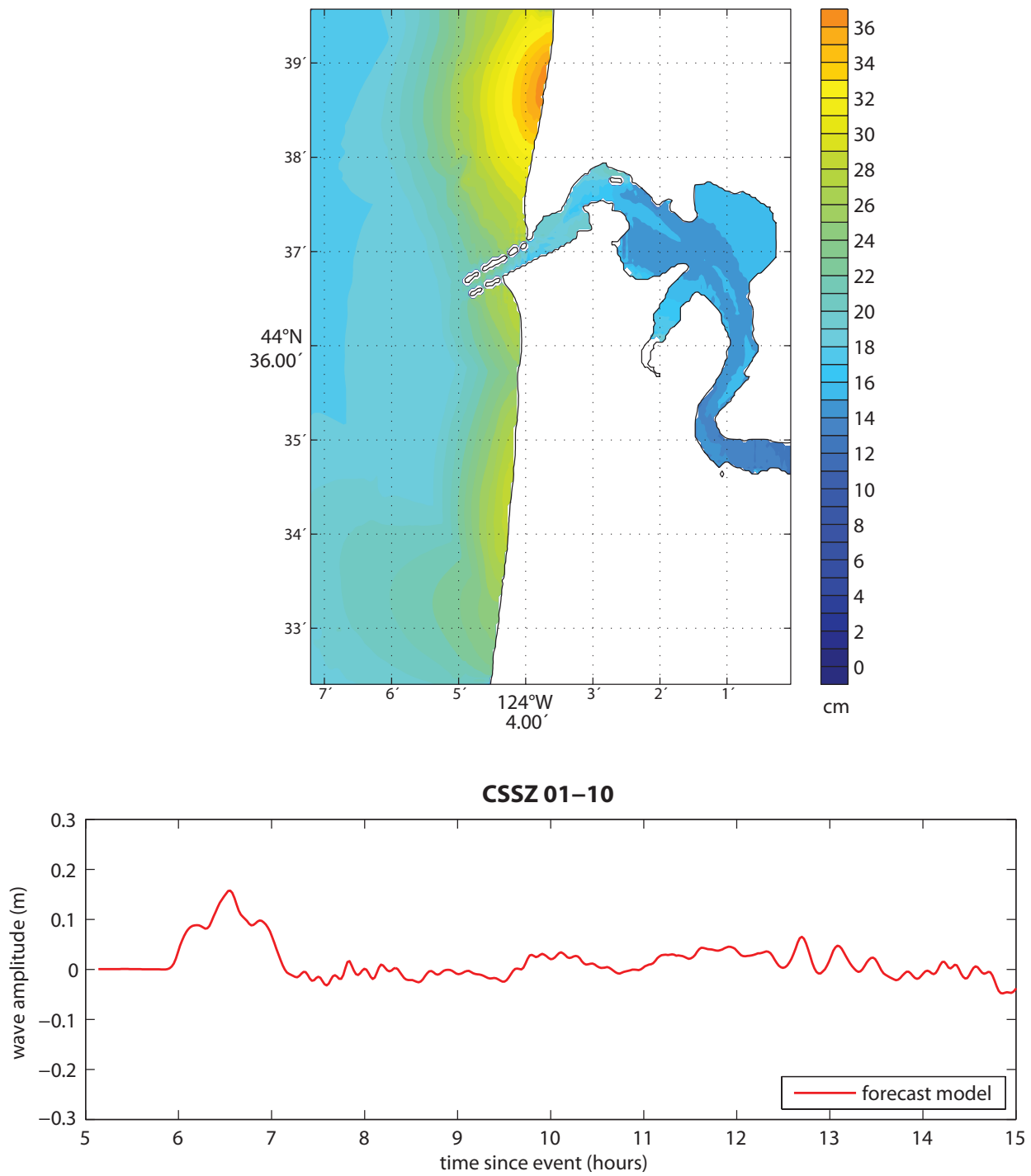


**Figure 28:** Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 50–59 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

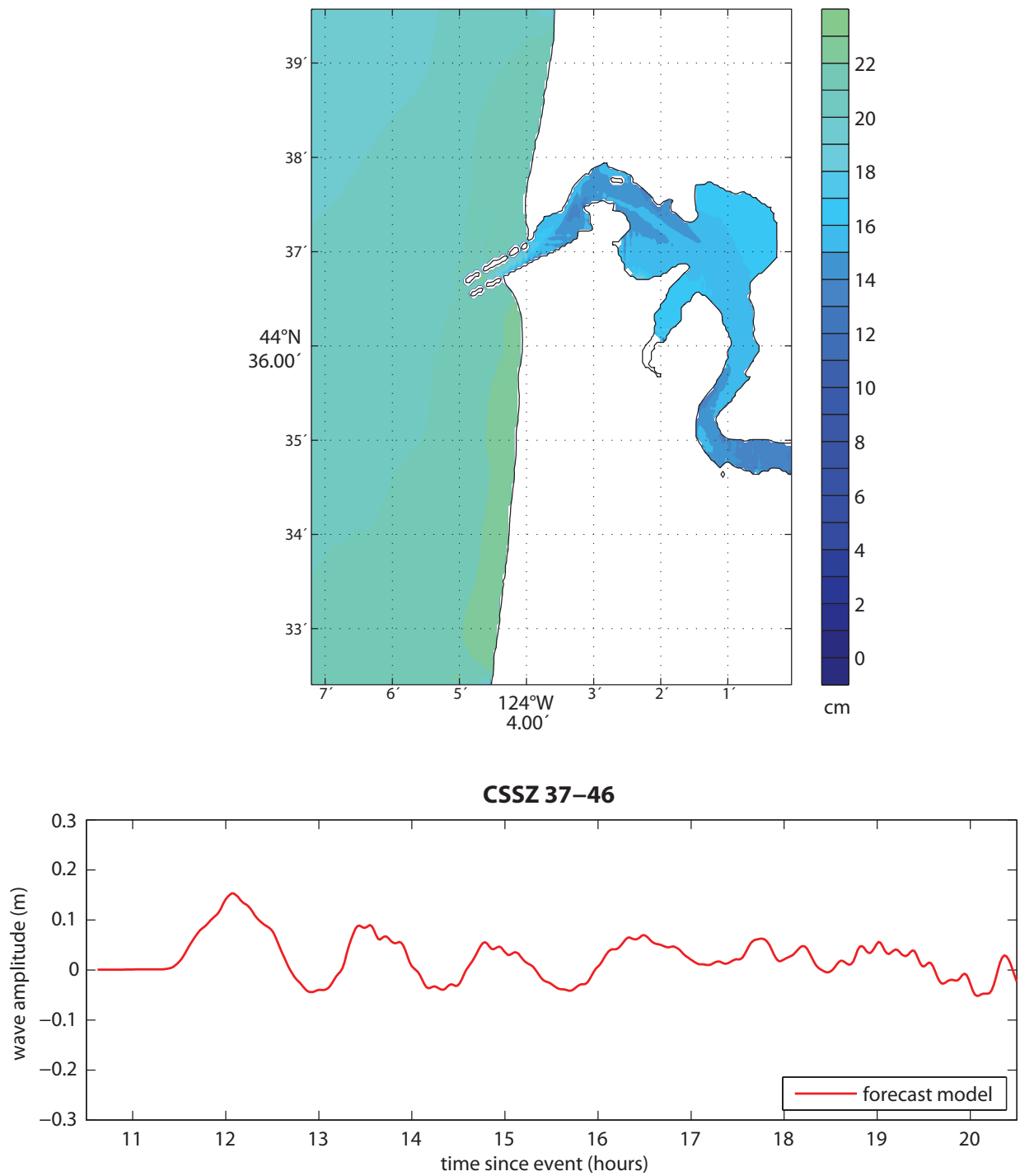




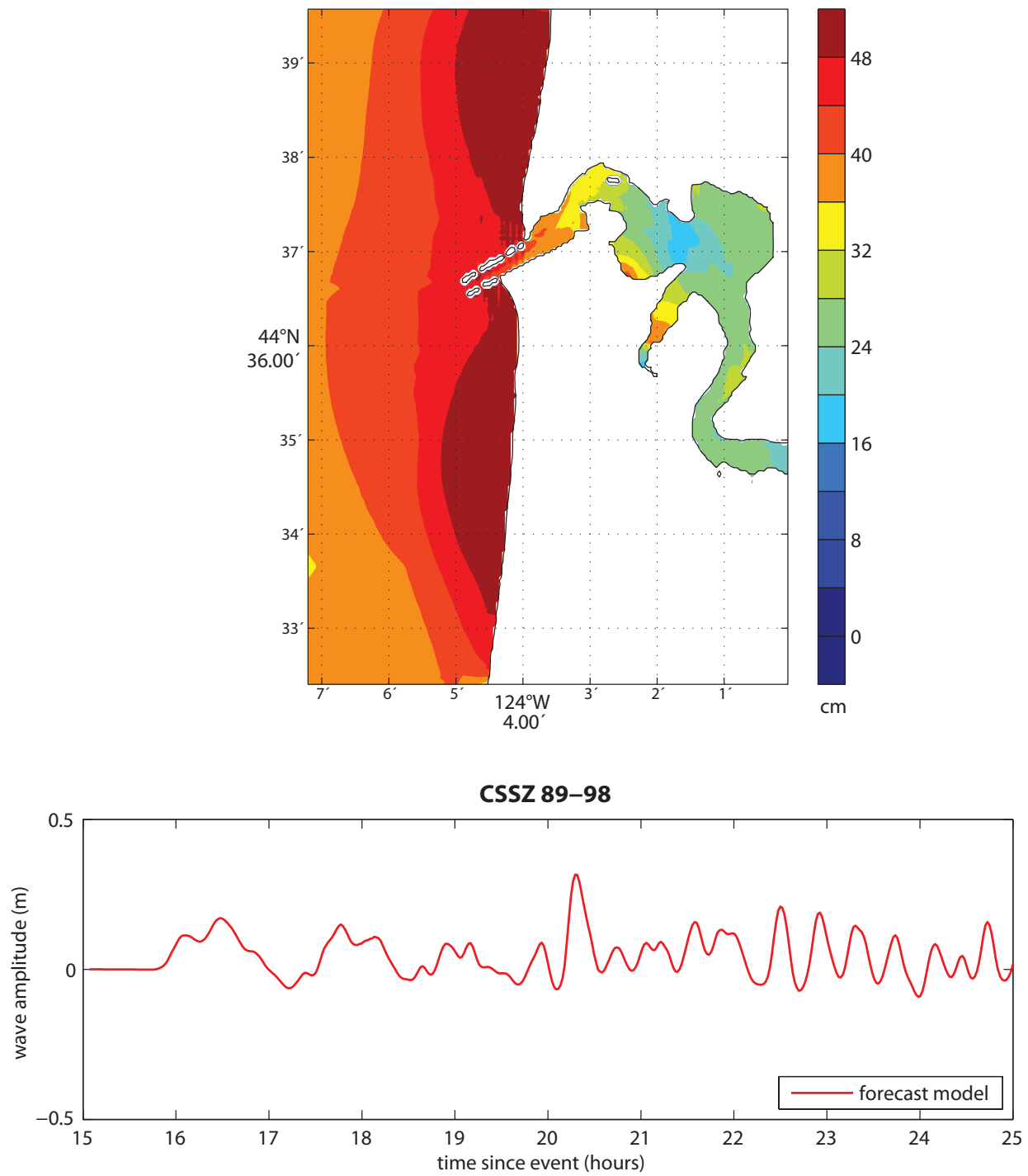
**Figure 29:** Results from the forecast model for the ACSZ 56–65 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



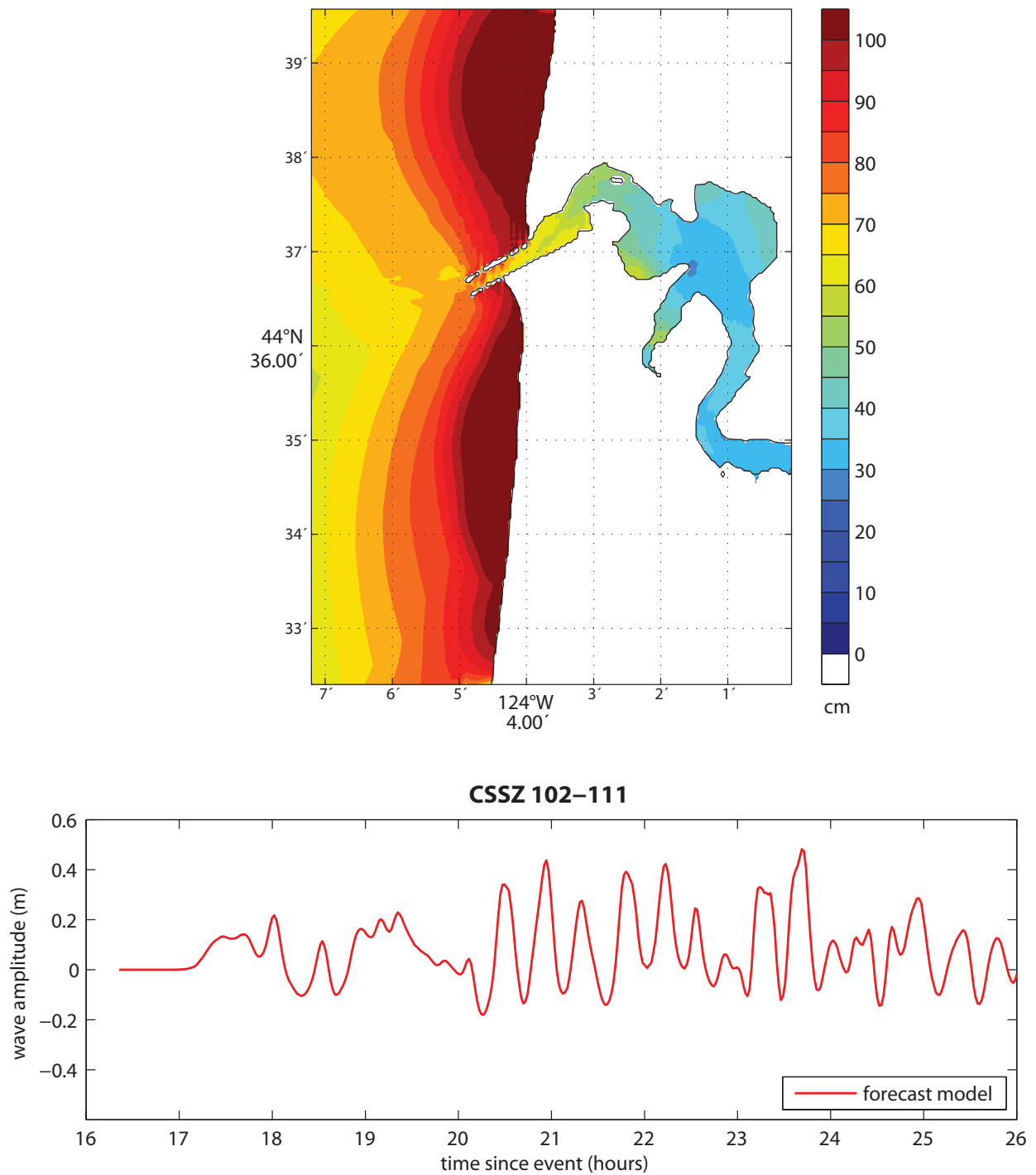
**Figure 30:** Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



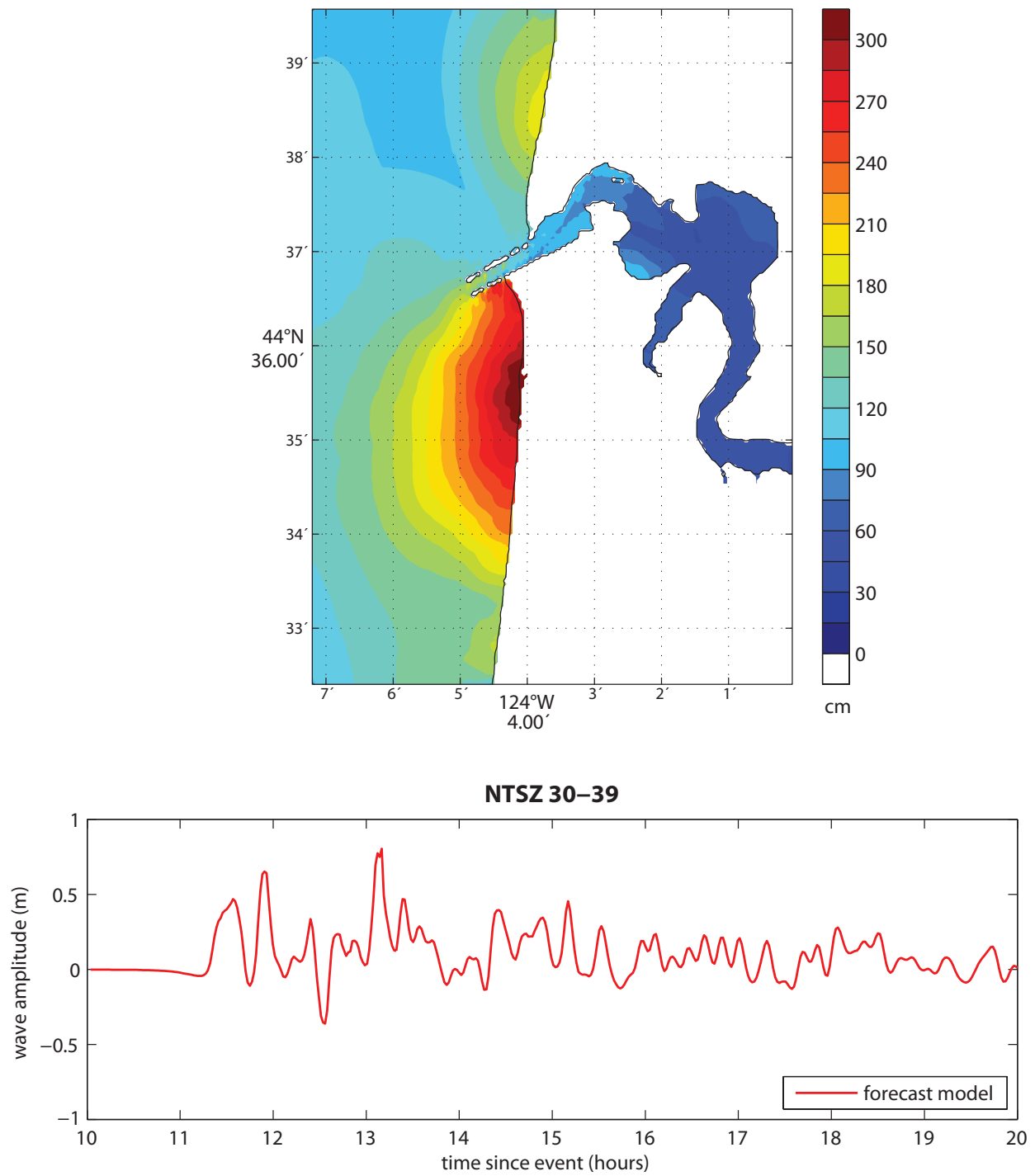
**Figure 31:** Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 37–46 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



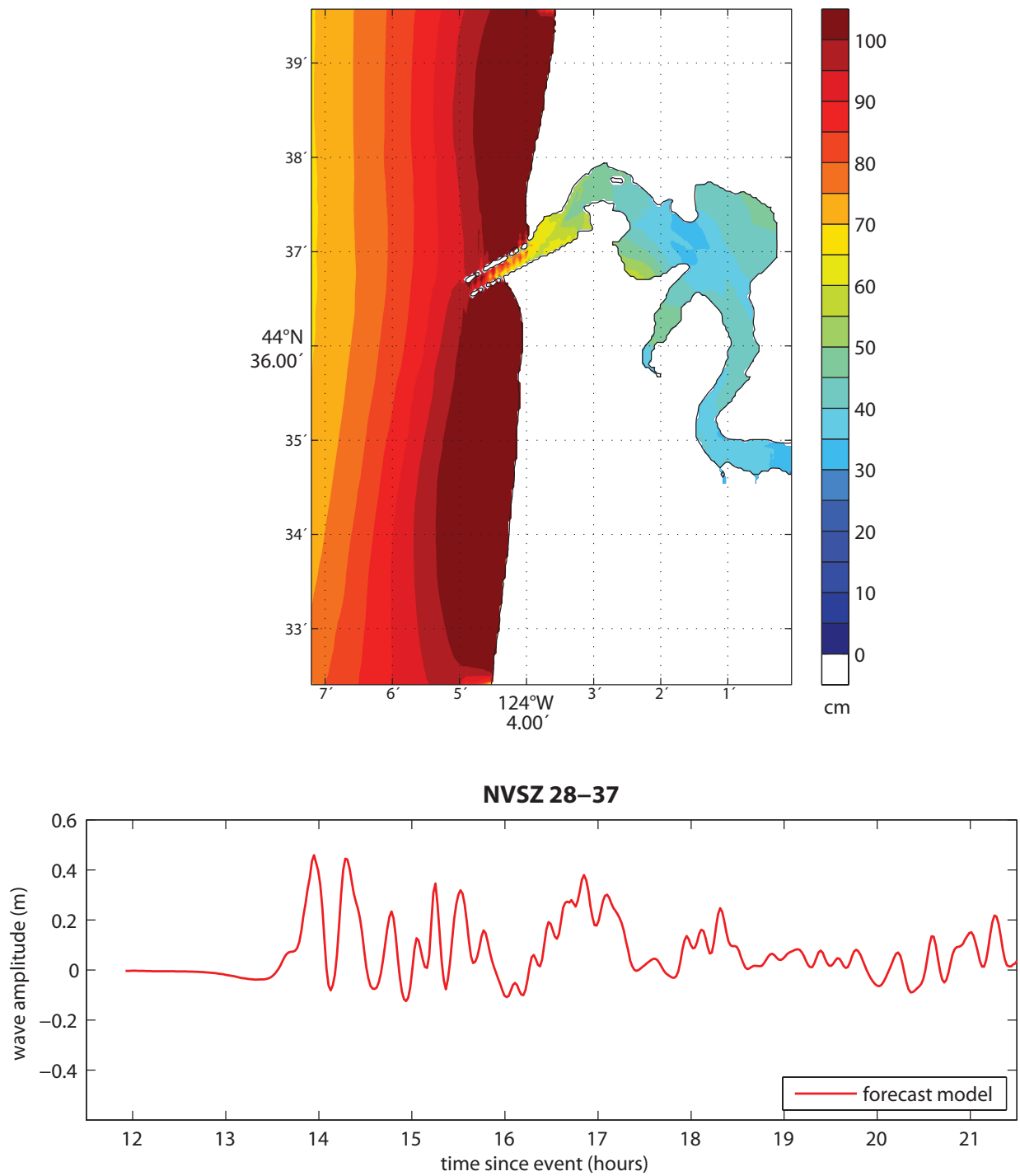
**Figure 32:** Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 89–98 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



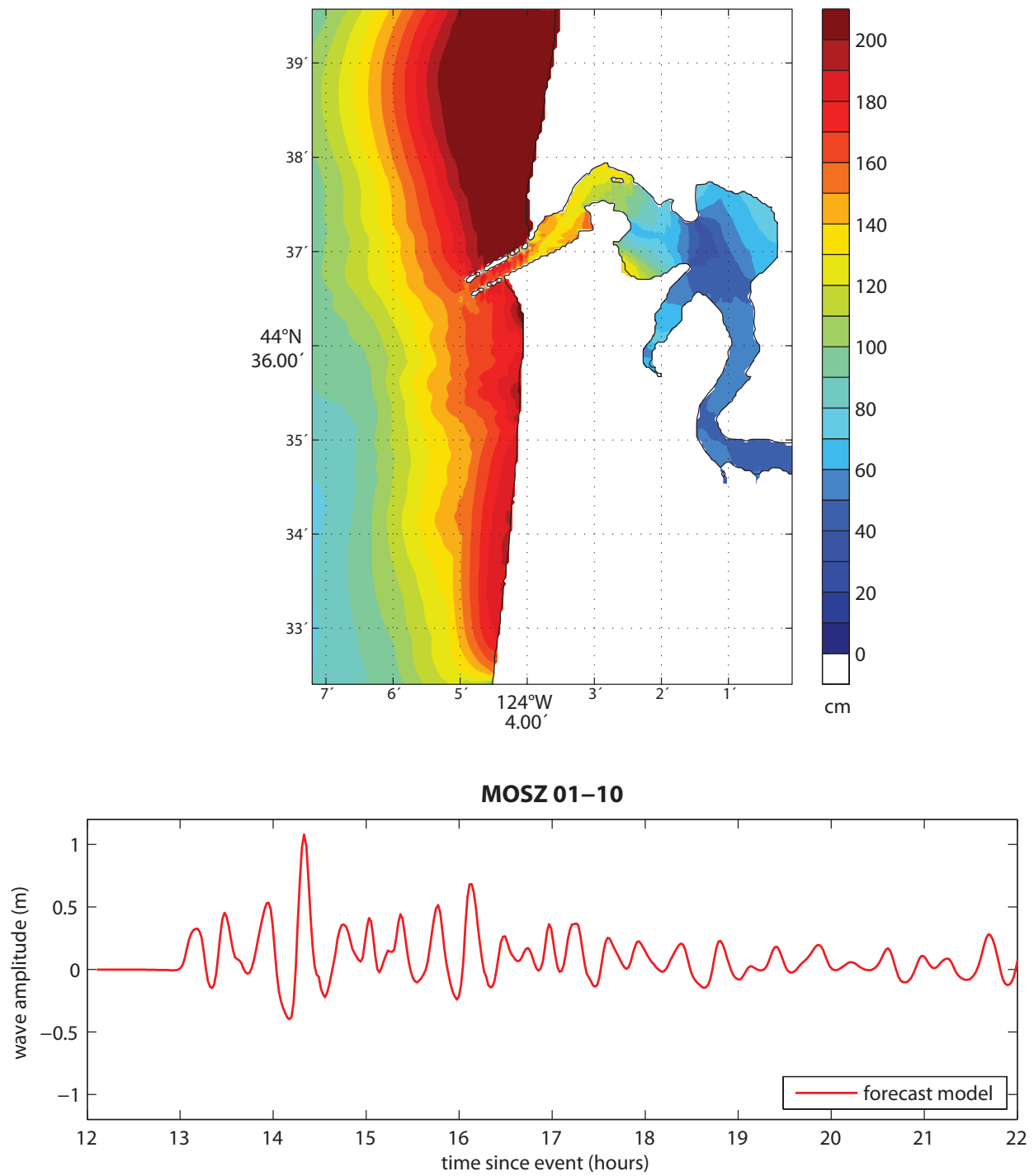
**Figure 33:** Results from the forecast model for the CSSZ 102–111 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



**Figure 34:** Results from the forecast model for the NTSZ 30–39 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

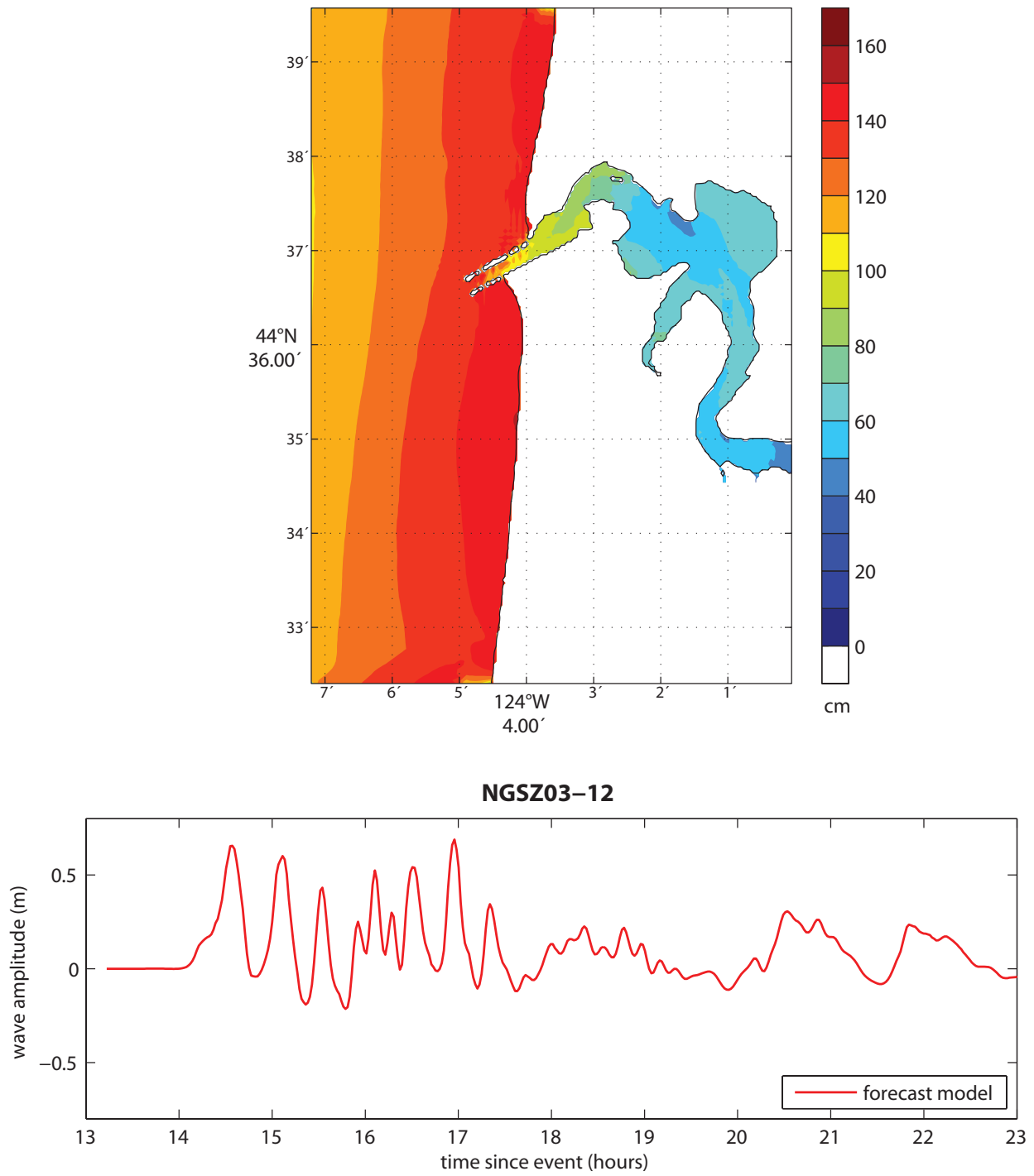


**Figure 35:** Results from the forecast model for the NVSZ 28–37 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

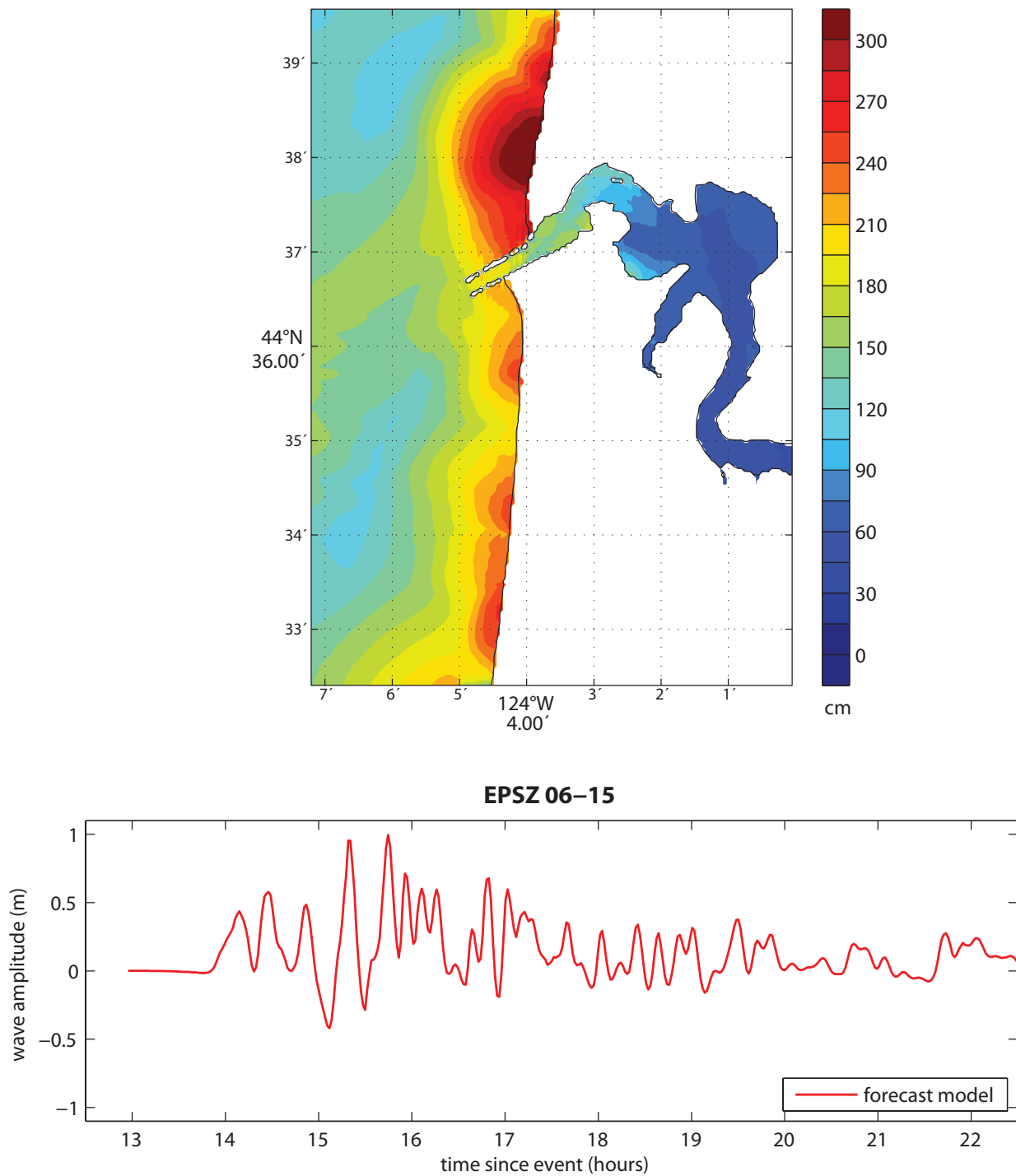


**Figure 36:** Results from the forecast model for the MOSZ 1–10 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.

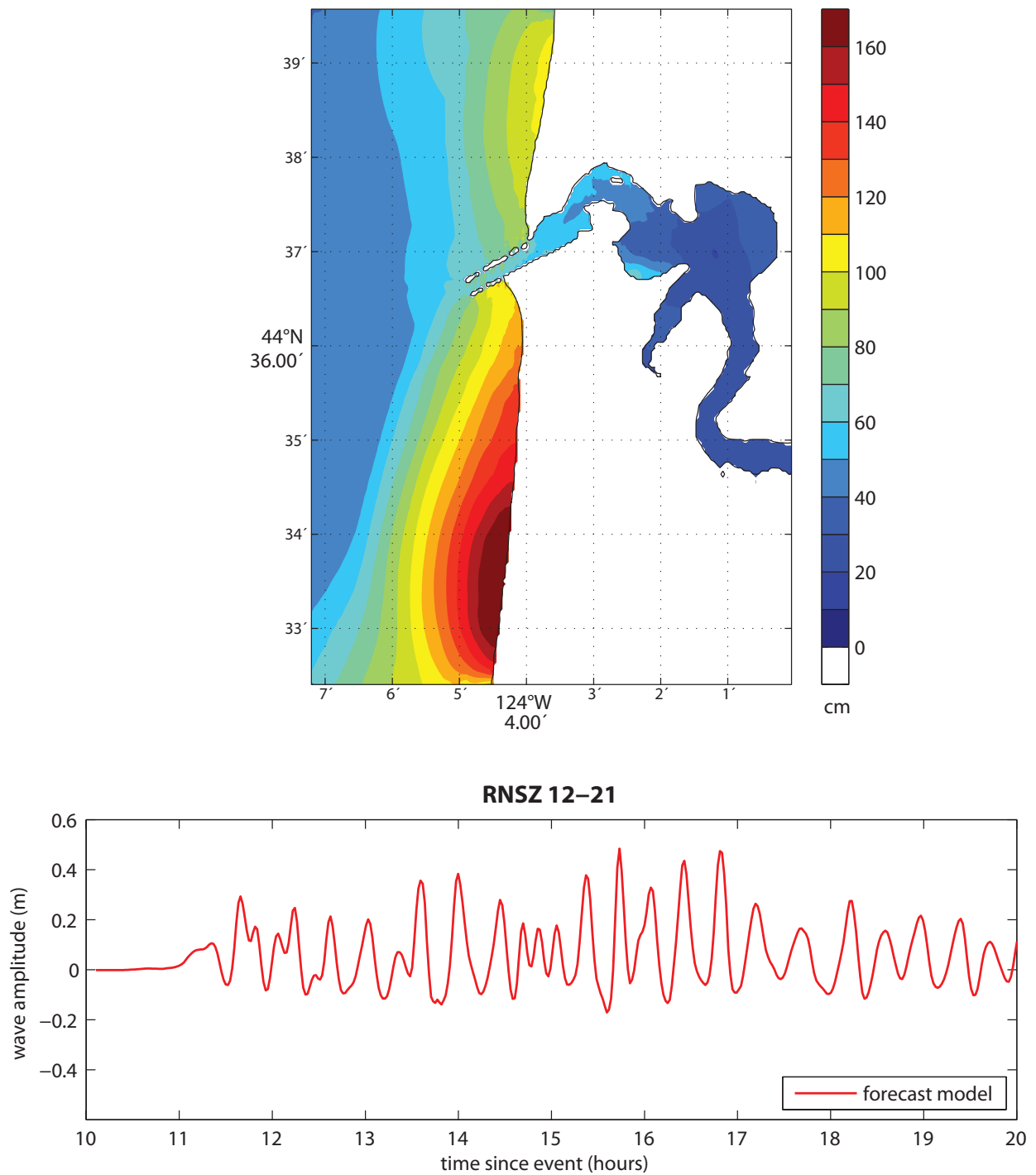




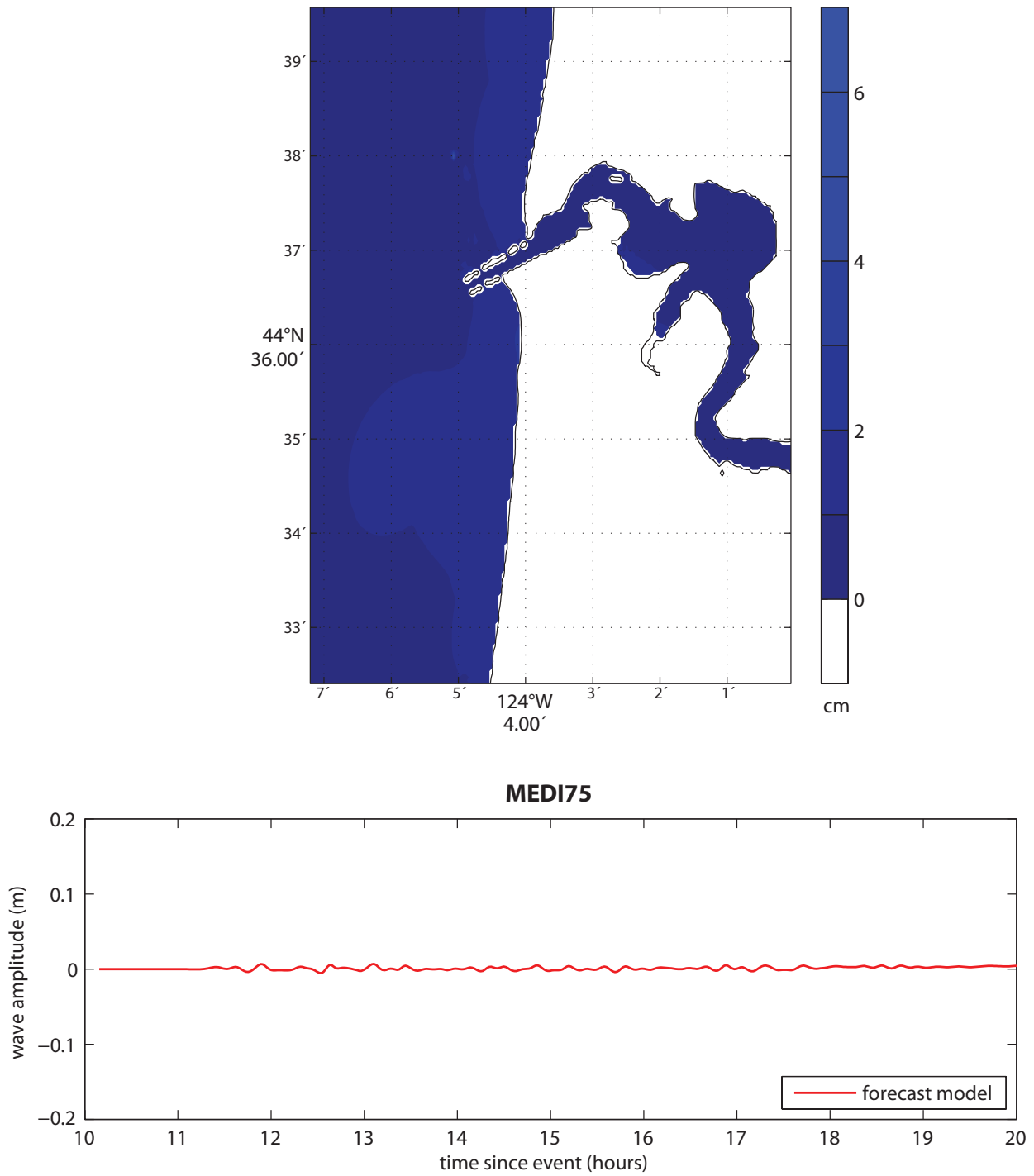
**Figure 37:** Results from the forecast model for the NGSZ 3–12 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



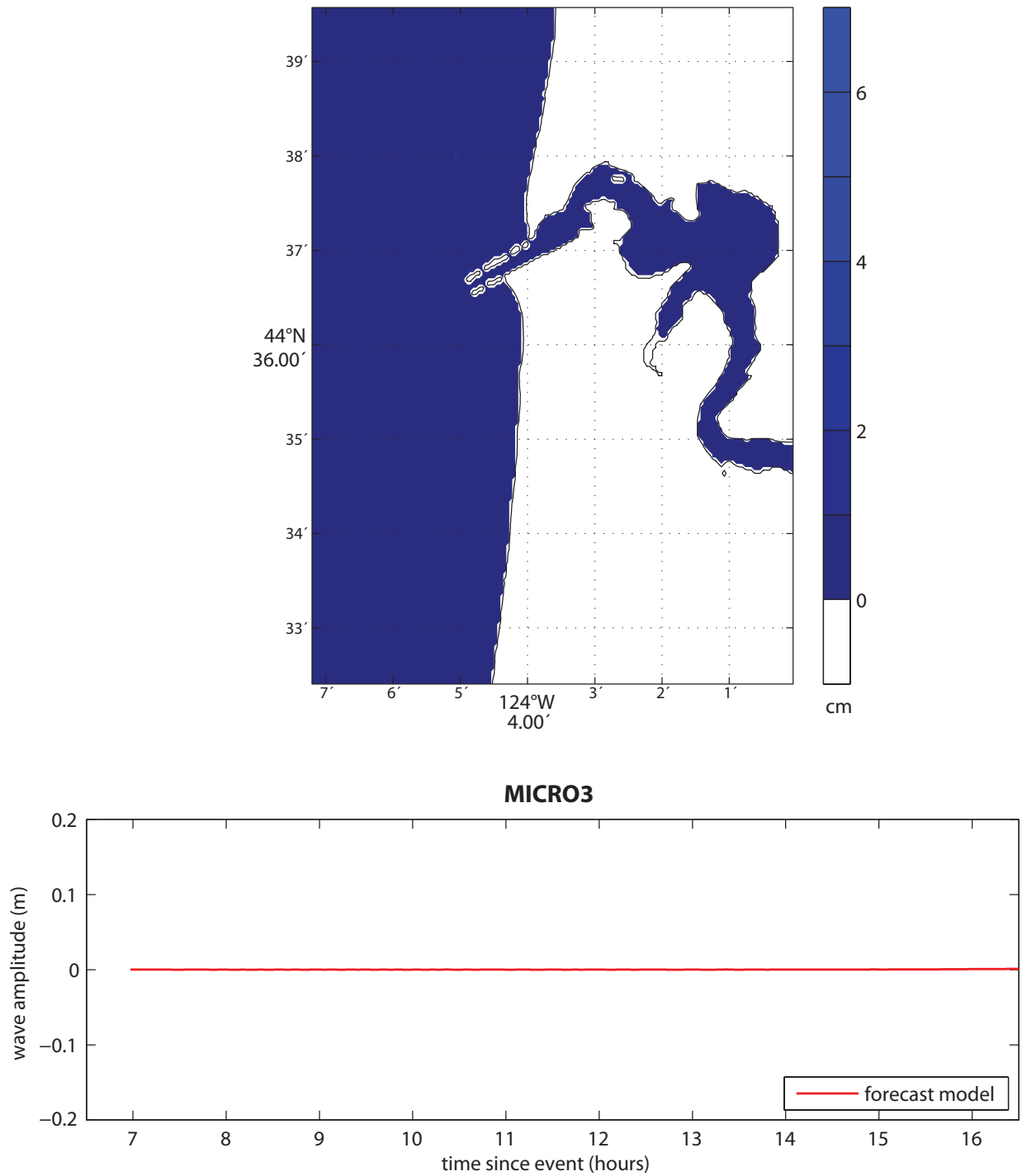
**Figure 38:** Results from the forecast model for the EPSZ 6–15 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



**Figure 39:** Results from the forecast model for the RNSZ 12–21 synthetic event. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



**Figure 40:** Results from the forecast model for the MEDI7.5 synthetic event forced by a small rupture of NTSZ B36. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



**Figure 41:** Results from the forecast model for the MICRO3 synthetic event forced by a Mw 7.5 rupture of ACSZ B6. The upper panel shows the map of predicted maximum wave height in the Newport C grid and the lower panel shows the time series of wave amplitude at the tide gauge location.



## Appendix A.

Since the initial development of the Newport, Oregon, forecast model (SIM), the parameters for the input file for running the forecast model and reference model in MOST have been changed to reflect changes to the MOST model code. The following appendix lists the new input files for Newport, Oregon.

### A1. Reference model \*.in file for Newport, Oregon

```

0.0001xx  Minimum
0.001    Minimum amplitude of input offshore wave (m):
5        Input minimum depth for offshore (m)
0.1      Input "dry land" depth for inundation (m)
0.0009   Input friction coefficient (n**2)
1        let a and b run up
100.0    max eta before blow up (m)
0.6      Input time step (sec)
72000    Input amount of steps
6        Compute "A" arrays every n-th time step, n=
3        Compute "B" arrays every n-th time step, n=
180     Input number of steps between snapshots
0        ...Starting from
1        ...Saving grid every n-th node, n=

```

### A2. Forecast model \*.in file for Newport, Oregon

```

0.0001xx  Minimum
0.001    Minimum amplitude of input offshore wave (m):
5        Input minimum depth for offshore (m)
0.1      Input "dry land" depth for inundation (m)
0.0009   Input friction coefficient (n**2)
1        let a and b run up
100.0    max eta before blow up (m)
2.5      Input time step (sec)
14400    Input amount of steps
1        Compute "A" arrays every n-th time step, n=
1        Compute "B" arrays every n-th time step, n=
15       Input number of steps between snapshots
0        ...Starting from
1        ...Saving grid every n-th node, n=

```





## **Appendix B. Propagation Database**

### **Pacific Ocean Unit Sources**

The NOAA Propagation Database presented in this section is the representation of the database as of March 2013. This database may have been updated since March 2013.



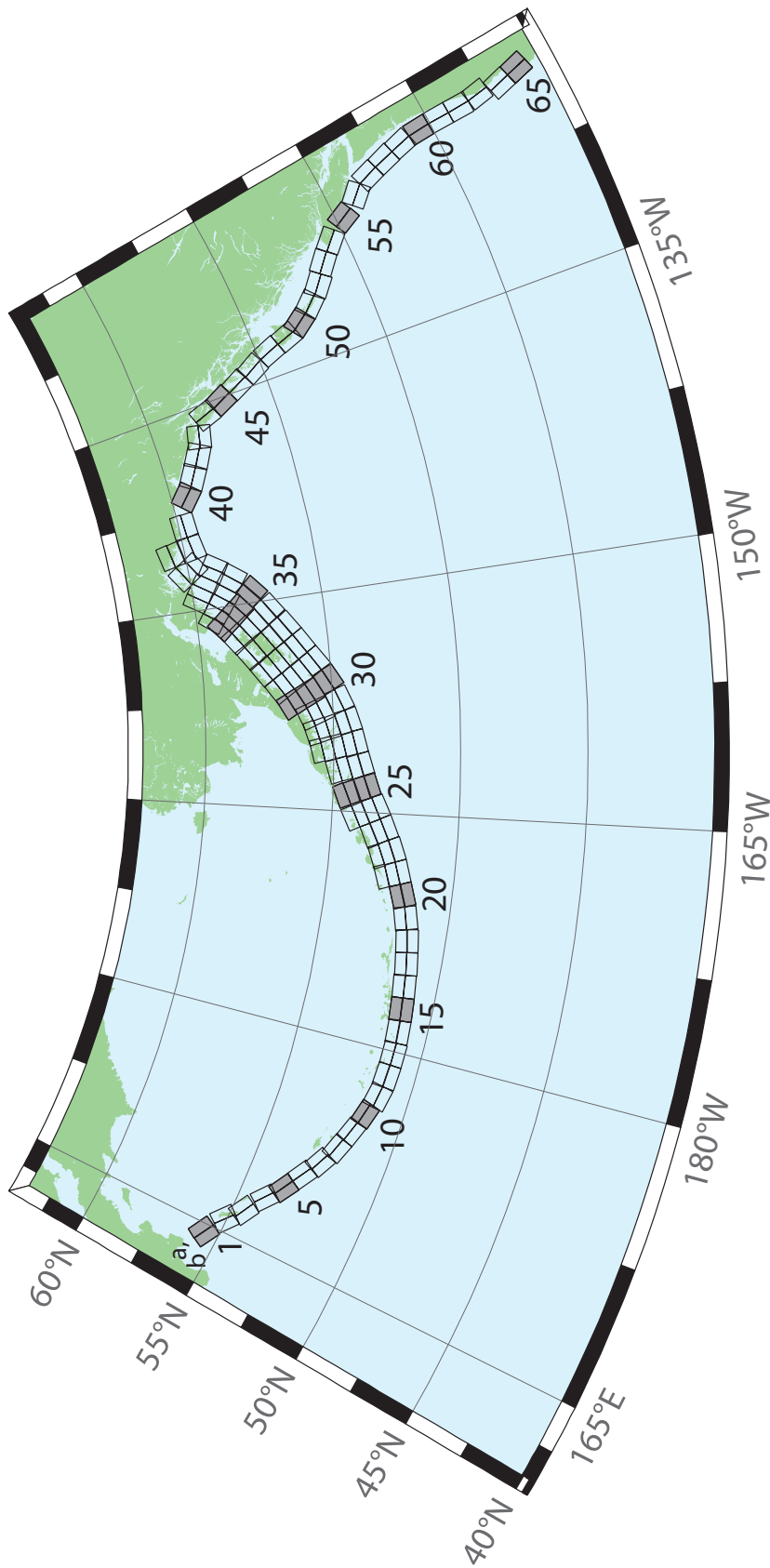


Figure B1: Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B1:** Earthquake parameters for Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>       | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| acsz-1a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 164.7994                  | 55.9606                  | 299                   | 17                 | 19.61                 |
| acsz-1b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 164.4310                  | 55.5849                  | 299                   | 17                 | 5                     |
| acsz-2a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 166.3418                  | 55.4016                  | 310.2                 | 17                 | 19.61                 |
| acsz-2b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 165.8578                  | 55.0734                  | 310.2                 | 17                 | 5                     |
| acsz-3a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 167.2939                  | 54.8919                  | 300.2                 | 23.36              | 24.82                 |
| acsz-3b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 166.9362                  | 54.5356                  | 300.2                 | 23.36              | 5                     |
| acsz-4a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 168.7131                  | 54.2852                  | 310.2                 | 38.51              | 25.33                 |
| acsz-4b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 168.3269                  | 54.0168                  | 310.2                 | 24                 | 5                     |
| acsz-5a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 169.7447                  | 53.7808                  | 302.8                 | 37.02              | 23.54                 |
| acsz-5b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 169.4185                  | 53.4793                  | 302.8                 | 21.77              | 5                     |
| acsz-6a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 171.0144                  | 53.3054                  | 303.2                 | 35.31              | 22.92                 |
| acsz-6b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 170.6813                  | 52.9986                  | 303.2                 | 21                 | 5                     |
| acsz-7a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 172.1500                  | 52.8528                  | 298.2                 | 35.56              | 20.16                 |
| acsz-7b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 171.8665                  | 52.5307                  | 298.2                 | 17.65              | 5                     |
| acsz-8a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 173.2726                  | 52.4579                  | 290.8                 | 37.92              | 20.35                 |
| acsz-8b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 173.0681                  | 52.1266                  | 290.8                 | 17.88              | 5                     |
| acsz-9a        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 174.5866                  | 52.1434                  | 289                   | 39.09              | 21.05                 |
| acsz-9b        | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 174.4027                  | 51.8138                  | 289                   | 18.73              | 5                     |
| acsz-10a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 175.8784                  | 51.8526                  | 286.1                 | 40.51              | 20.87                 |
| acsz-10b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 175.7265                  | 51.5245                  | 286.1                 | 18.51              | 5                     |
| acsz-11a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 177.1140                  | 51.6488                  | 280                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-11b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 176.9937                  | 51.2215                  | 280                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-12a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 178.4500                  | 51.5690                  | 273                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-12b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 178.4130                  | 51.1200                  | 273                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-13a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 179.8550                  | 51.5340                  | 271                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-13b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 179.8420                  | 51.0850                  | 271                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-14a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 181.2340                  | 51.5780                  | 267                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-14b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 181.2720                  | 51.1290                  | 267                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-15a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 182.6380                  | 51.6470                  | 265                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-15b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 182.7000                  | 51.2000                  | 265                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-16a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 184.0550                  | 51.7250                  | 264                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-16b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 184.1280                  | 51.2780                  | 264                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-17a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 185.4560                  | 51.8170                  | 262                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-17b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 185.5560                  | 51.3720                  | 262                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-18a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 186.8680                  | 51.9410                  | 261                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-18b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 186.9810                  | 51.4970                  | 261                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-19a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 188.2430                  | 52.1280                  | 257                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-19b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 188.4060                  | 51.6900                  | 257                   | 15                 | 5                     |

continued on next page

**Table B1:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>       | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| acsz-20a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 189.5810                  | 52.3550                  | 251                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-20b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 189.8180                  | 51.9300                  | 251                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-21a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 190.9570                  | 52.6470                  | 251                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-21b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 191.1960                  | 52.2220                  | 251                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-21z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 190.7399                  | 53.0443                  | 250.8                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-22a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.2940                  | 52.9430                  | 247                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-22b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.5820                  | 52.5300                  | 247                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-22z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 192.0074                  | 53.3347                  | 247.8                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-23a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.6270                  | 53.3070                  | 245                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-23b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.9410                  | 52.9000                  | 245                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-23z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 193.2991                  | 53.6768                  | 244.6                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-24a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.9740                  | 53.6870                  | 245                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-24b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 195.2910                  | 53.2800                  | 245                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-24y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.3645                  | 54.4604                  | 244.4                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-24z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 194.6793                  | 54.0674                  | 244.6                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-25a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 196.4340                  | 54.0760                  | 250                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-25b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 196.6930                  | 53.6543                  | 250                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-25y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 195.9009                  | 54.8572                  | 247.9                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-25z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 196.1761                  | 54.4536                  | 248.1                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-26a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 197.8970                  | 54.3600                  | 253                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-26b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 198.1200                  | 53.9300                  | 253                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-26y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 197.5498                  | 55.1934                  | 253.1                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-26z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 197.7620                  | 54.7770                  | 253.3                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-27a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 199.4340                  | 54.5960                  | 256                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-27b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 199.6200                  | 54.1600                  | 256                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-27x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 198.9736                  | 55.8631                  | 256.5                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-27y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 199.1454                  | 55.4401                  | 256.6                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-27z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 199.3135                  | 55.0170                  | 256.8                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-28a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 200.8820                  | 54.8300                  | 253                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-28b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 201.1080                  | 54.4000                  | 253                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-28x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 200.1929                  | 56.0559                  | 252.5                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-28y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 200.4167                  | 55.6406                  | 252.7                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-28z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 200.6360                  | 55.2249                  | 252.9                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-29a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 202.2610                  | 55.1330                  | 247                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-29b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 202.5650                  | 54.7200                  | 247                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-29x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 201.2606                  | 56.2861                  | 245.7                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-29y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 201.5733                  | 55.8888                  | 246                   | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-29z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 201.8797                  | 55.4908                  | 246.2                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |

continued on next page

**Table B1:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>       | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| acsz-30a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.6040                  | 55.5090                  | 240                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-30b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.9970                  | 55.1200                  | 240                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-30w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 201.9901                  | 56.9855                  | 239.5                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-30x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 202.3851                  | 56.6094                  | 239.8                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-30y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 202.7724                  | 56.2320                  | 240.2                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-30z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.1521                  | 55.8534                  | 240.5                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-31a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 204.8950                  | 55.9700                  | 236                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-31b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 205.3400                  | 55.5980                  | 236                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-31w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.0825                  | 57.3740                  | 234.5                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-31x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.5408                  | 57.0182                  | 234.9                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-31y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 203.9904                  | 56.6607                  | 235.3                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-31z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 204.4315                  | 56.3016                  | 235.7                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-32a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 206.2080                  | 56.4730                  | 236                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-32b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 206.6580                  | 56.1000                  | 236                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-32w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 204.4129                  | 57.8908                  | 234.3                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-32x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 204.8802                  | 57.5358                  | 234.7                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-32y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 205.3385                  | 57.1792                  | 235.1                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-32z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 205.7880                  | 56.8210                  | 235.5                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-33a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 207.5370                  | 56.9750                  | 236                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-33b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 207.9930                  | 56.6030                  | 236                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-33w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 205.7126                  | 58.3917                  | 234.2                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-33x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 206.1873                  | 58.0371                  | 234.6                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-33y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 206.6527                  | 57.6808                  | 235                   | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-33z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 207.1091                  | 57.3227                  | 235.4                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-34a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 208.9371                  | 57.5124                  | 236                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-34b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 209.4000                  | 57.1400                  | 236                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-34w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 206.9772                  | 58.8804                  | 233.5                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-34x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 207.4677                  | 58.5291                  | 233.9                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-34y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 207.9485                  | 58.1760                  | 234.3                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-34z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 208.4198                  | 57.8213                  | 234.7                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-35a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 210.2597                  | 58.0441                  | 230                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-35b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 210.8000                  | 57.7000                  | 230                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-35w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 208.0204                  | 59.3199                  | 228.8                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-35x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 208.5715                  | 58.9906                  | 229.3                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-35y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 209.1122                  | 58.6590                  | 229.7                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-35z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 209.6425                  | 58.3252                  | 230.2                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-36a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 211.3249                  | 58.6565                  | 218                   | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-36b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 212.0000                  | 58.3800                  | 218                   | 15                 | 5                     |

continued on next page

**Table B1:** (continued)

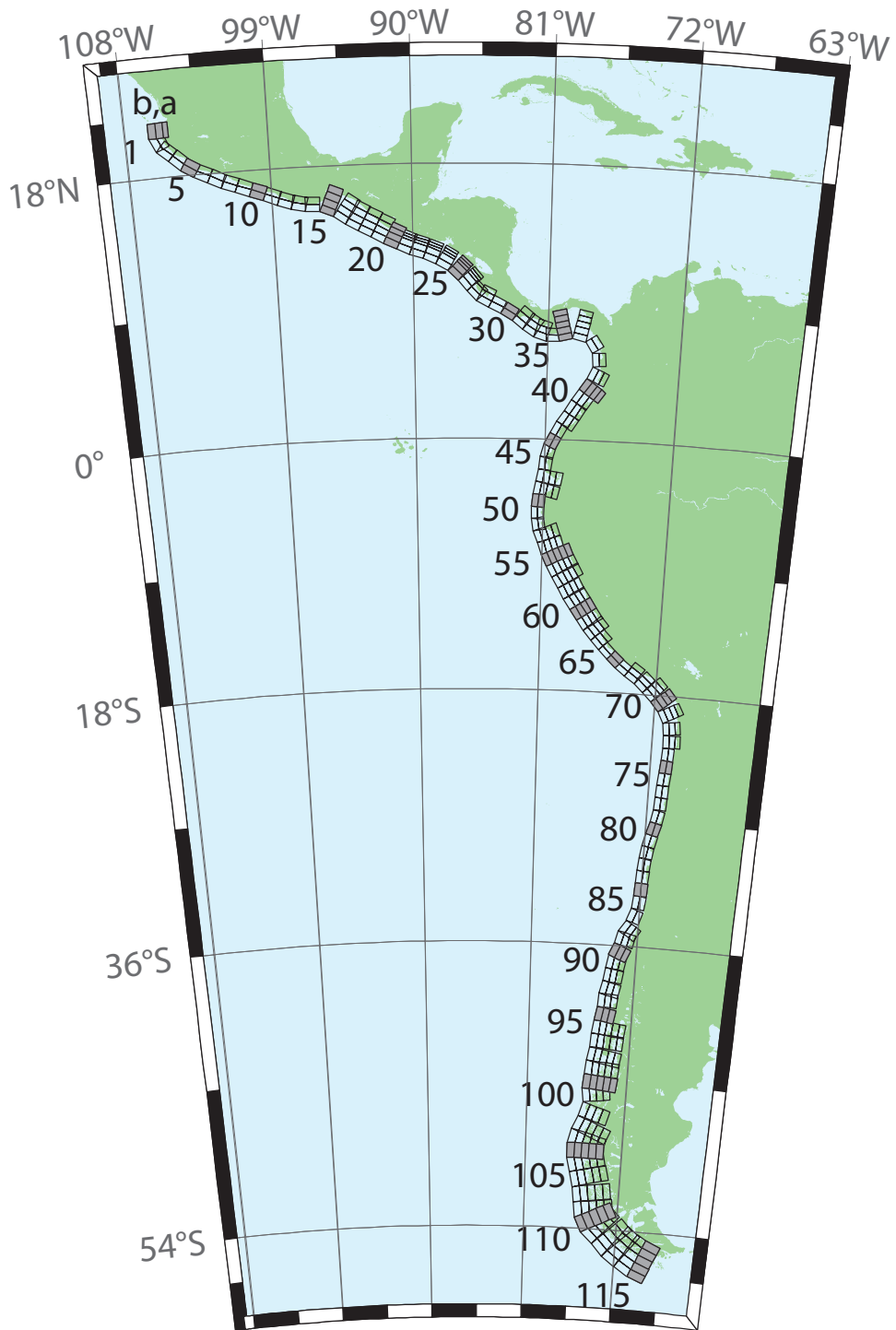
| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>       | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| acsz-36w       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 208.5003                  | 59.5894                  | 215.6                 | 15                 | 69.12                 |
| acsz-36x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 209.1909                  | 59.3342                  | 216.2                 | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-36y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 209.8711                  | 59.0753                  | 216.8                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-36z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 210.5412                  | 58.8129                  | 217.3                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-37a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 212.2505                  | 59.2720                  | 213.7                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-37b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 212.9519                  | 59.0312                  | 213.7                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| acsz-37x       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 210.1726                  | 60.0644                  | 213                   | 15                 | 56.24                 |
| acsz-37y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 210.8955                  | 59.8251                  | 213.7                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-37z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 211.6079                  | 59.5820                  | 214.3                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |
| acsz-38a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 214.6555                  | 60.1351                  | 260.1                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-38b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 214.8088                  | 59.6927                  | 260.1                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-38y       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 214.3737                  | 60.9838                  | 259                   | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-38z       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 214.5362                  | 60.5429                  | 259                   | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-39a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 216.5607                  | 60.2480                  | 267                   | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-39b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 216.6068                  | 59.7994                  | 267                   | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-40a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 219.3069                  | 59.7574                  | 310.9                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-40b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 218.7288                  | 59.4180                  | 310.9                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-41a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 220.4832                  | 59.3390                  | 300.7                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-41b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 220.0382                  | 58.9529                  | 300.7                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-42a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 221.8835                  | 58.9310                  | 298.9                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-42b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 221.4671                  | 58.5379                  | 298.9                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-43a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 222.9711                  | 58.6934                  | 282.3                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-43b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 222.7887                  | 58.2546                  | 282.3                 | 0                  | 15                    |
| acsz-44a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 224.9379                  | 57.9054                  | 340.9                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-44b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 224.1596                  | 57.7617                  | 340.9                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-45a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 225.4994                  | 57.1634                  | 334.1                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-45b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 224.7740                  | 56.9718                  | 334.1                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-46a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 226.1459                  | 56.3552                  | 334.1                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-46b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 225.4358                  | 56.1636                  | 334.1                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-47a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 226.7731                  | 55.5830                  | 332.3                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-47b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 226.0887                  | 55.3785                  | 332.3                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-48a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 227.4799                  | 54.6763                  | 339.4                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-48b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 226.7713                  | 54.5217                  | 339.4                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-49a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 227.9482                  | 53.8155                  | 341.2                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-49b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 227.2462                  | 53.6737                  | 341.2                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-50a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 228.3970                  | 53.2509                  | 324.5                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-50b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 227.8027                  | 52.9958                  | 324.5                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-51a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 229.1844                  | 52.6297                  | 318.4                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |

continued on next page

**Table B1:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>       | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| acsz-51b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 228.6470                  | 52.3378                  | 318.4                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-52a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 230.0306                  | 52.0768                  | 310.9                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-52b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 229.5665                  | 51.7445                  | 310.9                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-53a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 231.1735                  | 51.5258                  | 310.9                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-53b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 230.7150                  | 51.1935                  | 310.9                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-54a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 232.2453                  | 50.8809                  | 314.1                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-54b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 231.7639                  | 50.5655                  | 314.1                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-55a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 233.3066                  | 49.9032                  | 333.7                 | 12                 | 11.09                 |
| acsz-55b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 232.6975                  | 49.7086                  | 333.7                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| acsz-56a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 234.0588                  | 49.1702                  | 315                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-56b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 233.5849                  | 48.8584                  | 315                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-57a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 234.9041                  | 48.2596                  | 341                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-57b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 234.2797                  | 48.1161                  | 341                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-58a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.3021                  | 47.3812                  | 344                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-58b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 234.6776                  | 47.2597                  | 344                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-59a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.6432                  | 46.5082                  | 345                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-59b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.0257                  | 46.3941                  | 345                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-60a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.8640                  | 45.5429                  | 356                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-60b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.2363                  | 45.5121                  | 356                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-61a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.9106                  | 44.6227                  | 359                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-61b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.2913                  | 44.6150                  | 359                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-62a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.9229                  | 43.7245                  | 359                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-62b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.3130                  | 43.7168                  | 359                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-63a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 236.0220                  | 42.9020                  | 350                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-63b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.4300                  | 42.8254                  | 350                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-64a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.9638                  | 41.9818                  | 345                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-64b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.3919                  | 41.8677                  | 345                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-65a       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 236.2643                  | 41.1141                  | 345                   | 11                 | 12.82                 |
| acsz-65b       | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 235.7000                  | 41.0000                  | 345                   | 9                  | 5                     |
| acsz-238a      | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 213.2878                  | 59.8406                  | 236.8                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| acsz-238y      | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 212.3424                  | 60.5664                  | 236.8                 | 15                 | 43.82                 |
| acsz-238z      | Aleutian–Alaska–Cascadia | 212.8119                  | 60.2035                  | 236.8                 | 15                 | 30.88                 |





**Figure B2:** Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B2:** Earthquake parameters for Central and South America Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-1a        | Central and South America | 254.4573                  | 20.8170                  | 359                   | 19                 | 15.4                  |
| cssz-1b        | Central and South America | 254.0035                  | 20.8094                  | 359                   | 12                 | 5                     |
| cssz-1z        | Central and South America | 254.7664                  | 20.8222                  | 359                   | 50                 | 31.67                 |
| cssz-2a        | Central and South America | 254.5765                  | 20.2806                  | 336.8                 | 19                 | 15.4                  |
| cssz-2b        | Central and South America | 254.1607                  | 20.1130                  | 336.8                 | 12                 | 5                     |
| cssz-3a        | Central and South America | 254.8789                  | 19.8923                  | 310.6                 | 18.31              | 15.27                 |
| cssz-3b        | Central and South America | 254.5841                  | 19.5685                  | 310.6                 | 11.85              | 5                     |
| cssz-4a        | Central and South America | 255.6167                  | 19.2649                  | 313.4                 | 17.62              | 15.12                 |
| cssz-4b        | Central and South America | 255.3056                  | 18.9537                  | 313.4                 | 11.68              | 5                     |
| cssz-5a        | Central and South America | 256.2240                  | 18.8148                  | 302.7                 | 16.92              | 15                    |
| cssz-5b        | Central and South America | 255.9790                  | 18.4532                  | 302.7                 | 11.54              | 5                     |
| cssz-6a        | Central and South America | 256.9425                  | 18.4383                  | 295.1                 | 16.23              | 14.87                 |
| cssz-6b        | Central and South America | 256.7495                  | 18.0479                  | 295.1                 | 11.38              | 5                     |
| cssz-7a        | Central and South America | 257.8137                  | 18.0339                  | 296.9                 | 15.54              | 14.74                 |
| cssz-7b        | Central and South America | 257.6079                  | 17.6480                  | 296.9                 | 11.23              | 5                     |
| cssz-8a        | Central and South America | 258.5779                  | 17.7151                  | 290.4                 | 14.85              | 14.61                 |
| cssz-8b        | Central and South America | 258.4191                  | 17.3082                  | 290.4                 | 11.08              | 5                     |
| cssz-9a        | Central and South America | 259.4578                  | 17.4024                  | 290.5                 | 14.15              | 14.47                 |
| cssz-9b        | Central and South America | 259.2983                  | 16.9944                  | 290.5                 | 10.92              | 5                     |
| cssz-10a       | Central and South America | 260.3385                  | 17.0861                  | 290.8                 | 13.46              | 14.34                 |
| cssz-10b       | Central and South America | 260.1768                  | 16.6776                  | 290.8                 | 10.77              | 5                     |
| cssz-11a       | Central and South America | 261.2255                  | 16.7554                  | 291.8                 | 12.77              | 14.21                 |
| cssz-11b       | Central and South America | 261.0556                  | 16.3487                  | 291.8                 | 10.62              | 5                     |
| cssz-12a       | Central and South America | 262.0561                  | 16.4603                  | 288.9                 | 12.08              | 14.08                 |
| cssz-12b       | Central and South America | 261.9082                  | 16.0447                  | 288.9                 | 10.46              | 5                     |
| cssz-13a       | Central and South America | 262.8638                  | 16.2381                  | 283.2                 | 11.38              | 13.95                 |
| cssz-13b       | Central and South America | 262.7593                  | 15.8094                  | 283.2                 | 10.31              | 5                     |
| cssz-14a       | Central and South America | 263.6066                  | 16.1435                  | 272.1                 | 10.69              | 13.81                 |
| cssz-14b       | Central and South America | 263.5901                  | 15.7024                  | 272.1                 | 10.15              | 5                     |
| cssz-15a       | Central and South America | 264.8259                  | 15.8829                  | 293                   | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-15b       | Central and South America | 264.6462                  | 15.4758                  | 293                   | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-15y       | Central and South America | 265.1865                  | 16.6971                  | 293                   | 10                 | 31.05                 |
| cssz-15z       | Central and South America | 265.0060                  | 16.2900                  | 293                   | 10                 | 22.36                 |
| cssz-16a       | Central and South America | 265.7928                  | 15.3507                  | 304.9                 | 15                 | 15.82                 |
| cssz-16b       | Central and South America | 265.5353                  | 14.9951                  | 304.9                 | 12.5               | 5                     |
| cssz-16y       | Central and South America | 266.3092                  | 16.0619                  | 304.9                 | 15                 | 41.7                  |
| cssz-16z       | Central and South America | 266.0508                  | 15.7063                  | 304.9                 | 15                 | 28.76                 |
| cssz-17a       | Central and South America | 266.4947                  | 14.9019                  | 299.5                 | 20                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-17b       | Central and South America | 266.2797                  | 14.5346                  | 299.5                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-17y       | Central and South America | 266.9259                  | 15.6365                  | 299.5                 | 20                 | 52.14                 |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-17z       | Central and South America | 266.7101                  | 15.2692                  | 299.5                 | 20                 | 35.04                 |
| cssz-18a       | Central and South America | 267.2827                  | 14.4768                  | 298                   | 21.5               | 17.94                 |
| cssz-18b       | Central and South America | 267.0802                  | 14.1078                  | 298                   | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-18y       | Central and South America | 267.6888                  | 15.2148                  | 298                   | 21.5               | 54.59                 |
| cssz-18z       | Central and South America | 267.4856                  | 14.8458                  | 298                   | 21.5               | 36.27                 |
| cssz-19a       | Central and South America | 268.0919                  | 14.0560                  | 297.6                 | 23                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-19b       | Central and South America | 267.8943                  | 13.6897                  | 297.6                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-19y       | Central and South America | 268.4880                  | 14.7886                  | 297.6                 | 23                 | 57.01                 |
| cssz-19z       | Central and South America | 268.2898                  | 14.4223                  | 297.6                 | 23                 | 37.48                 |
| cssz-20a       | Central and South America | 268.8929                  | 13.6558                  | 296.2                 | 24                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-20b       | Central and South America | 268.7064                  | 13.2877                  | 296.2                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-20y       | Central and South America | 269.1796                  | 14.2206                  | 296.2                 | 45.5               | 73.94                 |
| cssz-20z       | Central and South America | 269.0362                  | 13.9382                  | 296.2                 | 45.5               | 38.28                 |
| cssz-21a       | Central and South America | 269.6797                  | 13.3031                  | 292.6                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-21b       | Central and South America | 269.5187                  | 12.9274                  | 292.6                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-21x       | Central and South America | 269.8797                  | 13.7690                  | 292.6                 | 68                 | 131.8                 |
| cssz-21y       | Central and South America | 269.8130                  | 13.6137                  | 292.6                 | 68                 | 85.43                 |
| cssz-21z       | Central and South America | 269.7463                  | 13.4584                  | 292.6                 | 68                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-22a       | Central and South America | 270.4823                  | 13.0079                  | 288.6                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-22b       | Central and South America | 270.3492                  | 12.6221                  | 288.6                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-22x       | Central and South America | 270.6476                  | 13.4864                  | 288.6                 | 68                 | 131.8                 |
| cssz-22y       | Central and South America | 270.5925                  | 13.3269                  | 288.6                 | 68                 | 85.43                 |
| cssz-22z       | Central and South America | 270.5374                  | 13.1674                  | 288.6                 | 68                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-23a       | Central and South America | 271.3961                  | 12.6734                  | 292.4                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-23b       | Central and South America | 271.2369                  | 12.2972                  | 292.4                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-23x       | Central and South America | 271.5938                  | 13.1399                  | 292.4                 | 68                 | 131.8                 |
| cssz-23y       | Central and South America | 271.5279                  | 12.9844                  | 292.4                 | 68                 | 85.43                 |
| cssz-23z       | Central and South America | 271.4620                  | 12.8289                  | 292.4                 | 68                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-24a       | Central and South America | 272.3203                  | 12.2251                  | 300.2                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-24b       | Central and South America | 272.1107                  | 11.8734                  | 300.2                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-24x       | Central and South America | 272.5917                  | 12.6799                  | 300.2                 | 67                 | 131.1                 |
| cssz-24y       | Central and South America | 272.5012                  | 12.5283                  | 300.2                 | 67                 | 85.1                  |
| cssz-24z       | Central and South America | 272.4107                  | 12.3767                  | 300.2                 | 67                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-25a       | Central and South America | 273.2075                  | 11.5684                  | 313.8                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-25b       | Central and South America | 272.9200                  | 11.2746                  | 313.8                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-25x       | Central and South America | 273.5950                  | 11.9641                  | 313.8                 | 66                 | 130.4                 |
| cssz-25y       | Central and South America | 273.4658                  | 11.8322                  | 313.8                 | 66                 | 84.75                 |
| cssz-25z       | Central and South America | 273.3366                  | 11.7003                  | 313.8                 | 66                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-26a       | Central and South America | 273.8943                  | 10.8402                  | 320.4                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-26b       | Central and South America | 273.5750                  | 10.5808                  | 320.4                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-26x       | Central and South America | 274.3246                  | 11.1894                  | 320.4                 | 66                 | 130.4                 |
| cssz-26y       | Central and South America | 274.1811                  | 11.0730                  | 320.4                 | 66                 | 84.75                 |
| cssz-26z       | Central and South America | 274.0377                  | 10.9566                  | 320.4                 | 66                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-27a       | Central and South America | 274.4569                  | 10.2177                  | 316.1                 | 25                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-27b       | Central and South America | 274.1590                  | 9.9354                   | 316.1                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-27z       | Central and South America | 274.5907                  | 10.3444                  | 316.1                 | 66                 | 39.07                 |
| cssz-28a       | Central and South America | 274.9586                  | 9.8695                   | 297.1                 | 22                 | 14.54                 |
| cssz-28b       | Central and South America | 274.7661                  | 9.4988                   | 297.1                 | 11                 | 5                     |
| cssz-28z       | Central and South America | 275.1118                  | 10.1643                  | 297.1                 | 42.5               | 33.27                 |
| cssz-29a       | Central and South America | 275.7686                  | 9.4789                   | 296.6                 | 19                 | 11.09                 |
| cssz-29b       | Central and South America | 275.5759                  | 9.0992                   | 296.6                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| cssz-30a       | Central and South America | 276.6346                  | 8.9973                   | 302.2                 | 19                 | 9.36                  |
| cssz-30b       | Central and South America | 276.4053                  | 8.6381                   | 302.2                 | 5                  | 5                     |
| cssz-31a       | Central and South America | 277.4554                  | 8.4152                   | 309.1                 | 19                 | 7.62                  |
| cssz-31b       | Central and South America | 277.1851                  | 8.0854                   | 309.1                 | 3                  | 5                     |
| cssz-31z       | Central and South America | 277.7260                  | 8.7450                   | 309.1                 | 19                 | 23.9                  |
| cssz-32a       | Central and South America | 278.1112                  | 7.9425                   | 303                   | 18.67              | 8.49                  |
| cssz-32b       | Central and South America | 277.8775                  | 7.5855                   | 303                   | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-32z       | Central and South America | 278.3407                  | 8.2927                   | 303                   | 21.67              | 24.49                 |
| cssz-33a       | Central and South America | 278.7082                  | 7.6620                   | 287.6                 | 18.33              | 10.23                 |
| cssz-33b       | Central and South America | 278.5785                  | 7.2555                   | 287.6                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-33z       | Central and South America | 278.8328                  | 8.0522                   | 287.6                 | 24.33              | 25.95                 |
| cssz-34a       | Central and South America | 279.3184                  | 7.5592                   | 269.5                 | 18                 | 17.94                 |
| cssz-34b       | Central and South America | 279.3223                  | 7.1320                   | 269.5                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| cssz-35a       | Central and South America | 280.0039                  | 7.6543                   | 255.9                 | 17.67              | 14.54                 |
| cssz-35b       | Central and South America | 280.1090                  | 7.2392                   | 255.9                 | 11                 | 5                     |
| cssz-35x       | Central and South America | 279.7156                  | 8.7898                   | 255.9                 | 29.67              | 79.22                 |
| cssz-35y       | Central and South America | 279.8118                  | 8.4113                   | 255.9                 | 29.67              | 54.47                 |
| cssz-35z       | Central and South America | 279.9079                  | 8.0328                   | 255.9                 | 29.67              | 29.72                 |
| cssz-36a       | Central and South America | 281.2882                  | 7.6778                   | 282.5                 | 17.33              | 11.09                 |
| cssz-36b       | Central and South America | 281.1948                  | 7.2592                   | 282.5                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| cssz-36x       | Central and South America | 281.5368                  | 8.7896                   | 282.5                 | 32.33              | 79.47                 |
| cssz-36y       | Central and South America | 281.4539                  | 8.4190                   | 282.5                 | 32.33              | 52.73                 |
| cssz-36z       | Central and South America | 281.3710                  | 8.0484                   | 282.5                 | 32.33              | 25.99                 |
| cssz-37a       | Central and South America | 282.5252                  | 6.8289                   | 326.9                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-37b       | Central and South America | 282.1629                  | 6.5944                   | 326.9                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-38a       | Central and South America | 282.9469                  | 5.5973                   | 355.4                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-38b       | Central and South America | 282.5167                  | 5.5626                   | 355.4                 | 6                  | 5                     |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-39a       | Central and South America | 282.7236                  | 4.3108                   | 24.13                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-39b       | Central and South America | 282.3305                  | 4.4864                   | 24.13                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-39z       | Central and South America | 283.0603                  | 4.1604                   | 24.13                 | 35                 | 24.85                 |
| cssz-40a       | Central and South America | 282.1940                  | 3.3863                   | 35.28                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-40b       | Central and South America | 281.8427                  | 3.6344                   | 35.28                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-40y       | Central and South America | 282.7956                  | 2.9613                   | 35.28                 | 35                 | 53.52                 |
| cssz-40z       | Central and South America | 282.4948                  | 3.1738                   | 35.28                 | 35                 | 24.85                 |
| cssz-41a       | Central and South America | 281.6890                  | 2.6611                   | 34.27                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-41b       | Central and South America | 281.3336                  | 2.9030                   | 34.27                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-41z       | Central and South America | 281.9933                  | 2.4539                   | 34.27                 | 35                 | 24.85                 |
| cssz-42a       | Central and South America | 281.2266                  | 1.9444                   | 31.29                 | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-42b       | Central and South America | 280.8593                  | 2.1675                   | 31.29                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-42z       | Central and South America | 281.5411                  | 1.7533                   | 31.29                 | 35                 | 24.85                 |
| cssz-43a       | Central and South America | 280.7297                  | 1.1593                   | 33.3                  | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-43b       | Central and South America | 280.3706                  | 1.3951                   | 33.3                  | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-43z       | Central and South America | 281.0373                  | 0.9573                   | 33.3                  | 35                 | 24.85                 |
| cssz-44a       | Central and South America | 280.3018                  | 0.4491                   | 28.8                  | 17                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-44b       | Central and South America | 279.9254                  | 0.6560                   | 28.8                  | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-45a       | Central and South America | 279.9083                  | -0.3259                  | 26.91                 | 10                 | 8.49                  |
| cssz-45b       | Central and South America | 279.5139                  | -0.1257                  | 26.91                 | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-46a       | Central and South America | 279.6461                  | -0.9975                  | 15.76                 | 10                 | 8.49                  |
| cssz-46b       | Central and South America | 279.2203                  | -0.8774                  | 15.76                 | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-47a       | Central and South America | 279.4972                  | -1.7407                  | 6.9                   | 10                 | 8.49                  |
| cssz-47b       | Central and South America | 279.0579                  | -1.6876                  | 6.9                   | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-48a       | Central and South America | 279.3695                  | -2.6622                  | 8.96                  | 10                 | 8.49                  |
| cssz-48b       | Central and South America | 278.9321                  | -2.5933                  | 8.96                  | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-48y       | Central and South America | 280.2444                  | -2.8000                  | 8.96                  | 10                 | 25.85                 |
| cssz-48z       | Central and South America | 279.8070                  | -2.7311                  | 8.96                  | 10                 | 17.17                 |
| cssz-49a       | Central and South America | 279.1852                  | -3.6070                  | 13.15                 | 10                 | 8.49                  |
| cssz-49b       | Central and South America | 278.7536                  | -3.5064                  | 13.15                 | 4                  | 5                     |
| cssz-49y       | Central and South America | 280.0486                  | -3.8082                  | 13.15                 | 10                 | 25.85                 |
| cssz-49z       | Central and South America | 279.6169                  | -3.7076                  | 13.15                 | 10                 | 17.17                 |
| cssz-50a       | Central and South America | 279.0652                  | -4.3635                  | 4.78                  | 10.33              | 9.64                  |
| cssz-50b       | Central and South America | 278.6235                  | -4.3267                  | 4.78                  | 5.33               | 5                     |
| cssz-51a       | Central and South America | 279.0349                  | -5.1773                  | 359.4                 | 10.67              | 10.81                 |
| cssz-51b       | Central and South America | 278.5915                  | -5.1817                  | 359.4                 | 6.67               | 5                     |
| cssz-52a       | Central and South America | 279.1047                  | -5.9196                  | 349.8                 | 11                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-52b       | Central and South America | 278.6685                  | -5.9981                  | 349.8                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-53a       | Central and South America | 279.3044                  | -6.6242                  | 339.2                 | 10.25              | 11.74                 |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-53b       | Central and South America | 278.8884                  | -6.7811                  | 339.2                 | 7.75               | 5                     |
| cssz-53y       | Central and South America | 280.1024                  | -6.3232                  | 339.2                 | 19.25              | 37.12                 |
| cssz-53z       | Central and South America | 279.7035                  | -6.4737                  | 339.2                 | 19.25              | 20.64                 |
| cssz-54a       | Central and South America | 279.6256                  | -7.4907                  | 340.8                 | 9.5                | 11.53                 |
| cssz-54b       | Central and South America | 279.2036                  | -7.6365                  | 340.8                 | 7.5                | 5                     |
| cssz-54y       | Central and South America | 280.4267                  | -7.2137                  | 340.8                 | 20.5               | 37.29                 |
| cssz-54z       | Central and South America | 280.0262                  | -7.3522                  | 340.8                 | 20.5               | 19.78                 |
| cssz-55a       | Central and South America | 279.9348                  | -8.2452                  | 335.4                 | 8.75               | 11.74                 |
| cssz-55b       | Central and South America | 279.5269                  | -8.4301                  | 335.4                 | 7.75               | 5                     |
| cssz-55x       | Central and South America | 281.0837                  | -7.7238                  | 335.4                 | 21.75              | 56.4                  |
| cssz-55y       | Central and South America | 280.7009                  | -7.8976                  | 335.4                 | 21.75              | 37.88                 |
| cssz-55z       | Central and South America | 280.3180                  | -8.0714                  | 335.4                 | 21.75              | 19.35                 |
| cssz-56a       | Central and South America | 280.3172                  | -8.9958                  | 331.6                 | 8                  | 11.09                 |
| cssz-56b       | Central and South America | 279.9209                  | -9.2072                  | 331.6                 | 7                  | 5                     |
| cssz-56x       | Central and South America | 281.4212                  | -8.4063                  | 331.6                 | 23                 | 57.13                 |
| cssz-56y       | Central and South America | 281.0534                  | -8.6028                  | 331.6                 | 23                 | 37.59                 |
| cssz-56z       | Central and South America | 280.6854                  | -8.7993                  | 331.6                 | 23                 | 18.05                 |
| cssz-57a       | Central and South America | 280.7492                  | -9.7356                  | 328.7                 | 8.6                | 10.75                 |
| cssz-57b       | Central and South America | 280.3640                  | -9.9663                  | 328.7                 | 6.6                | 5                     |
| cssz-57x       | Central and South America | 281.8205                  | -9.0933                  | 328.7                 | 23.4               | 57.94                 |
| cssz-57y       | Central and South America | 281.4636                  | -9.3074                  | 328.7                 | 23.4               | 38.08                 |
| cssz-57z       | Central and South America | 281.1065                  | -9.5215                  | 328.7                 | 23.4               | 18.22                 |
| cssz-58a       | Central and South America | 281.2275                  | -10.5350                 | 330.5                 | 9.2                | 10.4                  |
| cssz-58b       | Central and South America | 280.8348                  | -10.7532                 | 330.5                 | 6.2                | 5                     |
| cssz-58y       | Central and South America | 281.9548                  | -10.1306                 | 330.5                 | 23.8               | 38.57                 |
| cssz-58z       | Central and South America | 281.5913                  | -10.3328                 | 330.5                 | 23.8               | 18.39                 |
| cssz-59a       | Central and South America | 281.6735                  | -11.2430                 | 326.2                 | 9.8                | 10.05                 |
| cssz-59b       | Central and South America | 281.2982                  | -11.4890                 | 326.2                 | 5.8                | 5                     |
| cssz-59y       | Central and South America | 282.3675                  | -10.7876                 | 326.2                 | 24.2               | 39.06                 |
| cssz-59z       | Central and South America | 282.0206                  | -11.0153                 | 326.2                 | 24.2               | 18.56                 |
| cssz-60a       | Central and South America | 282.1864                  | -11.9946                 | 326.5                 | 10.4               | 9.71                  |
| cssz-60b       | Central and South America | 281.8096                  | -12.2384                 | 326.5                 | 5.4                | 5                     |
| cssz-60y       | Central and South America | 282.8821                  | -11.5438                 | 326.5                 | 24.6               | 39.55                 |
| cssz-60z       | Central and South America | 282.5344                  | -11.7692                 | 326.5                 | 24.6               | 18.73                 |
| cssz-61a       | Central and South America | 282.6944                  | -12.7263                 | 325.5                 | 11                 | 9.36                  |
| cssz-61b       | Central and South America | 282.3218                  | -12.9762                 | 325.5                 | 5                  | 5                     |
| cssz-61y       | Central and South America | 283.3814                  | -12.2649                 | 325.5                 | 25                 | 40.03                 |
| cssz-61z       | Central and South America | 283.0381                  | -12.4956                 | 325.5                 | 25                 | 18.9                  |
| cssz-62a       | Central and South America | 283.1980                  | -13.3556                 | 319                   | 11                 | 9.79                  |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-62b       | Central and South America | 282.8560                  | -13.6451                 | 319                   | 5.5                | 5                     |
| cssz-62y       | Central and South America | 283.8178                  | -12.8300                 | 319                   | 27                 | 42.03                 |
| cssz-62z       | Central and South America | 283.5081                  | -13.0928                 | 319                   | 27                 | 19.33                 |
| cssz-63a       | Central and South America | 283.8032                  | -14.0147                 | 317.9                 | 11                 | 10.23                 |
| cssz-63b       | Central and South America | 283.4661                  | -14.3106                 | 317.9                 | 6                  | 5                     |
| cssz-63z       | Central and South America | 284.1032                  | -13.7511                 | 317.9                 | 29                 | 19.77                 |
| cssz-64a       | Central and South America | 284.4144                  | -14.6482                 | 315.7                 | 13                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-64b       | Central and South America | 284.0905                  | -14.9540                 | 315.7                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-65a       | Central and South America | 285.0493                  | -15.2554                 | 313.2                 | 15                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-65b       | Central and South America | 284.7411                  | -15.5715                 | 313.2                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-66a       | Central and South America | 285.6954                  | -15.7816                 | 307.7                 | 14.5               | 13.68                 |
| cssz-66b       | Central and South America | 285.4190                  | -16.1258                 | 307.7                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-67a       | Central and South America | 286.4127                  | -16.2781                 | 304.3                 | 14                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-67b       | Central and South America | 286.1566                  | -16.6381                 | 304.3                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-67z       | Central and South America | 286.6552                  | -15.9365                 | 304.3                 | 23                 | 25.78                 |
| cssz-68a       | Central and South America | 287.2481                  | -16.9016                 | 311.8                 | 14                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-68b       | Central and South America | 286.9442                  | -17.2264                 | 311.8                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-68z       | Central and South America | 287.5291                  | -16.6007                 | 311.8                 | 26                 | 25.78                 |
| cssz-69a       | Central and South America | 287.9724                  | -17.5502                 | 314.9                 | 14                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-69b       | Central and South America | 287.6496                  | -17.8590                 | 314.9                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-69y       | Central and South America | 288.5530                  | -16.9934                 | 314.9                 | 29                 | 50.02                 |
| cssz-69z       | Central and South America | 288.2629                  | -17.2718                 | 314.9                 | 29                 | 25.78                 |
| cssz-70a       | Central and South America | 288.6731                  | -18.2747                 | 320.4                 | 14                 | 13.25                 |
| cssz-70b       | Central and South America | 288.3193                  | -18.5527                 | 320.4                 | 9.5                | 5                     |
| cssz-70y       | Central and South America | 289.3032                  | -17.7785                 | 320.4                 | 30                 | 50.35                 |
| cssz-70z       | Central and South America | 288.9884                  | -18.0266                 | 320.4                 | 30                 | 25.35                 |
| cssz-71a       | Central and South America | 289.3089                  | -19.1854                 | 333.2                 | 14                 | 12.82                 |
| cssz-71b       | Central and South America | 288.8968                  | -19.3820                 | 333.2                 | 9                  | 5                     |
| cssz-71y       | Central and South America | 290.0357                  | -18.8382                 | 333.2                 | 31                 | 50.67                 |
| cssz-71z       | Central and South America | 289.6725                  | -19.0118                 | 333.2                 | 31                 | 24.92                 |
| cssz-72a       | Central and South America | 289.6857                  | -20.3117                 | 352.4                 | 14                 | 12.54                 |
| cssz-72b       | Central and South America | 289.2250                  | -20.3694                 | 352.4                 | 8.67               | 5                     |
| cssz-72z       | Central and South America | 290.0882                  | -20.2613                 | 352.4                 | 32                 | 24.63                 |
| cssz-73a       | Central and South America | 289.7731                  | -21.3061                 | 358.9                 | 14                 | 12.24                 |
| cssz-73b       | Central and South America | 289.3053                  | -21.3142                 | 358.9                 | 8.33               | 5                     |
| cssz-73z       | Central and South America | 290.1768                  | -21.2991                 | 358.9                 | 33                 | 24.34                 |
| cssz-74a       | Central and South America | 289.7610                  | -22.2671                 | 3.06                  | 14                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-74b       | Central and South America | 289.2909                  | -22.2438                 | 3.06                  | 8                  | 5                     |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-75a       | Central and South America | 289.6982                  | -23.1903                 | 4.83                  | 14.09              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-75b       | Central and South America | 289.2261                  | -23.1536                 | 4.83                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-76a       | Central and South America | 289.6237                  | -24.0831                 | 4.67                  | 14.18              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-76b       | Central and South America | 289.1484                  | -24.0476                 | 4.67                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-77a       | Central and South America | 289.5538                  | -24.9729                 | 4.3                   | 14.27              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-77b       | Central and South America | 289.0750                  | -24.9403                 | 4.3                   | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-78a       | Central and South America | 289.4904                  | -25.8621                 | 3.86                  | 14.36              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-78b       | Central and South America | 289.0081                  | -25.8328                 | 3.86                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-79a       | Central and South America | 289.3491                  | -26.8644                 | 11.34                 | 14.45              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-79b       | Central and South America | 288.8712                  | -26.7789                 | 11.34                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-80a       | Central and South America | 289.1231                  | -27.7826                 | 14.16                 | 14.54              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-80b       | Central and South America | 288.6469                  | -27.6762                 | 14.16                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-81a       | Central and South America | 288.8943                  | -28.6409                 | 13.19                 | 14.63              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-81b       | Central and South America | 288.4124                  | -28.5417                 | 13.19                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-82a       | Central and South America | 288.7113                  | -29.4680                 | 9.68                  | 14.72              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-82b       | Central and South America | 288.2196                  | -29.3950                 | 9.68                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-83a       | Central and South America | 288.5944                  | -30.2923                 | 5.36                  | 14.81              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-83b       | Central and South America | 288.0938                  | -30.2517                 | 5.36                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-84a       | Central and South America | 288.5223                  | -31.1639                 | 3.8                   | 14.9               | 11.96                 |
| cssz-84b       | Central and South America | 288.0163                  | -31.1351                 | 3.8                   | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-85a       | Central and South America | 288.4748                  | -32.0416                 | 2.55                  | 15                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-85b       | Central and South America | 287.9635                  | -32.0223                 | 2.55                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-86a       | Central and South America | 288.3901                  | -33.0041                 | 7.01                  | 15                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-86b       | Central and South America | 287.8768                  | -32.9512                 | 7.01                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-87a       | Central and South America | 288.1050                  | -34.0583                 | 19.4                  | 15                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-87b       | Central and South America | 287.6115                  | -33.9142                 | 19.4                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-88a       | Central and South America | 287.5309                  | -35.0437                 | 32.81                 | 15                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-88b       | Central and South America | 287.0862                  | -34.8086                 | 32.81                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-88z       | Central and South America | 287.9308                  | -35.2545                 | 32.81                 | 30                 | 24.9                  |
| cssz-89a       | Central and South America | 287.2380                  | -35.5993                 | 14.52                 | 16.67              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-89b       | Central and South America | 286.7261                  | -35.4914                 | 14.52                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-89z       | Central and South America | 287.7014                  | -35.6968                 | 14.52                 | 30                 | 26.3                  |
| cssz-90a       | Central and South America | 286.8442                  | -36.5645                 | 22.64                 | 18.33              | 11.96                 |
| cssz-90b       | Central and South America | 286.3548                  | -36.4004                 | 22.64                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-90z       | Central and South America | 287.2916                  | -36.7142                 | 22.64                 | 30                 | 27.68                 |
| cssz-91a       | Central and South America | 286.5925                  | -37.2488                 | 10.9                  | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-91b       | Central and South America | 286.0721                  | -37.1690                 | 10.9                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-91z       | Central and South America | 287.0726                  | -37.3224                 | 10.9                  | 30                 | 29.06                 |

continued on next page



**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-92a       | Central and South America | 286.4254                  | -38.0945                 | 8.23                  | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-92b       | Central and South America | 285.8948                  | -38.0341                 | 8.23                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-92z       | Central and South America | 286.9303                  | -38.1520                 | 8.23                  | 26.67              | 29.06                 |
| cssz-93a       | Central and South America | 286.2047                  | -39.0535                 | 13.46                 | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-93b       | Central and South America | 285.6765                  | -38.9553                 | 13.46                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-93z       | Central and South America | 286.7216                  | -39.1495                 | 13.46                 | 23.33              | 29.06                 |
| cssz-94a       | Central and South America | 286.0772                  | -39.7883                 | 3.4                   | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-94b       | Central and South America | 285.5290                  | -39.7633                 | 3.4                   | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-94z       | Central and South America | 286.6255                  | -39.8133                 | 3.4                   | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-95a       | Central and South America | 285.9426                  | -40.7760                 | 9.84                  | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-95b       | Central and South America | 285.3937                  | -40.7039                 | 9.84                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-95z       | Central and South America | 286.4921                  | -40.8481                 | 9.84                  | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-96a       | Central and South America | 285.7839                  | -41.6303                 | 7.6                   | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-96b       | Central and South America | 285.2245                  | -41.5745                 | 7.6                   | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-96x       | Central and South America | 287.4652                  | -41.7977                 | 7.6                   | 20                 | 63.26                 |
| cssz-96y       | Central and South America | 286.9043                  | -41.7419                 | 7.6                   | 20                 | 46.16                 |
| cssz-96z       | Central and South America | 286.3439                  | -41.6861                 | 7.6                   | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-97a       | Central and South America | 285.6695                  | -42.4882                 | 5.3                   | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-97b       | Central and South America | 285.0998                  | -42.4492                 | 5.3                   | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-97x       | Central and South America | 287.3809                  | -42.6052                 | 5.3                   | 20                 | 63.26                 |
| cssz-97y       | Central and South America | 286.8101                  | -42.5662                 | 5.3                   | 20                 | 46.16                 |
| cssz-97z       | Central and South America | 286.2396                  | -42.5272                 | 5.3                   | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-98a       | Central and South America | 285.5035                  | -43.4553                 | 10.53                 | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-98b       | Central and South America | 284.9322                  | -43.3782                 | 10.53                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-98x       | Central and South America | 287.2218                  | -43.6866                 | 10.53                 | 20                 | 63.26                 |
| cssz-98y       | Central and South America | 286.6483                  | -43.6095                 | 10.53                 | 20                 | 46.16                 |
| cssz-98z       | Central and South America | 286.0755                  | -43.5324                 | 10.53                 | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-99a       | Central and South America | 285.3700                  | -44.2595                 | 4.86                  | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-99b       | Central and South America | 284.7830                  | -44.2237                 | 4.86                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-99x       | Central and South America | 287.1332                  | -44.3669                 | 4.86                  | 20                 | 63.26                 |
| cssz-99y       | Central and South America | 286.5451                  | -44.3311                 | 4.86                  | 20                 | 46.16                 |
| cssz-99z       | Central and South America | 285.9574                  | -44.2953                 | 4.86                  | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-100a      | Central and South America | 285.2713                  | -45.1664                 | 5.68                  | 20                 | 11.96                 |
| cssz-100b      | Central and South America | 284.6758                  | -45.1246                 | 5.68                  | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-100x      | Central and South America | 287.0603                  | -45.2918                 | 5.68                  | 20                 | 63.26                 |
| cssz-100y      | Central and South America | 286.4635                  | -45.2500                 | 5.68                  | 20                 | 46.16                 |
| cssz-100z      | Central and South America | 285.8672                  | -45.2082                 | 5.68                  | 20                 | 29.06                 |
| cssz-101a      | Central and South America | 285.3080                  | -45.8607                 | 352.6                 | 20                 | 9.36                  |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

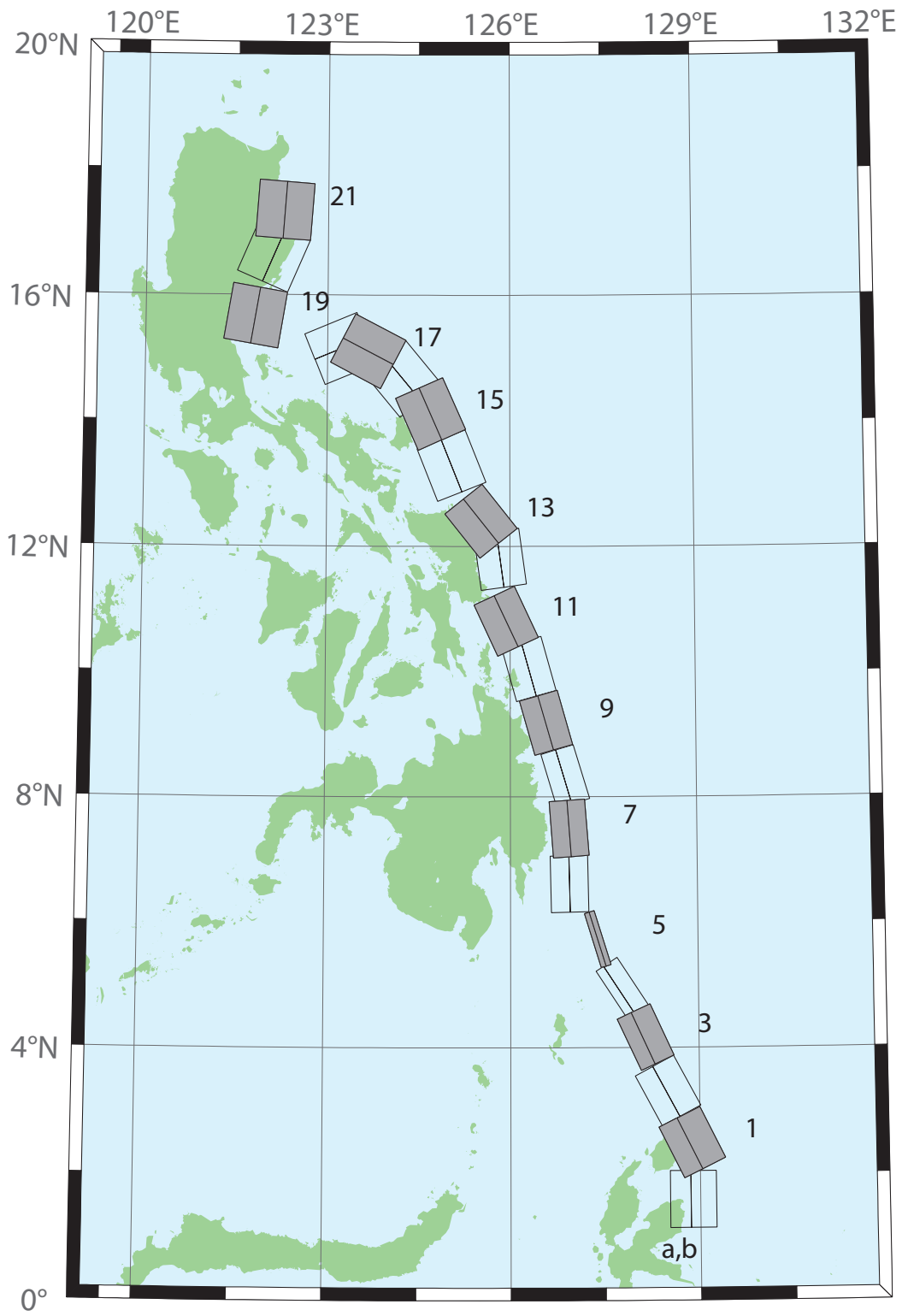
| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-101b      | Central and South America | 284.7067                  | -45.9152                 | 352.6                 | 5                  | 5                     |
| cssz-101y      | Central and South America | 286.5089                  | -45.7517                 | 352.6                 | 20                 | 43.56                 |
| cssz-101z      | Central and South America | 285.9088                  | -45.8062                 | 352.6                 | 20                 | 26.46                 |
| cssz-102a      | Central and South America | 285.2028                  | -47.1185                 | 17.72                 | 5                  | 9.36                  |
| cssz-102b      | Central and South America | 284.5772                  | -46.9823                 | 17.72                 | 5                  | 5                     |
| cssz-102y      | Central and South America | 286.4588                  | -47.3909                 | 17.72                 | 5                  | 18.07                 |
| cssz-102z      | Central and South America | 285.8300                  | -47.2547                 | 17.72                 | 5                  | 13.72                 |
| cssz-103a      | Central and South America | 284.7075                  | -48.0396                 | 23.37                 | 7.5                | 11.53                 |
| cssz-103b      | Central and South America | 284.0972                  | -47.8630                 | 23.37                 | 7.5                | 5                     |
| cssz-103x      | Central and South America | 286.5511                  | -48.5694                 | 23.37                 | 7.5                | 31.11                 |
| cssz-103y      | Central and South America | 285.9344                  | -48.3928                 | 23.37                 | 7.5                | 24.58                 |
| cssz-103z      | Central and South America | 285.3199                  | -48.2162                 | 23.37                 | 7.5                | 18.05                 |
| cssz-104a      | Central and South America | 284.3440                  | -48.7597                 | 14.87                 | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| cssz-104b      | Central and South America | 283.6962                  | -48.6462                 | 14.87                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| cssz-104x      | Central and South America | 286.2962                  | -49.1002                 | 14.87                 | 10                 | 39.73                 |
| cssz-104y      | Central and South America | 285.6440                  | -48.9867                 | 14.87                 | 10                 | 31.05                 |
| cssz-104z      | Central and South America | 284.9933                  | -48.8732                 | 14.87                 | 10                 | 22.36                 |
| cssz-105a      | Central and South America | 284.2312                  | -49.4198                 | 0.25                  | 9.67               | 13.4                  |
| cssz-105b      | Central and South America | 283.5518                  | -49.4179                 | 0.25                  | 9.67               | 5                     |
| cssz-105x      | Central and South America | 286.2718                  | -49.4255                 | 0.25                  | 9.67               | 38.59                 |
| cssz-105y      | Central and South America | 285.5908                  | -49.4236                 | 0.25                  | 9.67               | 30.2                  |
| cssz-105z      | Central and South America | 284.9114                  | -49.4217                 | 0.25                  | 9.67               | 21.8                  |
| cssz-106a      | Central and South America | 284.3730                  | -50.1117                 | 347.5                 | 9.25               | 13.04                 |
| cssz-106b      | Central and South America | 283.6974                  | -50.2077                 | 347.5                 | 9.25               | 5                     |
| cssz-106x      | Central and South America | 286.3916                  | -49.8238                 | 347.5                 | 9.25               | 37.15                 |
| cssz-106y      | Central and South America | 285.7201                  | -49.9198                 | 347.5                 | 9.25               | 29.11                 |
| cssz-106z      | Central and South America | 285.0472                  | -50.0157                 | 347.5                 | 9.25               | 21.07                 |
| cssz-107a      | Central and South America | 284.7130                  | -50.9714                 | 346.5                 | 9                  | 12.82                 |
| cssz-107b      | Central and South America | 284.0273                  | -51.0751                 | 346.5                 | 9                  | 5                     |
| cssz-107x      | Central and South America | 286.7611                  | -50.6603                 | 346.5                 | 9                  | 36.29                 |
| cssz-107y      | Central and South America | 286.0799                  | -50.7640                 | 346.5                 | 9                  | 28.47                 |
| cssz-107z      | Central and South America | 285.3972                  | -50.8677                 | 346.5                 | 9                  | 20.64                 |
| cssz-108a      | Central and South America | 285.0378                  | -51.9370                 | 352                   | 8.67               | 12.54                 |
| cssz-108b      | Central and South America | 284.3241                  | -51.9987                 | 352                   | 8.67               | 5                     |
| cssz-108x      | Central and South America | 287.1729                  | -51.7519                 | 352                   | 8.67               | 35.15                 |
| cssz-108y      | Central and South America | 286.4622                  | -51.8136                 | 352                   | 8.67               | 27.61                 |
| cssz-108z      | Central and South America | 285.7505                  | -51.8753                 | 352                   | 8.67               | 20.07                 |
| cssz-109a      | Central and South America | 285.2635                  | -52.8439                 | 353.1                 | 8.33               | 12.24                 |
| cssz-109b      | Central and South America | 284.5326                  | -52.8974                 | 353.1                 | 8.33               | 5                     |

continued on next page

**Table B2:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>        | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| cssz-109x      | Central and South America | 287.4508                  | -52.6834                 | 353.1                 | 8.33               | 33.97                 |
| cssz-109y      | Central and South America | 286.7226                  | -52.7369                 | 353.1                 | 8.33               | 26.73                 |
| cssz-109z      | Central and South America | 285.9935                  | -52.7904                 | 353.1                 | 8.33               | 19.49                 |
| cssz-110a      | Central and South America | 285.5705                  | -53.4139                 | 334.2                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-110b      | Central and South America | 284.8972                  | -53.6076                 | 334.2                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-110x      | Central and South America | 287.5724                  | -52.8328                 | 334.2                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-110y      | Central and South America | 286.9081                  | -53.0265                 | 334.2                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-110z      | Central and South America | 286.2408                  | -53.2202                 | 334.2                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |
| cssz-111a      | Central and South America | 286.1627                  | -53.8749                 | 313.8                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-111b      | Central and South America | 285.6382                  | -54.1958                 | 313.8                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-111x      | Central and South America | 287.7124                  | -52.9122                 | 313.8                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-111y      | Central and South America | 287.1997                  | -53.2331                 | 313.8                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-111z      | Central and South America | 286.6832                  | -53.5540                 | 313.8                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |
| cssz-112a      | Central and South America | 287.3287                  | -54.5394                 | 316.4                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-112b      | Central and South America | 286.7715                  | -54.8462                 | 316.4                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-112x      | Central and South America | 288.9756                  | -53.6190                 | 316.4                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-112y      | Central and South America | 288.4307                  | -53.9258                 | 316.4                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-112z      | Central and South America | 287.8817                  | -54.2326                 | 316.4                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |
| cssz-113a      | Central and South America | 288.3409                  | -55.0480                 | 307.6                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-113b      | Central and South America | 287.8647                  | -55.4002                 | 307.6                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-113x      | Central and South America | 289.7450                  | -53.9914                 | 307.6                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-113y      | Central and South America | 289.2810                  | -54.3436                 | 307.6                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-113z      | Central and South America | 288.8130                  | -54.6958                 | 307.6                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |
| cssz-114a      | Central and South America | 289.5342                  | -55.5026                 | 301.5                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-114b      | Central and South America | 289.1221                  | -55.8819                 | 301.5                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-114x      | Central and South America | 290.7472                  | -54.3647                 | 301.5                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-114y      | Central and South America | 290.3467                  | -54.7440                 | 301.5                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-114z      | Central and South America | 289.9424                  | -55.1233                 | 301.5                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |
| cssz-115a      | Central and South America | 290.7682                  | -55.8485                 | 292.7                 | 8                  | 11.96                 |
| cssz-115b      | Central and South America | 290.4608                  | -56.2588                 | 292.7                 | 8                  | 5                     |
| cssz-115x      | Central and South America | 291.6714                  | -54.6176                 | 292.7                 | 8                  | 32.83                 |
| cssz-115y      | Central and South America | 291.3734                  | -55.0279                 | 292.7                 | 8                  | 25.88                 |
| cssz-115z      | Central and South America | 291.0724                  | -55.4382                 | 292.7                 | 8                  | 18.92                 |

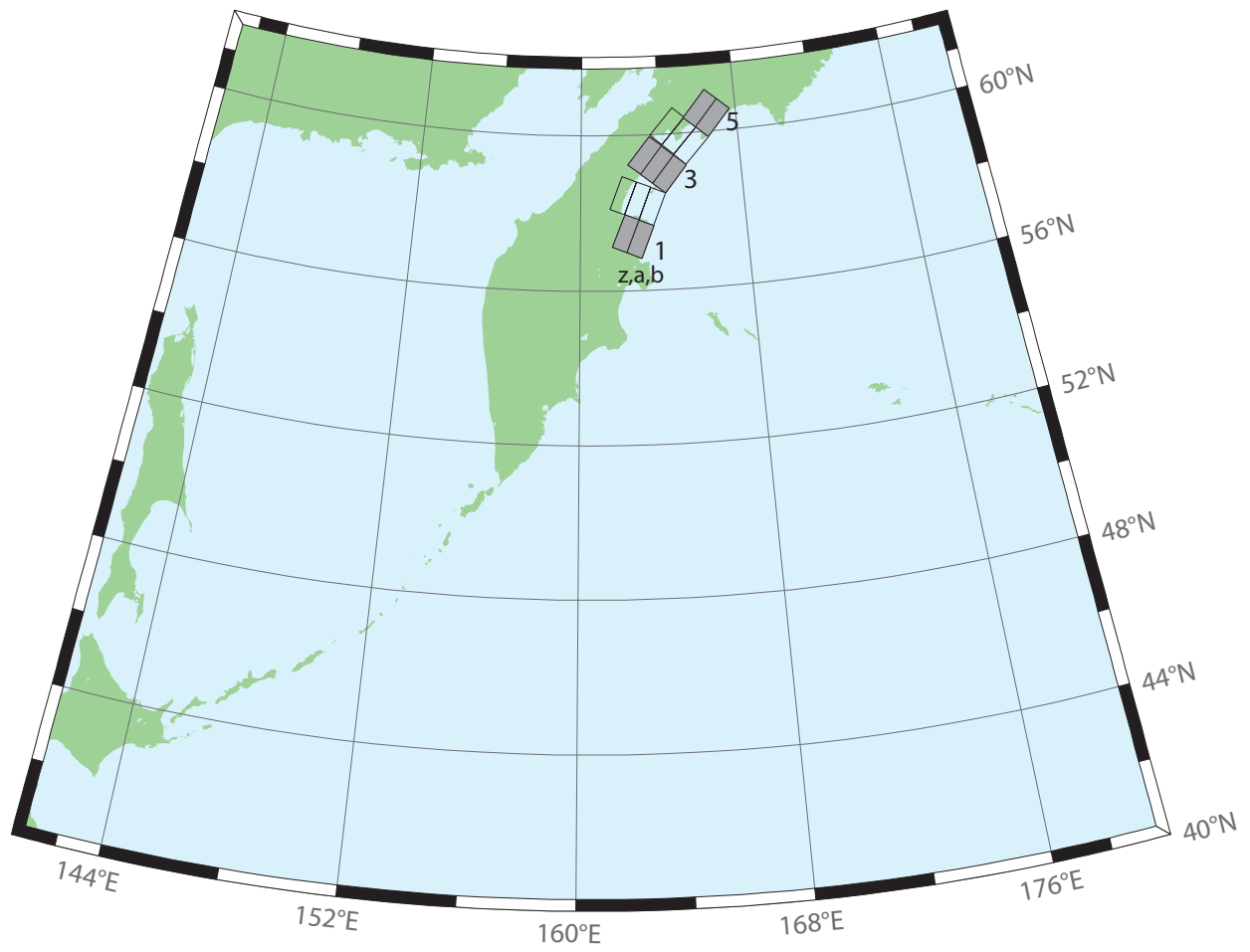




**Figure B3:** Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B3:** Earthquake parameters for Eastern Philippines Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>  | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| epsz-0a        | Eastern Philippines | 128.5264                  | 1.5930                   | 180                   | 44                 | 26.92                 |
| epsz-0b        | Eastern Philippines | 128.8496                  | 1.5930                   | 180                   | 26                 | 5                     |
| epsz-1a        | Eastern Philippines | 128.5521                  | 2.3289                   | 153.6                 | 44.2               | 27.62                 |
| epsz-1b        | Eastern Philippines | 128.8408                  | 2.4720                   | 153.6                 | 26.9               | 5                     |
| epsz-2a        | Eastern Philippines | 128.1943                  | 3.1508                   | 151.9                 | 45.9               | 32.44                 |
| epsz-2b        | Eastern Philippines | 128.4706                  | 3.2979                   | 151.9                 | 32.8               | 5.35                  |
| epsz-3a        | Eastern Philippines | 127.8899                  | 4.0428                   | 155.2                 | 57.3               | 40.22                 |
| epsz-3b        | Eastern Philippines | 128.1108                  | 4.1445                   | 155.2                 | 42.7               | 6.31                  |
| epsz-4a        | Eastern Philippines | 127.6120                  | 4.8371                   | 146.8                 | 71.4               | 48.25                 |
| epsz-4b        | Eastern Philippines | 127.7324                  | 4.9155                   | 146.8                 | 54.8               | 7.39                  |
| epsz-5a        | Eastern Philippines | 127.3173                  | 5.7040                   | 162.9                 | 79.9               | 57.4                  |
| epsz-5b        | Eastern Philippines | 127.3930                  | 5.7272                   | 162.9                 | 79.4               | 8.25                  |
| epsz-6a        | Eastern Philippines | 126.6488                  | 6.6027                   | 178.9                 | 48.6               | 45.09                 |
| epsz-6b        | Eastern Philippines | 126.9478                  | 6.6085                   | 178.9                 | 48.6               | 7.58                  |
| epsz-7a        | Eastern Philippines | 126.6578                  | 7.4711                   | 175.8                 | 50.7               | 45.52                 |
| epsz-7b        | Eastern Philippines | 126.9439                  | 7.4921                   | 175.8                 | 50.7               | 6.83                  |
| epsz-8a        | Eastern Philippines | 126.6227                  | 8.2456                   | 163.3                 | 56.7               | 45.6                  |
| epsz-8b        | Eastern Philippines | 126.8614                  | 8.3164                   | 163.3                 | 48.9               | 7.92                  |
| epsz-9a        | Eastern Philippines | 126.2751                  | 9.0961                   | 164.1                 | 47                 | 43.59                 |
| epsz-9b        | Eastern Philippines | 126.5735                  | 9.1801                   | 164.1                 | 44.9               | 8.3                   |
| epsz-10a       | Eastern Philippines | 125.9798                  | 9.9559                   | 164.5                 | 43.1               | 42.25                 |
| epsz-10b       | Eastern Philippines | 126.3007                  | 10.0438                  | 164.5                 | 43.1               | 8.09                  |
| epsz-11a       | Eastern Philippines | 125.6079                  | 10.6557                  | 155                   | 37.8               | 38.29                 |
| epsz-11b       | Eastern Philippines | 125.9353                  | 10.8059                  | 155                   | 37.8               | 7.64                  |
| epsz-12a       | Eastern Philippines | 125.4697                  | 11.7452                  | 172.1                 | 36                 | 37.01                 |
| epsz-12b       | Eastern Philippines | 125.8374                  | 11.7949                  | 172.1                 | 36                 | 7.62                  |
| epsz-13a       | Eastern Philippines | 125.2238                  | 12.1670                  | 141.5                 | 32.4               | 33.87                 |
| epsz-13b       | Eastern Philippines | 125.5278                  | 12.4029                  | 141.5                 | 32.4               | 7.08                  |
| epsz-14a       | Eastern Philippines | 124.6476                  | 13.1365                  | 158.2                 | 23                 | 25.92                 |
| epsz-14b       | Eastern Philippines | 125.0421                  | 13.2898                  | 158.2                 | 23                 | 6.38                  |
| epsz-15a       | Eastern Philippines | 124.3107                  | 13.9453                  | 156.1                 | 24.1               | 26.51                 |
| epsz-15b       | Eastern Philippines | 124.6973                  | 14.1113                  | 156.1                 | 24.1               | 6.09                  |
| epsz-16a       | Eastern Philippines | 123.8998                  | 14.4025                  | 140.3                 | 19.5               | 21.69                 |
| epsz-16b       | Eastern Philippines | 124.2366                  | 14.6728                  | 140.3                 | 19.5               | 5                     |
| epsz-17a       | Eastern Philippines | 123.4604                  | 14.7222                  | 117.6                 | 15.3               | 18.19                 |
| epsz-17b       | Eastern Philippines | 123.6682                  | 15.1062                  | 117.6                 | 15.3               | 5                     |
| epsz-18a       | Eastern Philippines | 123.3946                  | 14.7462                  | 67.4                  | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| epsz-18b       | Eastern Philippines | 123.2219                  | 15.1467                  | 67.4                  | 15                 | 5                     |
| epsz-19a       | Eastern Philippines | 121.3638                  | 15.7400                  | 189.6                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| epsz-19b       | Eastern Philippines | 121.8082                  | 15.6674                  | 189.6                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| epsz-20a       | Eastern Philippines | 121.6833                  | 16.7930                  | 203.3                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| epsz-20b       | Eastern Philippines | 122.0994                  | 16.6216                  | 203.3                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| epsz-21a       | Eastern Philippines | 121.8279                  | 17.3742                  | 184.2                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| epsz-21b       | Eastern Philippines | 122.2814                  | 17.3425                  | 184.2                 | 15                 | 5                     |

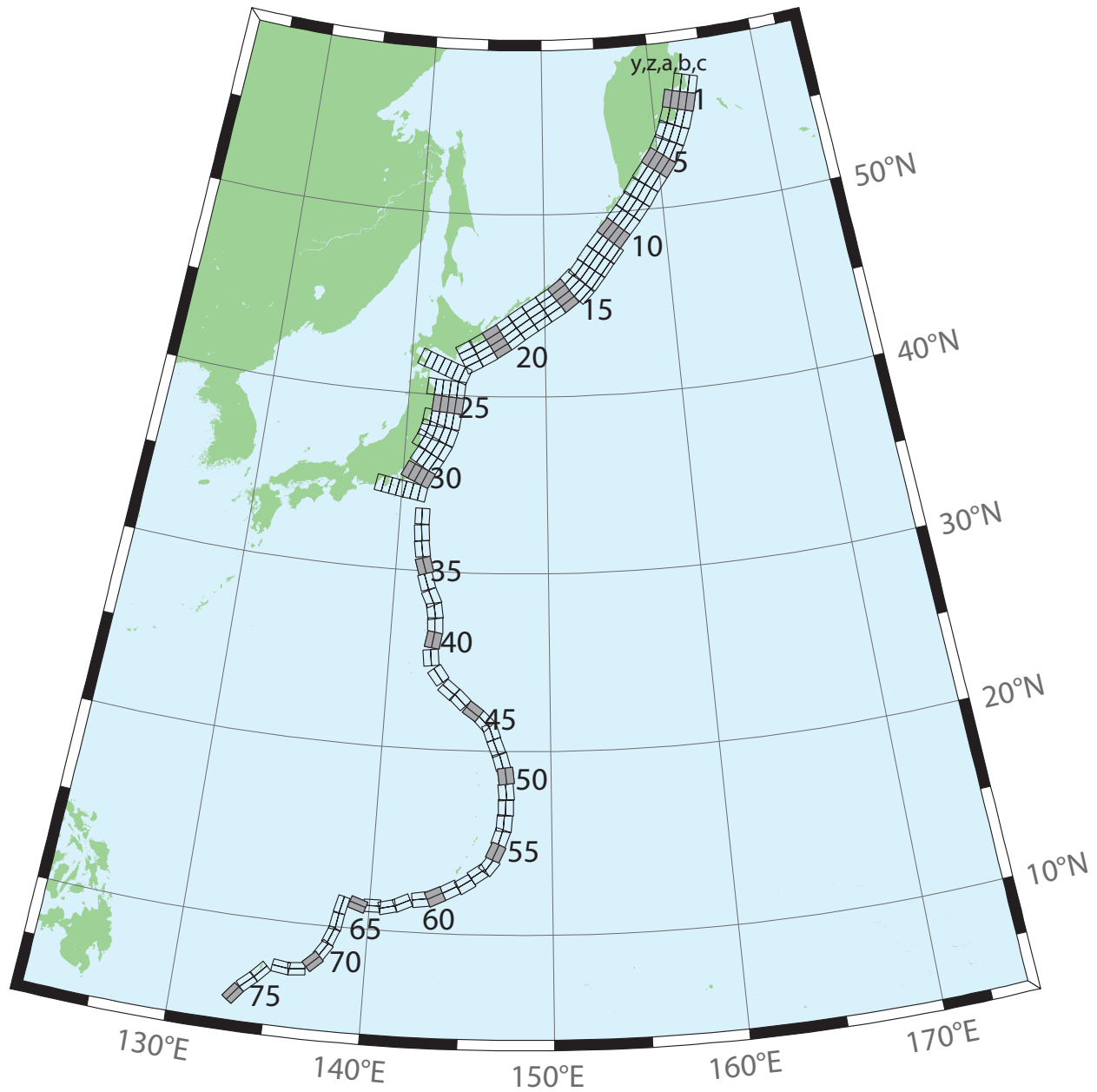


**Figure B4:** Kamchatka–Bering Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B4:** Earthquake parameters for Kamchatka–Bering Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b> | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| kbsz-1a        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 161.8374                  | 57.5485                  | 201.5                 | 29                 | 26.13                 |
| kbsz-1b        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 162.5162                  | 57.4030                  | 202.1                 | 25                 | 5                     |
| kbsz-2a        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 162.4410                  | 58.3816                  | 201.7                 | 29                 | 26.13                 |
| kbsz-2b        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 163.1344                  | 58.2343                  | 202.3                 | 25                 | 5                     |
| kbsz-2z        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 161.7418                  | 58.5249                  | 201.1                 | 29                 | 50.37                 |
| kbsz-3a        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 163.5174                  | 59.3493                  | 218.9                 | 29                 | 26.13                 |
| kbsz-3b        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 164.1109                  | 59.1001                  | 219.4                 | 25                 | 5                     |
| kbsz-3z        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 162.9150                  | 59.5958                  | 218.4                 | 29                 | 50.37                 |
| kbsz-4a        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 164.7070                  | 60.0632                  | 222.2                 | 29                 | 26.13                 |
| kbsz-4b        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 165.2833                  | 59.7968                  | 222.7                 | 25                 | 5                     |
| kbsz-4z        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 164.1212                  | 60.3270                  | 221.7                 | 29                 | 50.37                 |
| kbsz-5a        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 165.8652                  | 60.7261                  | 220.5                 | 29                 | 26.13                 |
| kbsz-5b        | Kamchatka-Bering   | 166.4692                  | 60.4683                  | 221                   | 25                 | 5                     |





**Figure B5:** Kamchatka–Kuril–Japan–Izu–Mariana–Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B5:** Earthquake parameters for Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment | Description                           | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| kisz-0a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.8200          | 56.3667          | 194.4         | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-0b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 163.5057          | 56.2677          | 195           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-0z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.1309          | 56.4618          | 193.8         | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-1a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.4318          | 55.5017          | 195           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-1b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 163.1000          | 55.4000          | 195           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-1y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.0884          | 55.7050          | 195           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-1z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.7610          | 55.6033          | 195           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-2a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.9883          | 54.6784          | 200           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-2b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.6247          | 54.5440          | 200           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-2y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.7072          | 54.9471          | 200           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-2z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.3488          | 54.8127          | 200           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-3a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.4385          | 53.8714          | 204           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-3b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 162.0449          | 53.7116          | 204           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-3y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.2164          | 54.1910          | 204           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-3z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.8286          | 54.0312          | 204           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-4a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.7926          | 53.1087          | 210           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-4b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 161.3568          | 52.9123          | 210           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-4y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.6539          | 53.5015          | 210           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-4z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.2246          | 53.3051          | 210           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-5a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.0211          | 52.4113          | 218           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-5b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 160.5258          | 52.1694          | 218           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-5y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.0005          | 52.8950          | 218           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-5z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.5122          | 52.6531          | 218           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-6a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.1272          | 51.7034          | 218           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-6b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 159.6241          | 51.4615          | 218           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-6y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.1228          | 52.1871          | 218           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-6z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.6263          | 51.9452          | 218           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-7a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.2625          | 50.9549          | 214           | 29         | 26.13         |
| kisz-7b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 158.7771          | 50.7352          | 214           | 25         | 5             |
| kisz-7y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.2236          | 51.3942          | 214           | 29         | 74.61         |
| kisz-7z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.7443          | 51.1745          | 214           | 29         | 50.37         |
| kisz-8a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.4712          | 50.2459          | 218           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-8b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.9433          | 50.0089          | 218           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-8y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.5176          | 50.7199          | 218           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-8z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.9956          | 50.4829          | 218           | 31         | 53.45         |
| kisz-9a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.6114          | 49.5583          | 220           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-9b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 157.0638          | 49.3109          | 220           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-9y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.6974          | 50.0533          | 220           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-9z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.1556          | 49.8058          | 220           | 31         | 53.45         |

continued on next page

**Table B5:** (continued)

| Segment  | Description                           | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| kisz-10a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.7294          | 48.8804          | 221           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-10b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.1690          | 48.6278          | 221           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-10y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.8413          | 49.3856          | 221           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-10z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.2865          | 49.1330          | 221           | 31         | 53.45         |
| kisz-11a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.8489          | 48.1821          | 219           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-11b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.2955          | 47.9398          | 219           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-11y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.9472          | 48.6667          | 219           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-11z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.3991          | 48.4244          | 219           | 31         | 53.45         |
| kisz-11c | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 156.0358          | 47.5374          | 39            | 57.89      | 4.602         |
| kisz-12a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.9994          | 47.4729          | 217           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-12b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.4701          | 47.2320          | 217           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-12y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.0856          | 47.9363          | 217           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-12z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.5435          | 47.7046          | 217           | 31         | 53.45         |
| kisz-12c | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 155.2208          | 46.8473          | 37            | 57.89      | 4.602         |
| kisz-13a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.2239          | 46.7564          | 218           | 31         | 27.7          |
| kisz-13b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.6648          | 46.5194          | 218           | 27         | 5             |
| kisz-13y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.3343          | 47.2304          | 218           | 31         | 79.2          |
| kisz-13z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.7801          | 46.9934          | 218           | 31         | 53.45         |
| kisz-13c | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 154.3957          | 46.1257          | 38            | 57.89      | 4.602         |
| kisz-14a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.3657          | 46.1514          | 225           | 23         | 24.54         |
| kisz-14b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 152.7855          | 45.8591          | 225           | 23         | 5             |
| kisz-14y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.5172          | 46.7362          | 225           | 23         | 63.62         |
| kisz-14z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.9426          | 46.4438          | 225           | 23         | 44.08         |
| kisz-14c | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 153.4468          | 45.3976          | 45            | 57.89      | 4.602         |
| kisz-15a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.4663          | 45.5963          | 233           | 25         | 23.73         |
| kisz-15b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.8144          | 45.2712          | 233           | 22         | 5             |
| kisz-15y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.7619          | 46.2465          | 233           | 25         | 65.99         |
| kisz-15z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 151.1151          | 45.9214          | 233           | 25         | 44.86         |
| kisz-16a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.4572          | 45.0977          | 237           | 25         | 23.73         |
| kisz-16b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.7694          | 44.7563          | 237           | 22         | 5             |
| kisz-16y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.8253          | 45.7804          | 237           | 25         | 65.99         |
| kisz-16z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 150.1422          | 45.4390          | 237           | 25         | 44.86         |
| kisz-17a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.3989          | 44.6084          | 237           | 25         | 23.73         |
| kisz-17b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.7085          | 44.2670          | 237           | 22         | 5             |
| kisz-17y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.7723          | 45.2912          | 237           | 25         | 65.99         |
| kisz-17z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 149.0865          | 44.9498          | 237           | 25         | 44.86         |
| kisz-18a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.3454          | 44.0982          | 235           | 25         | 23.73         |
| kisz-18b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.6687          | 43.7647          | 235           | 22         | 5             |
| kisz-18y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.6915          | 44.7651          | 235           | 25         | 65.99         |

continued on next page

**Table B5:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>                    | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| kisz-18z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 148.0194                  | 44.4316                  | 235                   | 25                 | 44.86                 |
| kisz-19a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3262                  | 43.5619                  | 233                   | 25                 | 23.73                 |
| kisz-19b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.6625                  | 43.2368                  | 233                   | 22                 | 5                     |
| kisz-19y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6463                  | 44.2121                  | 233                   | 25                 | 65.99                 |
| kisz-19z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9872                  | 43.8870                  | 233                   | 25                 | 44.86                 |
| kisz-20a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.3513                  | 43.0633                  | 237                   | 25                 | 23.73                 |
| kisz-20b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6531                  | 42.7219                  | 237                   | 22                 | 5                     |
| kisz-20y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.7410                  | 43.7461                  | 237                   | 25                 | 65.99                 |
| kisz-20z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.0470                  | 43.4047                  | 237                   | 25                 | 44.86                 |
| kisz-21a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.3331                  | 42.5948                  | 239                   | 25                 | 23.73                 |
| kisz-21b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6163                  | 42.2459                  | 239                   | 22                 | 5                     |
| kisz-21y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.7603                  | 43.2927                  | 239                   | 25                 | 65.99                 |
| kisz-21z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.0475                  | 42.9438                  | 239                   | 25                 | 44.86                 |
| kisz-22a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.3041                  | 42.1631                  | 242                   | 25                 | 23.73                 |
| kisz-22b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.5605                  | 41.8037                  | 242                   | 22                 | 5                     |
| kisz-22y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.7854                  | 42.8819                  | 242                   | 25                 | 65.99                 |
| kisz-22z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.0455                  | 42.5225                  | 242                   | 25                 | 44.86                 |
| kisz-23a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.2863                  | 41.3335                  | 202                   | 21                 | 21.28                 |
| kisz-23b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.8028                  | 41.1764                  | 202                   | 19                 | 5                     |
| kisz-23v       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.6816                  | 42.1189                  | 202                   | 21                 | 110.9                 |
| kisz-23w       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.2050                  | 41.9618                  | 202                   | 21                 | 92.95                 |
| kisz-23x       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.7273                  | 41.8047                  | 202                   | 21                 | 75.04                 |
| kisz-23y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2482                  | 41.6476                  | 202                   | 21                 | 57.12                 |
| kisz-23z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7679                  | 41.4905                  | 202                   | 21                 | 39.2                  |
| kisz-24a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.9795                  | 40.3490                  | 185                   | 21                 | 21.28                 |
| kisz-24b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5273                  | 40.3125                  | 185                   | 19                 | 5                     |
| kisz-24x       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.3339                  | 40.4587                  | 185                   | 21                 | 75.04                 |
| kisz-24y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8827                  | 40.4221                  | 185                   | 21                 | 57.12                 |
| kisz-24z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.4312                  | 40.3856                  | 185                   | 21                 | 39.2                  |
| kisz-25a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.8839                  | 39.4541                  | 185                   | 21                 | 21.28                 |
| kisz-25b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.4246                  | 39.4176                  | 185                   | 19                 | 5                     |
| kisz-25y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8012                  | 39.5272                  | 185                   | 21                 | 57.12                 |
| kisz-25z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.3426                  | 39.4907                  | 185                   | 21                 | 39.2                  |
| kisz-26a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7622                  | 38.5837                  | 188                   | 21                 | 21.28                 |
| kisz-26b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.2930                  | 38.5254                  | 188                   | 19                 | 5                     |
| kisz-26x       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1667                  | 38.7588                  | 188                   | 21                 | 75.04                 |
| kisz-26y       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6990                  | 38.7004                  | 188                   | 21                 | 57.12                 |
| kisz-26z       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2308                  | 38.6421                  | 188                   | 21                 | 39.2                  |
| kisz-27a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.5320                  | 37.7830                  | 198                   | 21                 | 21.28                 |

continued on next page

**Table B5:** (continued)

| Segment  | Description                           | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| kisz-27b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.0357          | 37.6534          | 198           | 19         | 5             |
| kisz-27x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0142          | 38.1717          | 198           | 21         | 75.04         |
| kisz-27y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5210          | 38.0421          | 198           | 21         | 57.12         |
| kisz-27z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0269          | 37.9126          | 198           | 21         | 39.2          |
| kisz-28a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.1315          | 37.0265          | 208           | 21         | 21.28         |
| kisz-28b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.5941          | 36.8297          | 208           | 19         | 5             |
| kisz-28x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.7348          | 37.6171          | 208           | 21         | 75.04         |
| kisz-28y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.2016          | 37.4202          | 208           | 21         | 57.12         |
| kisz-28z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6671          | 37.2234          | 208           | 21         | 39.2          |
| kisz-29a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5970          | 36.2640          | 211           | 21         | 21.28         |
| kisz-29b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0416          | 36.0481          | 211           | 19         | 5             |
| kisz-29y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.7029          | 36.6960          | 211           | 21         | 57.12         |
| kisz-29z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1506          | 36.4800          | 211           | 21         | 39.2          |
| kisz-30a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0553          | 35.4332          | 205           | 21         | 21.28         |
| kisz-30b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5207          | 35.2560          | 205           | 19         | 5             |
| kisz-30y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1204          | 35.7876          | 205           | 21         | 57.12         |
| kisz-30z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.5883          | 35.6104          | 205           | 21         | 39.2          |
| kisz-31a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.6956          | 34.4789          | 190           | 22         | 22.1          |
| kisz-31b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1927          | 34.4066          | 190           | 20         | 5             |
| kisz-31v | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.2025          | 34.8405          | 190           | 22         | 115.8         |
| kisz-31w | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.7021          | 34.7682          | 190           | 22         | 97.02         |
| kisz-31x | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.2012          | 34.6958          | 190           | 22         | 78.29         |
| kisz-31y | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.6997          | 34.6235          | 190           | 22         | 59.56         |
| kisz-31z | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1979          | 34.5512          | 190           | 22         | 40.83         |
| kisz-32a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0551          | 33.0921          | 180           | 32         | 23.48         |
| kisz-32b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5098          | 33.0921          | 180           | 21.69      | 5             |
| kisz-33a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.0924          | 32.1047          | 173.8         | 27.65      | 20.67         |
| kisz-33b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.5596          | 32.1473          | 173.8         | 18.27      | 5             |
| kisz-34a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.1869          | 31.1851          | 172.1         | 25         | 18.26         |
| kisz-34b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6585          | 31.2408          | 172.1         | 15.38      | 5             |
| kisz-35a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.4154          | 30.1707          | 163           | 25         | 17.12         |
| kisz-35b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.8662          | 30.2899          | 163           | 14.03      | 5             |
| kisz-36a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6261          | 29.2740          | 161.7         | 25.73      | 18.71         |
| kisz-36b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0670          | 29.4012          | 161.7         | 15.91      | 5             |
| kisz-37a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.0120          | 28.3322          | 154.7         | 20         | 14.54         |
| kisz-37b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.4463          | 28.5124          | 154.7         | 11         | 5             |
| kisz-38a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2254          | 27.6946          | 170.3         | 20         | 14.54         |
| kisz-38b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.6955          | 27.7659          | 170.3         | 11         | 5             |
| kisz-39a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.3085          | 26.9127          | 177.2         | 24.23      | 17.42         |

continued on next page

**Table B5:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>                    | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| kisz-39b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7674                  | 26.9325                  | 177.2                 | 14.38              | 5                     |
| kisz-40a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.2673                  | 26.1923                  | 189.4                 | 26.49              | 22.26                 |
| kisz-40b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7090                  | 26.1264                  | 189.4                 | 20.2               | 5                     |
| kisz-41a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.1595                  | 25.0729                  | 173.7                 | 22.07              | 19.08                 |
| kisz-41b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.6165                  | 25.1184                  | 173.7                 | 16.36              | 5                     |
| kisz-42a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7641                  | 23.8947                  | 143.5                 | 21.54              | 18.4                  |
| kisz-42b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.1321                  | 24.1432                  | 143.5                 | 15.54              | 5                     |
| kisz-43a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5281                  | 23.0423                  | 129.2                 | 23.02              | 18.77                 |
| kisz-43b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.8128                  | 23.3626                  | 129.2                 | 15.99              | 5                     |
| kisz-44a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.2230                  | 22.5240                  | 134.6                 | 28.24              | 18.56                 |
| kisz-44b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.5246                  | 22.8056                  | 134.6                 | 15.74              | 5                     |
| kisz-45a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.0895                  | 21.8866                  | 125.8                 | 36.73              | 22.79                 |
| kisz-45b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.3171                  | 22.1785                  | 125.8                 | 20.84              | 5                     |
| kisz-46a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6972                  | 21.3783                  | 135.9                 | 30.75              | 20.63                 |
| kisz-46b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.9954                  | 21.6469                  | 135.9                 | 18.22              | 5                     |
| kisz-47a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.0406                  | 20.9341                  | 160.1                 | 29.87              | 19.62                 |
| kisz-47b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4330                  | 21.0669                  | 160.1                 | 17                 | 5                     |
| kisz-48a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.3836                  | 20.0690                  | 158                   | 32.75              | 19.68                 |
| kisz-48b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.7567                  | 20.2108                  | 158                   | 17.07              | 5                     |
| kisz-49a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.6689                  | 19.3123                  | 164.5                 | 25.07              | 21.41                 |
| kisz-49b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.0846                  | 19.4212                  | 164.5                 | 19.16              | 5                     |
| kisz-50a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9297                  | 18.5663                  | 172.1                 | 22                 | 22.1                  |
| kisz-50b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3650                  | 18.6238                  | 172.1                 | 20                 | 5                     |
| kisz-51a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9495                  | 17.7148                  | 175.1                 | 22.06              | 22.04                 |
| kisz-51b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3850                  | 17.7503                  | 175.1                 | 19.93              | 5                     |
| kisz-52a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.9447                  | 16.8869                  | 180                   | 25.51              | 18.61                 |
| kisz-52b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.3683                  | 16.8869                  | 180                   | 15.79              | 5                     |
| kisz-53a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.8626                  | 16.0669                  | 185.2                 | 27.39              | 18.41                 |
| kisz-53b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.2758                  | 16.0309                  | 185.2                 | 15.56              | 5                     |
| kisz-54a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.7068                  | 15.3883                  | 199.1                 | 28.12              | 20.91                 |
| kisz-54b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 147.0949                  | 15.2590                  | 199.1                 | 18.56              | 5                     |
| kisz-55a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4717                  | 14.6025                  | 204.3                 | 29.6               | 26.27                 |
| kisz-55b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.8391                  | 14.4415                  | 204.3                 | 25.18              | 5                     |
| kisz-56a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.1678                  | 13.9485                  | 217.4                 | 32.04              | 26.79                 |
| kisz-56b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 146.4789                  | 13.7170                  | 217.4                 | 25.84              | 5                     |
| kisz-57a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.6515                  | 13.5576                  | 235.8                 | 37                 | 24.54                 |
| kisz-57b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.8586                  | 13.2609                  | 235.8                 | 23                 | 5                     |
| kisz-58a       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.9648                  | 12.9990                  | 237.8                 | 37.72              | 24.54                 |
| kisz-58b       | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 145.1589                  | 12.6984                  | 237.8                 | 23                 | 5                     |

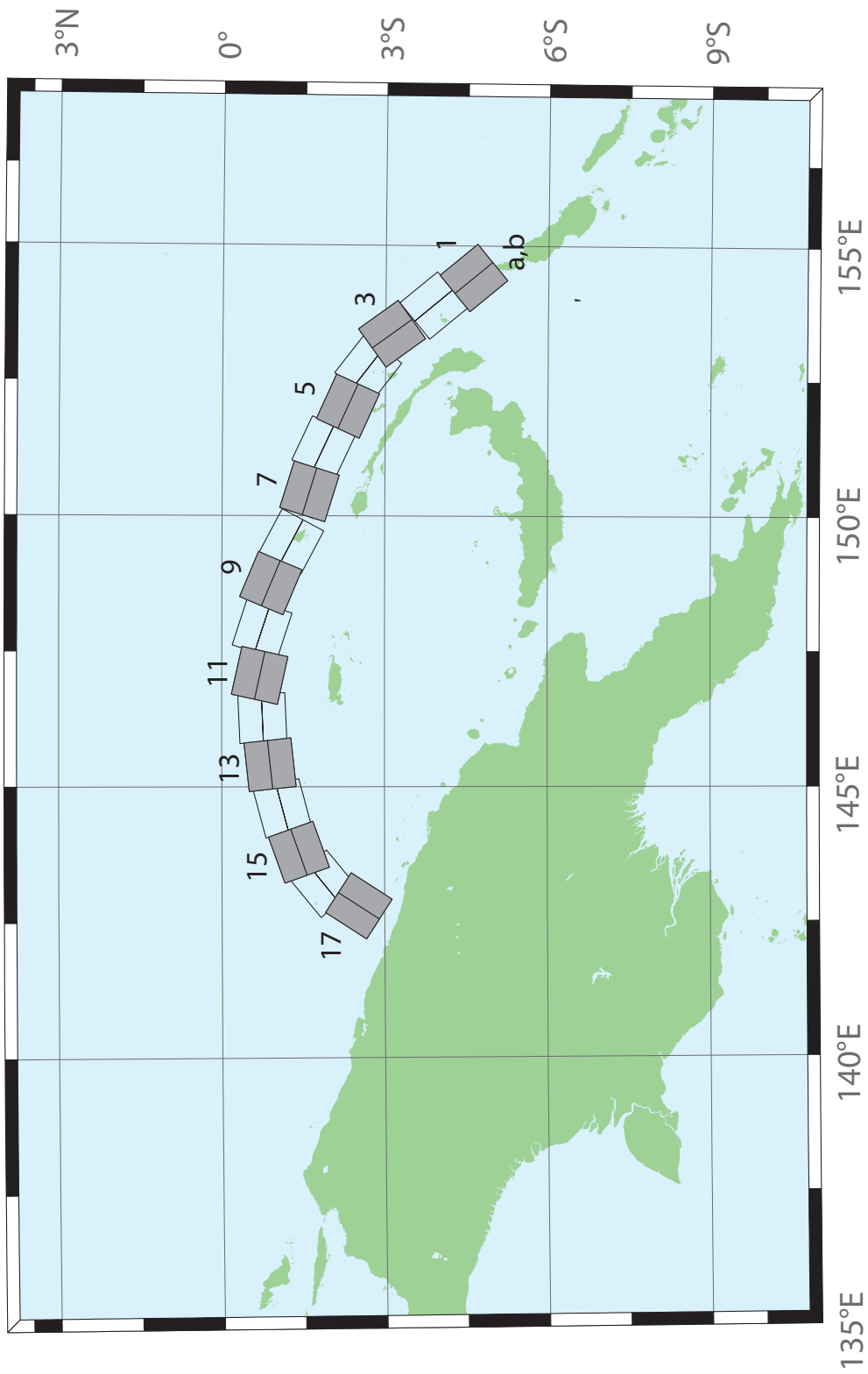
continued on next page

**Table B5:** (continued)

| Segment  | Description                           | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| kisz-59a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.1799          | 12.6914          | 242.9         | 34.33      | 22.31         |
| kisz-59b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 144.3531          | 12.3613          | 242.9         | 20.25      | 5             |
| kisz-60a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.3687          | 12.3280          | 244.9         | 30.9       | 20.62         |
| kisz-60b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 143.5355          | 11.9788          | 244.9         | 18.2       | 5             |
| kisz-61a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7051          | 12.1507          | 261.8         | 35.41      | 25.51         |
| kisz-61b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 142.7582          | 11.7883          | 261.8         | 24.22      | 5             |
| kisz-62a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.6301          | 11.8447          | 245.7         | 39.86      | 34.35         |
| kisz-62b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 141.7750          | 11.5305          | 245.7         | 35.94      | 5             |
| kisz-63a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.8923          | 11.5740          | 256.2         | 42         | 38.46         |
| kisz-63b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.9735          | 11.2498          | 256.2         | 42         | 5             |
| kisz-64a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1387          | 11.6028          | 269.6         | 42.48      | 38.77         |
| kisz-64b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 140.1410          | 11.2716          | 269.6         | 42.48      | 5             |
| kisz-65a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.4595          | 11.5883          | 288.7         | 44.16      | 39.83         |
| kisz-65b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 139.3541          | 11.2831          | 288.7         | 44.16      | 5             |
| kisz-66a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.1823          | 11.2648          | 193.1         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-66b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.4977          | 11.1929          | 193.1         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-67a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.9923          | 10.3398          | 189.8         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-67b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.3104          | 10.2856          | 189.8         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-68a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.7607          | 9.6136           | 201.7         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-68b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 138.0599          | 9.4963           | 201.7         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-69a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.4537          | 8.8996           | 213.5         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-69b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.7215          | 8.7241           | 213.5         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-70a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.0191          | 8.2872           | 226.5         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-70b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 137.2400          | 8.0569           | 226.5         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-71a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 136.3863          | 7.9078           | 263.9         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-71b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 136.4202          | 7.5920           | 263.9         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-72a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 135.6310          | 7.9130           | 276.9         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-72b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 135.5926          | 7.5977           | 276.9         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-73a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 134.3296          | 7.4541           | 224           | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-73b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 134.5600          | 7.2335           | 224           | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-74a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.7125          | 6.8621           | 228.1         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-74b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.9263          | 6.6258           | 228.1         | 45         | 5             |
| kisz-75a | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.0224          | 6.1221           | 217.7         | 45         | 40.36         |
| kisz-75b | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | 133.2751          | 5.9280           | 217.7         | 45         | 5             |







**Figure B6:** Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B6:** Earthquake parameters for Manus–Oceanic Convergent Boundary Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>                | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| mosz-1a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 154.0737                  | -4.8960                  | 140.2                 | 15                 | 15.88                 |
| mosz-1b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 154.4082                  | -4.6185                  | 140.2                 | 15                 | 2.94                  |
| mosz-2a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.5589                  | -4.1575                  | 140.2                 | 15                 | 15.91                 |
| mosz-2b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.8931                  | -3.8800                  | 140.2                 | 15                 | 2.97                  |
| mosz-3a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.0151                  | -3.3716                  | 143.9                 | 15                 | 16.64                 |
| mosz-3b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 153.3662                  | -3.1160                  | 143.9                 | 15                 | 3.7                   |
| mosz-4a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.4667                  | -3.0241                  | 127.7                 | 15                 | 17.32                 |
| mosz-4b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.7321                  | -2.6806                  | 127.7                 | 15                 | 4.38                  |
| mosz-5a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.8447                  | -2.7066                  | 114.3                 | 15                 | 17.57                 |
| mosz-5b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 152.0235                  | -2.3112                  | 114.3                 | 15                 | 4.63                  |
| mosz-6a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.0679                  | -2.2550                  | 115                   | 15                 | 17.66                 |
| mosz-6b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 151.2513                  | -1.8618                  | 115                   | 15                 | 4.72                  |
| mosz-7a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 150.3210                  | -2.0236                  | 107.2                 | 15                 | 17.73                 |
| mosz-7b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 150.4493                  | -1.6092                  | 107.2                 | 15                 | 4.79                  |
| mosz-8a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 149.3226                  | -1.6666                  | 117.8                 | 15                 | 17.83                 |
| mosz-8b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 149.5251                  | -1.2829                  | 117.8                 | 15                 | 4.89                  |
| mosz-9a        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 148.5865                  | -1.3017                  | 112.7                 | 15                 | 17.84                 |
| mosz-9b        | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 148.7540                  | -0.9015                  | 112.7                 | 15                 | 4.9                   |
| mosz-10a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.7760                  | -1.1560                  | 108                   | 15                 | 17.78                 |
| mosz-10b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.9102                  | -0.7434                  | 108                   | 15                 | 4.84                  |
| mosz-11a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.9596                  | -1.1226                  | 102.5                 | 15                 | 17.54                 |
| mosz-11b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 147.0531                  | -0.6990                  | 102.5                 | 15                 | 4.6                   |
| mosz-12a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.2858                  | -1.1820                  | 87.48                 | 15                 | 17.29                 |
| mosz-12b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 146.2667                  | -0.7486                  | 87.48                 | 15                 | 4.35                  |
| mosz-13a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 145.4540                  | -1.3214                  | 83.75                 | 15                 | 17.34                 |
| mosz-13b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 145.4068                  | -0.8901                  | 83.75                 | 15                 | 4.4                   |
| mosz-14a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 144.7151                  | -1.5346                  | 75.09                 | 15                 | 17.21                 |
| mosz-14b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 144.6035                  | -1.1154                  | 75.09                 | 15                 | 4.27                  |
| mosz-15a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.9394                  | -1.8278                  | 70.43                 | 15                 | 16.52                 |
| mosz-15b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.7940                  | -1.4190                  | 70.43                 | 15                 | 3.58                  |
| mosz-16a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.4850                  | -2.2118                  | 50.79                 | 15                 | 15.86                 |
| mosz-16b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.2106                  | -1.8756                  | 50.79                 | 15                 | 2.92                  |
| mosz-17a       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 143.1655                  | -2.7580                  | 33                    | 15                 | 16.64                 |
| mosz-17b       | Manus-Oceanic Convergent Boundary | 142.8013                  | -2.5217                  | 33                    | 15                 | 3.7                   |

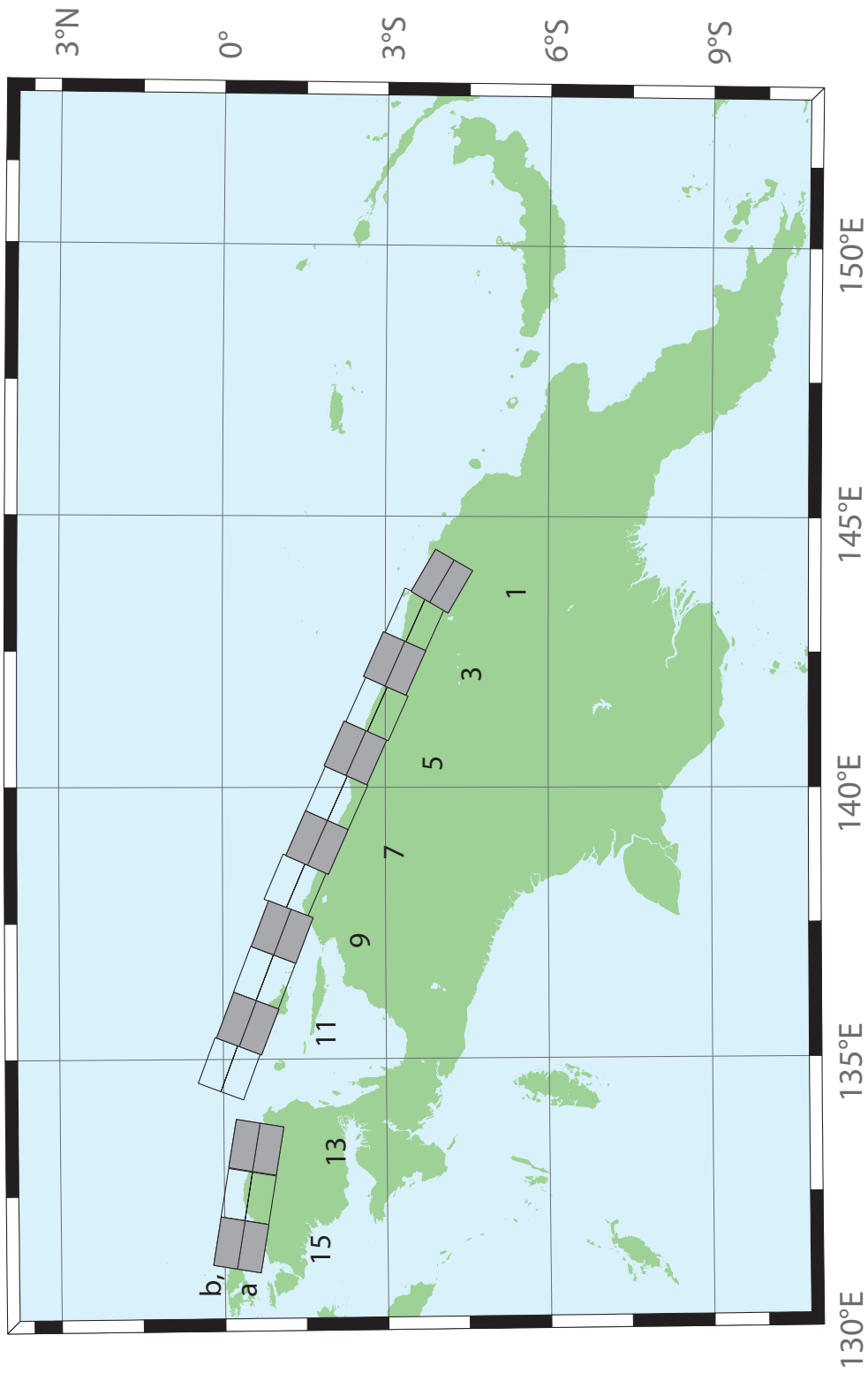
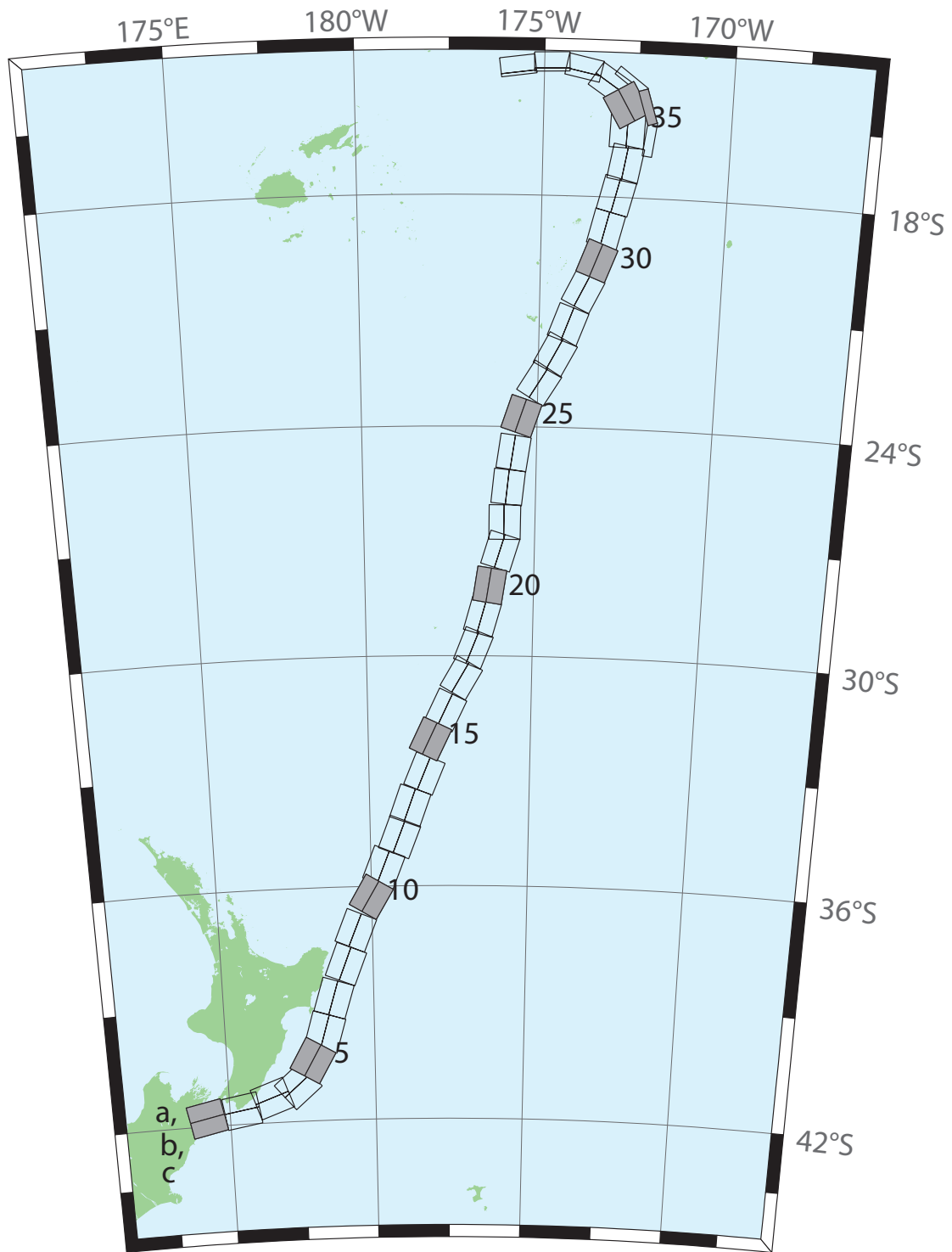


Figure B7: New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B7:** Earthquake parameters for New Guinea Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b> | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| ngsz-1a        | New Guinea         | 143.6063                  | -4.3804                  | 120                   | 29                 | 25.64                 |
| ngsz-1b        | New Guinea         | 143.8032                  | -4.0402                  | 120                   | 29                 | 1.4                   |
| ngsz-2a        | New Guinea         | 142.9310                  | -3.9263                  | 114                   | 27.63              | 20.1                  |
| ngsz-2b        | New Guinea         | 143.0932                  | -3.5628                  | 114                   | 21.72              | 1.6                   |
| ngsz-3a        | New Guinea         | 142.1076                  | -3.5632                  | 114                   | 20.06              | 18.73                 |
| ngsz-3b        | New Guinea         | 142.2795                  | -3.1778                  | 114                   | 15.94              | 5                     |
| ngsz-4a        | New Guinea         | 141.2681                  | -3.2376                  | 114                   | 21                 | 17.76                 |
| ngsz-4b        | New Guinea         | 141.4389                  | -2.8545                  | 114                   | 14.79              | 5                     |
| ngsz-5a        | New Guinea         | 140.4592                  | -2.8429                  | 114                   | 21.26              | 16.14                 |
| ngsz-5b        | New Guinea         | 140.6296                  | -2.4605                  | 114                   | 12.87              | 5                     |
| ngsz-6a        | New Guinea         | 139.6288                  | -2.4960                  | 114                   | 22.72              | 15.4                  |
| ngsz-6b        | New Guinea         | 139.7974                  | -2.1175                  | 114                   | 12                 | 5                     |
| ngsz-7a        | New Guinea         | 138.8074                  | -2.1312                  | 114                   | 21.39              | 15.4                  |
| ngsz-7b        | New Guinea         | 138.9776                  | -1.7491                  | 114                   | 12                 | 5                     |
| ngsz-8a        | New Guinea         | 138.0185                  | -1.7353                  | 113.1                 | 18.79              | 15.14                 |
| ngsz-8b        | New Guinea         | 138.1853                  | -1.3441                  | 113.1                 | 11.7               | 5                     |
| ngsz-9a        | New Guinea         | 137.1805                  | -1.5037                  | 111                   | 15.24              | 13.23                 |
| ngsz-9b        | New Guinea         | 137.3358                  | -1.0991                  | 111                   | 9.47               | 5                     |
| ngsz-10a       | New Guinea         | 136.3418                  | -1.1774                  | 111                   | 13.51              | 11.09                 |
| ngsz-10b       | New Guinea         | 136.4983                  | -0.7697                  | 111                   | 7                  | 5                     |
| ngsz-11a       | New Guinea         | 135.4984                  | -0.8641                  | 111                   | 11.38              | 12.49                 |
| ngsz-11b       | New Guinea         | 135.6562                  | -0.4530                  | 111                   | 8.62               | 5                     |
| ngsz-12a       | New Guinea         | 134.6759                  | -0.5216                  | 110.5                 | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| ngsz-12b       | New Guinea         | 134.8307                  | -0.1072                  | 110.5                 | 10                 | 5                     |
| ngsz-13a       | New Guinea         | 133.3065                  | -1.0298                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| ngsz-13b       | New Guinea         | 133.3795                  | -0.5935                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 5                     |
| ngsz-14a       | New Guinea         | 132.4048                  | -0.8816                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| ngsz-14b       | New Guinea         | 132.4778                  | -0.4453                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 5                     |
| ngsz-15a       | New Guinea         | 131.5141                  | -0.7353                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 13.68                 |
| ngsz-15b       | New Guinea         | 131.5871                  | -0.2990                  | 99.5                  | 10                 | 5                     |



**Figure B8:** New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B8:** Earthquake parameters for New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment  | Description                | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| ntsz-1a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 174.0985          | -41.3951         | 258.6         | 24         | 25.34         |
| ntsz-1b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 174.2076          | -41.7973         | 258.6         | 24         | 5             |
| ntsz-2a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 175.3289          | -41.2592         | 260.6         | 29.38      | 23.17         |
| ntsz-2b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 175.4142          | -41.6454         | 260.6         | 21.31      | 5             |
| ntsz-3a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 176.2855          | -40.9950         | 250.7         | 29.54      | 21.74         |
| ntsz-3b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 176.4580          | -41.3637         | 250.7         | 19.56      | 5             |
| ntsz-4a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 177.0023          | -40.7679         | 229.4         | 24.43      | 18.87         |
| ntsz-4b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 177.3552          | -41.0785         | 229.4         | 16.1       | 5             |
| ntsz-5a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 177.4114          | -40.2396         | 210           | 18.8       | 19.29         |
| ntsz-5b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 177.8951          | -40.4525         | 210           | 16.61      | 5             |
| ntsz-6a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 177.8036          | -39.6085         | 196.7         | 18.17      | 15.8          |
| ntsz-6b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 178.3352          | -39.7310         | 196.7         | 12.48      | 5             |
| ntsz-7a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 178.1676          | -38.7480         | 197           | 28.1       | 17.85         |
| ntsz-7b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 178.6541          | -38.8640         | 197           | 14.89      | 5             |
| ntsz-8a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 178.6263          | -37.8501         | 201.4         | 31.47      | 18.78         |
| ntsz-8b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 179.0788          | -37.9899         | 201.4         | 16         | 5             |
| ntsz-9a  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 178.9833          | -36.9770         | 202.2         | 29.58      | 20.02         |
| ntsz-9b  | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 179.4369          | -37.1245         | 202.2         | 17.48      | 5             |
| ntsz-10a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 179.5534          | -36.0655         | 210.6         | 32.1       | 20.72         |
| ntsz-10b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 179.9595          | -36.2593         | 210.6         | 18.32      | 5             |
| ntsz-11a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 179.9267          | -35.3538         | 201.7         | 25         | 16.09         |
| ntsz-11b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 180.3915          | -35.5040         | 201.7         | 12.81      | 5             |
| ntsz-12a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 180.4433          | -34.5759         | 201.2         | 25         | 15.46         |
| ntsz-12b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 180.9051          | -34.7230         | 201.2         | 12.08      | 5             |
| ntsz-13a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 180.7990          | -33.7707         | 199.8         | 25.87      | 19.06         |
| ntsz-13b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.2573          | -33.9073         | 199.8         | 16.33      | 5             |
| ntsz-14a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.2828          | -32.9288         | 202.4         | 31.28      | 22.73         |
| ntsz-14b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.7063          | -33.0751         | 202.4         | 20.77      | 5             |
| ntsz-15a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.4918          | -32.0035         | 205.4         | 32.33      | 22.64         |
| ntsz-15b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.8967          | -32.1665         | 205.4         | 20.66      | 5             |
| ntsz-16a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 181.9781          | -31.2535         | 205.5         | 34.29      | 23.59         |
| ntsz-16b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 182.3706          | -31.4131         | 205.5         | 21.83      | 5             |
| ntsz-17a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 182.4819          | -30.3859         | 210.3         | 37.6       | 25.58         |
| ntsz-17b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 182.8387          | -30.5655         | 210.3         | 24.3       | 5             |
| ntsz-18a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 182.8176          | -29.6545         | 201.6         | 37.65      | 26.13         |
| ntsz-18b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.1985          | -29.7856         | 201.6         | 25         | 5             |
| ntsz-19a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.0622          | -28.8739         | 195.7         | 34.41      | 26.13         |
| ntsz-19b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.4700          | -28.9742         | 195.7         | 25         | 5             |
| ntsz-20a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.2724          | -28.0967         | 188.8         | 38         | 26.13         |
| ntsz-20b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.6691          | -28.1508         | 188.8         | 25         | 5             |

continued on next page

**Table B8:** (continued)

| Segment  | Description                | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| ntsz-21a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.5747          | -27.1402         | 197.1         | 32.29      | 24.83         |
| ntsz-21b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.9829          | -27.2518         | 197.1         | 23.37      | 5             |
| ntsz-22a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.6608          | -26.4975         | 180           | 29.56      | 18.63         |
| ntsz-22b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.0974          | -26.4975         | 180           | 15.82      | 5             |
| ntsz-23a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.7599          | -25.5371         | 185.8         | 32.42      | 20.56         |
| ntsz-23b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.1781          | -25.5752         | 185.8         | 18.13      | 5             |
| ntsz-24a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 183.9139          | -24.6201         | 188.2         | 33.31      | 23.73         |
| ntsz-24b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.3228          | -24.6734         | 188.2         | 22         | 5             |
| ntsz-25a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.1266          | -23.5922         | 198.5         | 29.34      | 19.64         |
| ntsz-25b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.5322          | -23.7163         | 198.5         | 17.03      | 5             |
| ntsz-26a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.6613          | -22.6460         | 211.7         | 30.26      | 19.43         |
| ntsz-26b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.0196          | -22.8497         | 211.7         | 16.78      | 5             |
| ntsz-27a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.0879          | -21.9139         | 207.9         | 31.73      | 20.67         |
| ntsz-27b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.4522          | -22.0928         | 207.9         | 18.27      | 5             |
| ntsz-28a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.4037          | -21.1758         | 200.5         | 32.44      | 21.76         |
| ntsz-28b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.7849          | -21.3084         | 200.5         | 19.58      | 5             |
| ntsz-29a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.8087          | -20.2629         | 206.4         | 32.47      | 20.4          |
| ntsz-29b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.1710          | -20.4312         | 206.4         | 17.94      | 5             |
| ntsz-30a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.1499          | -19.5087         | 200.9         | 32.98      | 22.46         |
| ntsz-30b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.5236          | -19.6432         | 200.9         | 20.44      | 5             |
| ntsz-31a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.3538          | -18.7332         | 193.9         | 34.41      | 21.19         |
| ntsz-31b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.7339          | -18.8221         | 193.9         | 18.89      | 5             |
| ntsz-32a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.5949          | -17.8587         | 194.1         | 30         | 19.12         |
| ntsz-32b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.9914          | -17.9536         | 194.1         | 16.4       | 5             |
| ntsz-33a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.8172          | -17.0581         | 190           | 33.15      | 23.34         |
| ntsz-33b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.2047          | -17.1237         | 190           | 21.52      | 5             |
| ntsz-34a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.7814          | -16.2598         | 182.1         | 15         | 13.41         |
| ntsz-34b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.2330          | -16.2759         | 182.1         | 9.68       | 5             |
| ntsz-34c | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.9697          | -16.4956         | 7.62          | 57.06      | 6.571         |
| ntsz-35a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.8000          | -15.8563         | 149.8         | 15         | 12.17         |
| ntsz-35b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.1896          | -15.6384         | 149.8         | 8.24       | 5             |
| ntsz-35c | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.8776          | -15.6325         | 342.4         | 57.06      | 6.571         |
| ntsz-36a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.5406          | -15.3862         | 123.9         | 40.44      | 36.72         |
| ntsz-36b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.7381          | -15.1025         | 123.9         | 39.38      | 5             |
| ntsz-36c | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 187.3791          | -14.9234         | 307           | 57.06      | 6.571         |
| ntsz-37a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.9883          | -14.9861         | 102           | 68.94      | 30.99         |
| ntsz-37b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 186.0229          | -14.8282         | 102           | 31.32      | 5             |
| ntsz-38a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.2067          | -14.8259         | 88.4          | 80         | 26.13         |
| ntsz-38b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 185.2044          | -14.7479         | 88.4          | 25         | 5             |
| ntsz-39a | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.3412          | -14.9409         | 82.55         | 80         | 26.13         |
| ntsz-39b | New Zealand–Kermadec–Tonga | 184.3307          | -14.8636         | 82.55         | 25         | 5             |





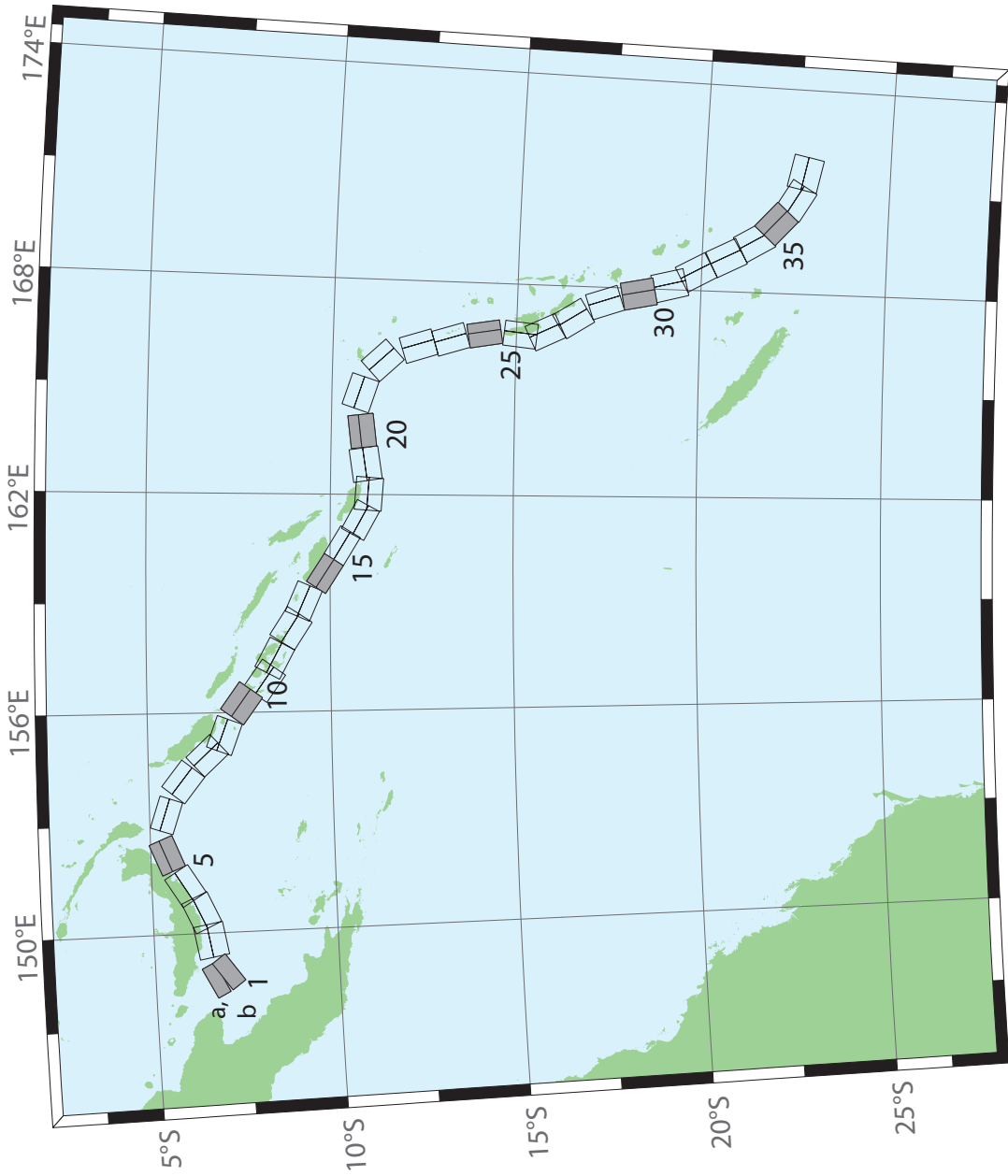


Figure B9: New Britain-Solomons-Vanuatu Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B9:** Earthquake parameters for New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu Subduction Zone unit sources.

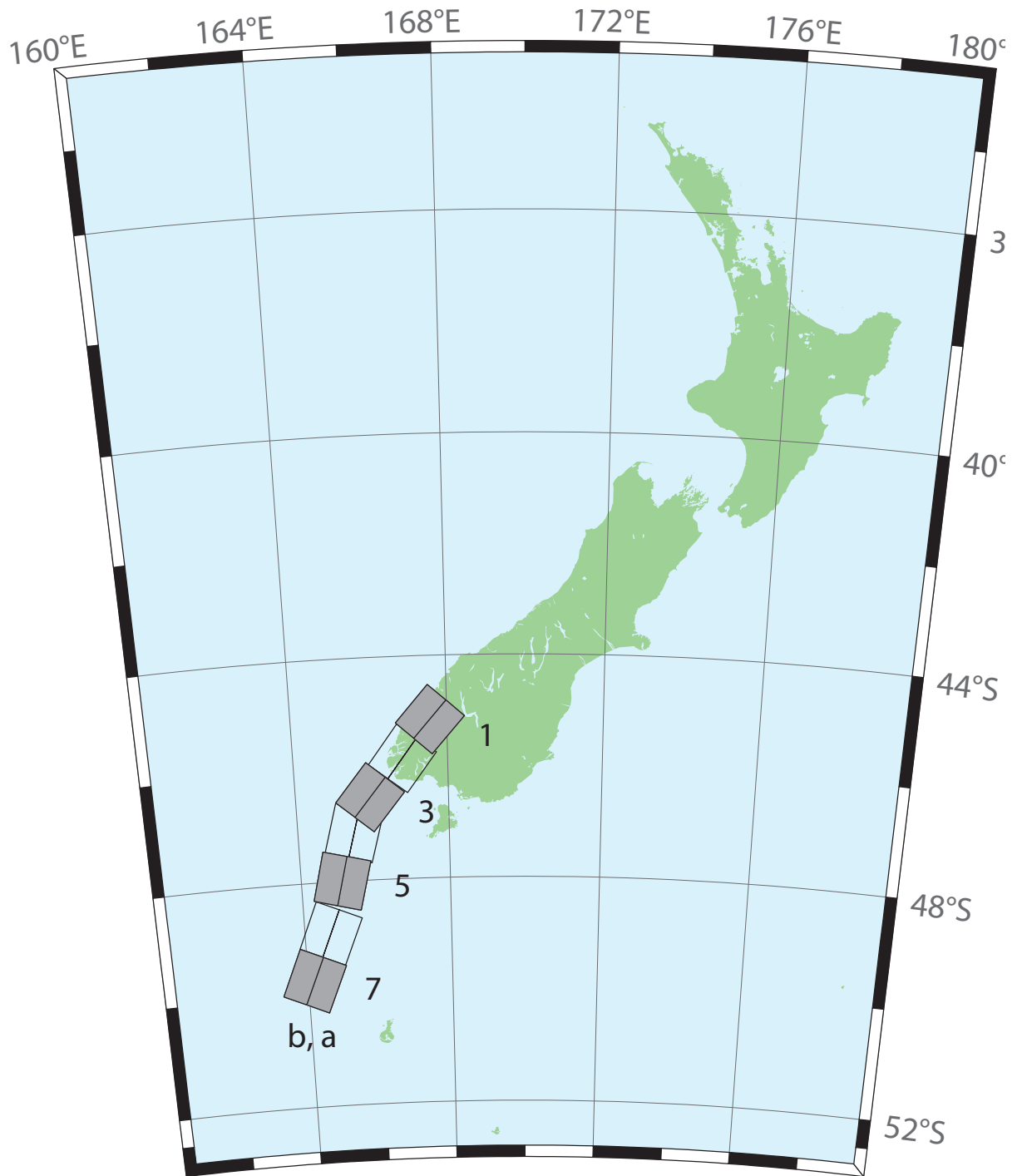
| Segment  | Description                  | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| nvsz-1a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 148.6217          | -6.4616          | 243.2         | 32.34      | 15.69         |
| nvsz-1b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 148.7943          | -6.8002          | 234.2         | 12.34      | 5             |
| nvsz-2a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 149.7218          | -6.1459          | 260.1         | 35.1       | 16.36         |
| nvsz-2b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 149.7856          | -6.5079          | 260.1         | 13.13      | 5             |
| nvsz-3a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 150.4075          | -5.9659          | 245.7         | 42.35      | 18.59         |
| nvsz-3b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 150.5450          | -6.2684          | 245.7         | 15.77      | 5             |
| nvsz-4a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 151.1095          | -5.5820          | 238.2         | 42.41      | 23.63         |
| nvsz-4b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 151.2851          | -5.8639          | 238.2         | 21.88      | 5             |
| nvsz-5a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 152.0205          | -5.1305          | 247.7         | 49.22      | 32.39         |
| nvsz-5b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 152.1322          | -5.4020          | 247.7         | 33.22      | 5             |
| nvsz-6a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 153.3450          | -5.1558          | 288.6         | 53.53      | 33.59         |
| nvsz-6b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 153.2595          | -5.4089          | 288.6         | 34.87      | 5             |
| nvsz-7a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.3814          | -5.6308          | 308.3         | 39.72      | 19.18         |
| nvsz-7b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.1658          | -5.9017          | 308.3         | 16.48      | 5             |
| nvsz-8a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.1097          | -6.3511          | 317.2         | 45.33      | 22.92         |
| nvsz-8b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 154.8764          | -6.5656          | 317.2         | 21         | 5             |
| nvsz-9a  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.5027          | -6.7430          | 290.5         | 48.75      | 22.92         |
| nvsz-9b  | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 155.3981          | -7.0204          | 290.5         | 21         | 5             |
| nvsz-10a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.4742          | -7.2515          | 305.9         | 36.88      | 27.62         |
| nvsz-10b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.2619          | -7.5427          | 305.9         | 26.9       | 5             |
| nvsz-11a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.0830          | -7.8830          | 305.4         | 32.97      | 29.72         |
| nvsz-11b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 156.8627          | -8.1903          | 305.4         | 29.63      | 5             |
| nvsz-12a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.6537          | -8.1483          | 297.9         | 37.53      | 28.57         |
| nvsz-12b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 157.4850          | -8.4630          | 297.9         | 28.13      | 5             |
| nvsz-13a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 158.5089          | -8.5953          | 302.7         | 33.62      | 23.02         |
| nvsz-13b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 158.3042          | -8.9099          | 302.7         | 21.12      | 5             |
| nvsz-14a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.1872          | -8.9516          | 293.3         | 38.44      | 34.06         |
| nvsz-14b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.0461          | -9.2747          | 293.3         | 35.54      | 5             |
| nvsz-15a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.9736          | -9.5993          | 302.8         | 46.69      | 41.38         |
| nvsz-15b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 159.8044          | -9.8584          | 302.8         | 46.69      | 5             |
| nvsz-16a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 160.7343          | -10.0574         | 301           | 46.05      | 41            |
| nvsz-16b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 160.5712          | -10.3246         | 301           | 46.05      | 5             |
| nvsz-17a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 161.4562          | -10.5241         | 298.4         | 40.12      | 37.22         |
| nvsz-17b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 161.2900          | -10.8263         | 298.4         | 40.12      | 5             |
| nvsz-18a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.0467          | -10.6823         | 274.1         | 40.33      | 29.03         |
| nvsz-18b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.0219          | -11.0238         | 274.1         | 28.72      | 5             |
| nvsz-19a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.7818          | -10.5645         | 261.3         | 34.25      | 24.14         |
| nvsz-19b | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 162.8392          | -10.9315         | 261.3         | 22.51      | 5             |
| nvsz-20a | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 163.7222          | -10.5014         | 262.9         | 50.35      | 26.3          |

continued on next page

**Table B9:** (continued)

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>           | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| nvsz-20b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 163.7581                  | -10.7858                 | 262.9                 | 25.22              | 5                     |
| nvsz-21a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 164.9445                  | -10.4183                 | 287.9                 | 40.31              | 23.3                  |
| nvsz-21b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 164.8374                  | -10.7442                 | 287.9                 | 21.47              | 5                     |
| nvsz-22a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.0261                  | -11.1069                 | 317.1                 | 42.39              | 20.78                 |
| nvsz-22b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 165.7783                  | -11.3328                 | 317.1                 | 18.4               | 5                     |
| nvsz-23a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.5179                  | -12.2260                 | 342.4                 | 47.95              | 22.43                 |
| nvsz-23b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.2244                  | -12.3171                 | 342.4                 | 20.4               | 5                     |
| nvsz-24a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.7236                  | -13.1065                 | 342.6                 | 47.13              | 28.52                 |
| nvsz-24b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.4241                  | -13.1979                 | 342.6                 | 28.06              | 5                     |
| nvsz-25a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.8914                  | -14.0785                 | 350.3                 | 54.1               | 31.16                 |
| nvsz-25b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.6237                  | -14.1230                 | 350.3                 | 31.55              | 5                     |
| nvsz-26a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.9200                  | -15.1450                 | 365.6                 | 50.46              | 29.05                 |
| nvsz-26b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.6252                  | -15.1170                 | 365.6                 | 28.75              | 5                     |
| nvsz-27a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.0053                  | -15.6308                 | 334.2                 | 44.74              | 25.46                 |
| nvsz-27b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 166.7068                  | -15.7695                 | 334.2                 | 24.15              | 5                     |
| nvsz-28a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.4074                  | -16.3455                 | 327.5                 | 41.53              | 22.44                 |
| nvsz-28b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.1117                  | -16.5264                 | 327.5                 | 20.42              | 5                     |
| nvsz-29a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.9145                  | -17.2807                 | 341.2                 | 49.1               | 24.12                 |
| nvsz-29b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.6229                  | -17.3757                 | 341.2                 | 22.48              | 5                     |
| nvsz-30a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.2220                  | -18.2353                 | 348.6                 | 44.19              | 23.99                 |
| nvsz-30b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 167.8895                  | -18.2991                 | 348.6                 | 22.32              | 5                     |
| nvsz-31a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.5022                  | -19.0510                 | 345.6                 | 42.2               | 22.26                 |
| nvsz-31b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.1611                  | -19.1338                 | 345.6                 | 20.2               | 5                     |
| nvsz-32a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.8775                  | -19.6724                 | 331.1                 | 42.03              | 21.68                 |
| nvsz-32b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 168.5671                  | -19.8338                 | 331.1                 | 19.49              | 5                     |
| nvsz-33a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.3422                  | -20.4892                 | 332.9                 | 40.25              | 22.4                  |
| nvsz-33b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.0161                  | -20.6453                 | 332.9                 | 20.37              | 5                     |
| nvsz-34a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.8304                  | -21.2121                 | 329.1                 | 39                 | 22.73                 |
| nvsz-34b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 169.5086                  | -21.3911                 | 329.1                 | 20.77              | 5                     |
| nvsz-35a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.3119                  | -21.6945                 | 311.9                 | 39                 | 22.13                 |
| nvsz-35b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.0606                  | -21.9543                 | 311.9                 | 20.03              | 5                     |
| nvsz-36a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.9487                  | -22.1585                 | 300.4                 | 39.42              | 23.5                  |
| nvsz-36b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 170.7585                  | -22.4577                 | 300.4                 | 21.71              | 5                     |
| nvsz-37a       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 171.6335                  | -22.3087                 | 281.3                 | 30                 | 22.1                  |
| nvsz-37b       | New Britain–Solomons–Vanuatu | 171.5512                  | -22.6902                 | 281.3                 | 20                 | 5                     |





**Figure B10:** New Zealand–Puysegur Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B10:** Earthquake parameters for New Zealand–Puysegur Subduction Zone unit sources.

| <b>Segment</b> | <b>Description</b>   | <b>Longitude<br/>(°E)</b> | <b>Latitude<br/>(°N)</b> | <b>Strike<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Dip<br/>(°)</b> | <b>Depth<br/>(km)</b> |
|----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| nzz-1a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 168.0294                  | -45.4368                 | 41.5                  | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-1b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 167.5675                  | -45.1493                 | 41.5                  | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-2a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 167.3256                  | -46.0984                 | 37.14                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-2b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 166.8280                  | -45.8365                 | 37.14                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-3a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 166.4351                  | -46.7897                 | 39.53                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-3b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 165.9476                  | -46.5136                 | 39.53                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-4a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 166.0968                  | -47.2583                 | 15.38                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-4b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 165.4810                  | -47.1432                 | 15.38                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-5a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 165.7270                  | -48.0951                 | 13.94                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-5b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 165.0971                  | -47.9906                 | 13.94                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-6a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 165.3168                  | -49.0829                 | 22.71                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-6b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 164.7067                  | -48.9154                 | 22.71                 | 15                 | 5                     |
| nzz-7a         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 164.8017                  | -49.9193                 | 23.25                 | 15                 | 17.94                 |
| nzz-7b         | New Zealand–Puysegur | 164.1836                  | -49.7480                 | 23.25                 | 15                 | 5                     |

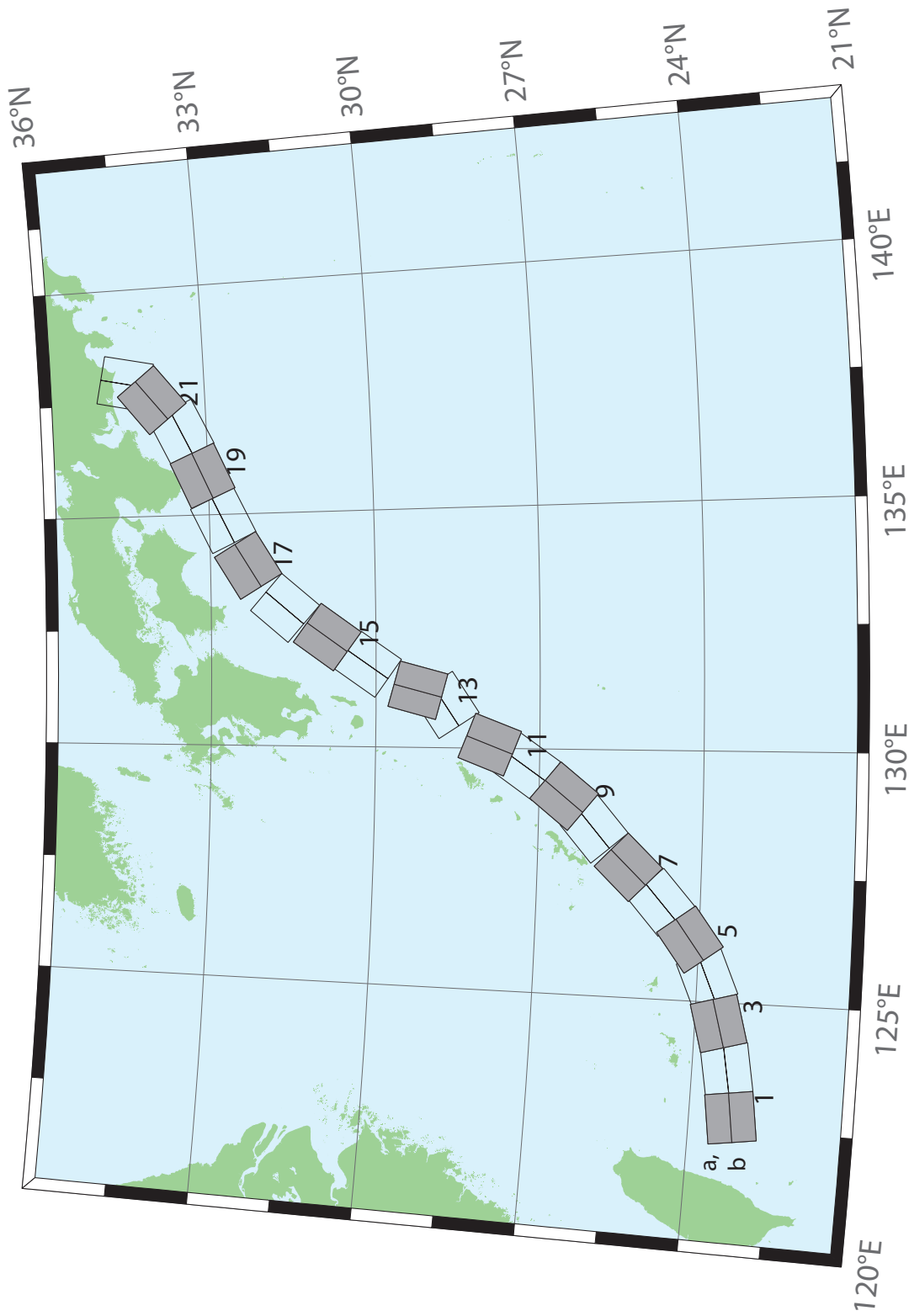


Figure B11: Ryukyu-Kyushu-Nankai Subduction Zone unit sources.

**Table B11:** Earthquake parameters for Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai Subduction Zone unit sources.

| Segment  | Description          | Longitude<br>(°E) | Latitude<br>(°N) | Strike<br>(°) | Dip<br>(°) | Depth<br>(km) |
|----------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| rnsz-1a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 122.6672          | 23.6696          | 262           | 14         | 11.88         |
| rnsz-1b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 122.7332          | 23.2380          | 262           | 10         | 3.2           |
| rnsz-2a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 123.5939          | 23.7929          | 259.9         | 18.11      | 12.28         |
| rnsz-2b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 123.6751          | 23.3725          | 259.9         | 10         | 3.6           |
| rnsz-3a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 124.4604          | 23.9777          | 254.6         | 19.27      | 14.65         |
| rnsz-3b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 124.5830          | 23.5689          | 254.6         | 12.18      | 4.1           |
| rnsz-4a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.2720          | 24.2102          | 246.8         | 18         | 20.38         |
| rnsz-4b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.4563          | 23.8177          | 246.8         | 16         | 6.6           |
| rnsz-5a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 125.9465          | 24.5085          | 233.6         | 18         | 20.21         |
| rnsz-5b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.2241          | 24.1645          | 233.6         | 16         | 6.43          |
| rnsz-6a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.6349          | 25.0402          | 228.7         | 17.16      | 19.55         |
| rnsz-6b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 126.9465          | 24.7176          | 228.7         | 15.16      | 6.47          |
| rnsz-7a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 127.2867          | 25.6343          | 224           | 15.85      | 17.98         |
| rnsz-7b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 127.6303          | 25.3339          | 224           | 13.56      | 6.26          |
| rnsz-8a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.0725          | 26.3146          | 229.7         | 14.55      | 14.31         |
| rnsz-8b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.3854          | 25.9831          | 229.7         | 9.64       | 5.94          |
| rnsz-9a  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 128.6642          | 26.8177          | 219.2         | 15.4       | 12.62         |
| rnsz-9b  | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.0391          | 26.5438          | 219.2         | 8          | 5.66          |
| rnsz-10a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.2286          | 27.4879          | 215.2         | 17         | 12.55         |
| rnsz-10b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.6233          | 27.2402          | 215.2         | 8.16       | 5.45          |
| rnsz-11a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 129.6169          | 28.0741          | 201.3         | 17         | 12.91         |
| rnsz-11b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.0698          | 27.9181          | 201.3         | 8.8        | 5.26          |
| rnsz-12a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.6175          | 29.0900          | 236.7         | 16.42      | 13.05         |
| rnsz-12b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.8873          | 28.7299          | 236.7         | 9.57       | 4.74          |
| rnsz-13a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 130.7223          | 29.3465          | 195.2         | 20.25      | 15.89         |
| rnsz-13b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.1884          | 29.2362          | 195.2         | 12.98      | 4.66          |
| rnsz-14a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.3467          | 30.3899          | 215.1         | 22.16      | 19.73         |
| rnsz-14b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.7402          | 30.1507          | 215.1         | 17.48      | 4.71          |
| rnsz-15a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 131.9149          | 31.1450          | 216           | 15.11      | 16.12         |
| rnsz-15b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.3235          | 30.8899          | 216           | 13.46      | 4.48          |
| rnsz-16a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.5628          | 31.9468          | 220.9         | 10.81      | 10.88         |
| rnsz-16b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 132.9546          | 31.6579          | 220.9         | 7.19       | 4.62          |
| rnsz-17a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 133.6125          | 32.6956          | 239           | 10.14      | 12.01         |
| rnsz-17b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 133.8823          | 32.3168          | 239           | 8.41       | 4.7           |
| rnsz-18a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 134.6416          | 33.1488          | 244.7         | 10.99      | 14.21         |
| rnsz-18b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 134.8656          | 32.7502          | 244.5         | 10.97      | 4.7           |
| rnsz-19a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 135.6450          | 33.5008          | 246.5         | 14.49      | 14.72         |
| rnsz-19b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 135.8523          | 33.1021          | 246.5         | 11.87      | 4.44          |
| rnsz-20a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 136.5962          | 33.8506          | 244.8         | 15         | 14.38         |
| rnsz-20b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 136.8179          | 33.4581          | 244.8         | 12         | 3.98          |
| rnsz-21a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 137.2252          | 34.3094          | 231.9         | 15         | 15.4          |
| rnsz-21b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 137.5480          | 33.9680          | 231.9         | 12         | 5             |
| rnsz-22a | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 137.4161          | 34.5249          | 192.3         | 15         | 15.4          |
| rnsz-22b | Ryukyu–Kyushu–Nankai | 137.9301          | 34.4327          | 192.3         | 12         | 5             |



## Appendix C.

# Synthetic Testing Report: Newport, Oregon\*

### C1. Purpose

Forecast models are tested with synthetic tsunami events covering a range of tsunami source locations and magnitudes ranging from mega-events to micro-events. Testing is also done with selected historical tsunami events when available.

The purpose of forecast model testing is three-fold. The first objective is to assure that the results obtained with the NOAA tsunami forecast system, which has been released to the Tsunami Warning Centers for operational use, are identical to those obtained by the researcher during the development of the forecast model. The second objective is to test the forecast model for consistency, accuracy, time efficiency, and quality of results over a range of possible tsunami locations and magnitudes. The third objective is to identify bugs and issues in need of resolution by the researcher who developed the forecast model or by the forecast software development team before the next version release to NOAA's two Tsunami Warning Centers.

Local hardware and software applications, and tools familiar to the researcher(s), are used to run the Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST) model during the forecast model development. The test results presented in this report lend confidence that the model performs as developed and produces the same results when initiated within the forecast application in an operational setting as those produced by the researcher during the forecast model development. The test results assure those who rely on the Newport tsunami forecast model that consistent results are produced irrespective of system.

### C2. Testing Procedure

The general procedure for forecast model testing is to run a set of synthetic tsunami scenarios and a selected set of historical tsunami events through the forecast system application and compare the results with those obtained by the researcher during the forecast model development and presented in the Tsunami Forecast Model Report. Specific steps taken to test the model include:

1. Identification of testing scenarios, including the standard set of synthetic events, appropriate historical events, and customized synthetic scenarios that may have been used by the researcher(s) in developing the forecast model.
2. Creation of new events to represent customized synthetic scenarios used by the researcher(s) in developing the forecast model, if any.
3. Submission of test model runs with the forecast system, and export of the results from A, B, and C grids, along with time series.
4. Recording applicable metadata, including the specific forecast system used for testing.

---

\* Authors: Nazila Merati, Dylan Righi, Lindsey Wright

5. Examination of forecast model results for instabilities in both time series and plot results.
6. Comparison of forecast model results obtained through the forecast system with those obtained during the forecast model development.
7. Summarization of results with specific mention of quality, consistency, and time efficiency.
8. Reporting of issues identified to modeler and and forecast system software development team.
9. Retesting the forecast models in the forecast system when reported issues have been addressed or explained.

Synthetic model runs were tested on a DELL PowerEdge R510 computer equipped with two Xeon E5670 processors at 2.93 Ghz, each with 12 MBytes of cache and 32 GB memory. The processors are hex core and support hyperthreading, resulting in the computer performing as a 24 processor core machine. Additionally, the testing computer supports 10 Gigabit Ethernet for fast network connections. This computer configuration is similar or the same as the configurations of the computers installed at the Tsunami Warning Centers so the compute times should only vary slightly.

### C3. Results

The Newport, Oregon, forecast model was tested with SIFT version 3.2.

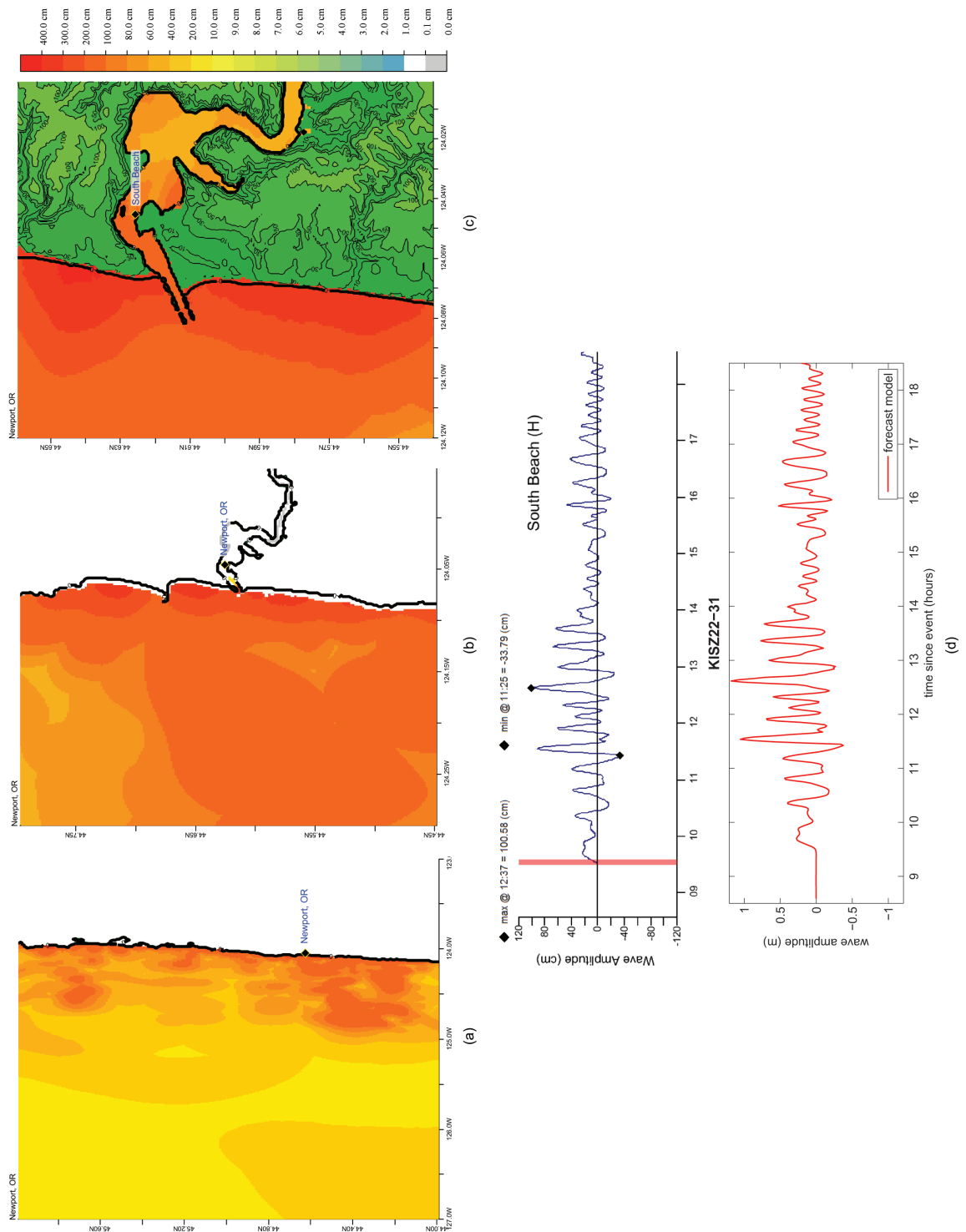
The Newport forecast model was tested with four synthetic scenarios and two historical tsunami events. Test results from and comparisons with the results obtained during the forecast model development are shown numerically in **Table C1** and graphically in **Figures C1 to C6**. The results show that the minimum and maximum amplitudes and time series obtained from SIFT agree with those obtained during the forecast model development, and that the forecast model is stable and robust, with consistent and high quality results across geographically distributed tsunami sources and tsunami magnitudes from micro-events to mega-events. There are some small differences in magnitudes evident in the table, possibly due to differing output frequencies used to track extrema between the development and SIFT model runs. The authors feel that these differences are within acceptable ranges. The model run time (wall-clock time) was 12.05 min for 9.99 hr of simulation time, and 4.80 min for 4.0 hr. This run time is within the 10 min run time for 4 hr of simulation time and satisfies time efficiency requirements.

A suite of synthetic events was run on the Newport forecast model. The modeled scenarios were stable for all cases tested. Of the cases tested, the largest maximum amplitude of 146 cm originated in the Aleutian-Alaska Cascadia (ACSZ) 56–65 source zone and the smallest signal (approximately 32 cm) was seen from the Central and South America (CSSZ) 89–98 source. Comparisons between the development results and the forecast system output were identical in shape and amplitude for synthetic and historical cases tested, with very little variation in maximum and minimum values. The Newport reference point used for the forecast model development is the same as what is deployed in the forecast system, so the results can be considered valid for all cases studied.

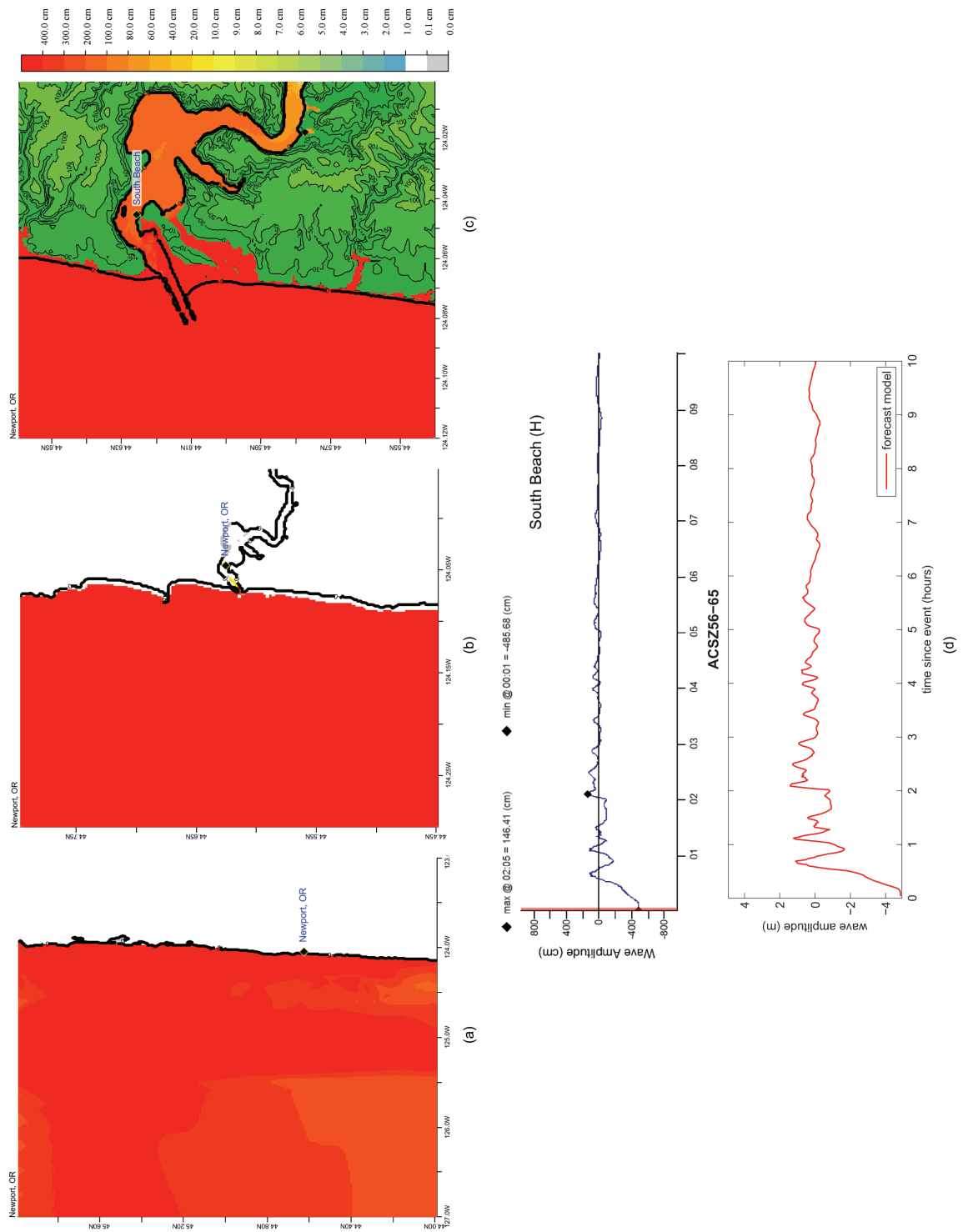
**Table C1:** Maximum and minimum amplitudes (cm) at the Newport, Oregon warning point for synthetic and historical events tested using SIFT 3.2 and obtained during development.

| Scenarios                     | Source Zone                           | Tsunami Source | $\alpha$<br>[m] | SIFT<br>Max (cm) | SIFT Development<br>Max (cm) | SIFT<br>Min (cm) | SIFT Development<br>Min (cm) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Mega-tsunami Scenarios</b> |                                       |                |                 |                  |                              |                  |                              |
| KISZ 22–31                    | Kamchatka-Kuril-Japan-Izu-Mariana-Yap | A22–31, B22–31 | 30              | 100.6            | 118.1                        | -33.8            | -37.5                        |
| ACSZ 56–65                    | Aleutian-Alaska-Cascadia              | A56–65, B56–65 | 30              | 146.4            | 139.8                        | -485.7           | -484.0                       |
| CSSZ 89–98                    | Central and South America             | A89–98, B89–98 | 30              | 31.9             | 31.6                         | -9.2             | -9.1                         |
| NTSZ 30–39                    | New Zealand-Kermadec-Tonga            | A30–39, B30–39 | 30              | 78.6             | 80.4                         | -36.4            | -36.2                        |
| <b>Historical Events</b>      |                                       |                |                 |                  |                              |                  |                              |
| 2006 Tonga                    | n/a                                   | n/a            | n/a             | 3.5              | 4.5                          | -2.0             | -2.4                         |
| 2006 Kuril                    | n/a                                   | n/a            | n/a             | 5.4              | 5.5                          | -4.6             | -4.7                         |

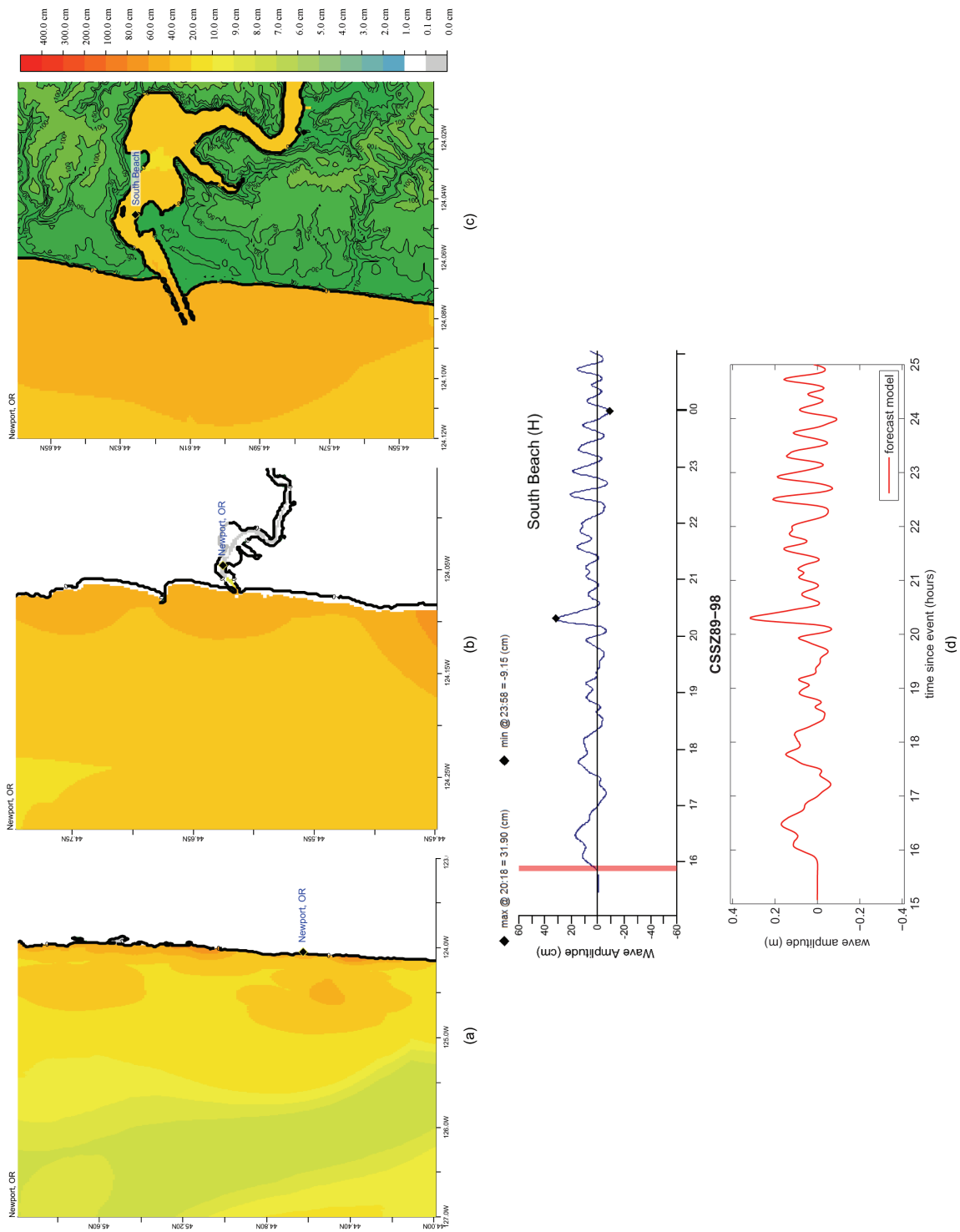
**Figure C1:** Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario KISZ 22-31 ( $\sigma=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.



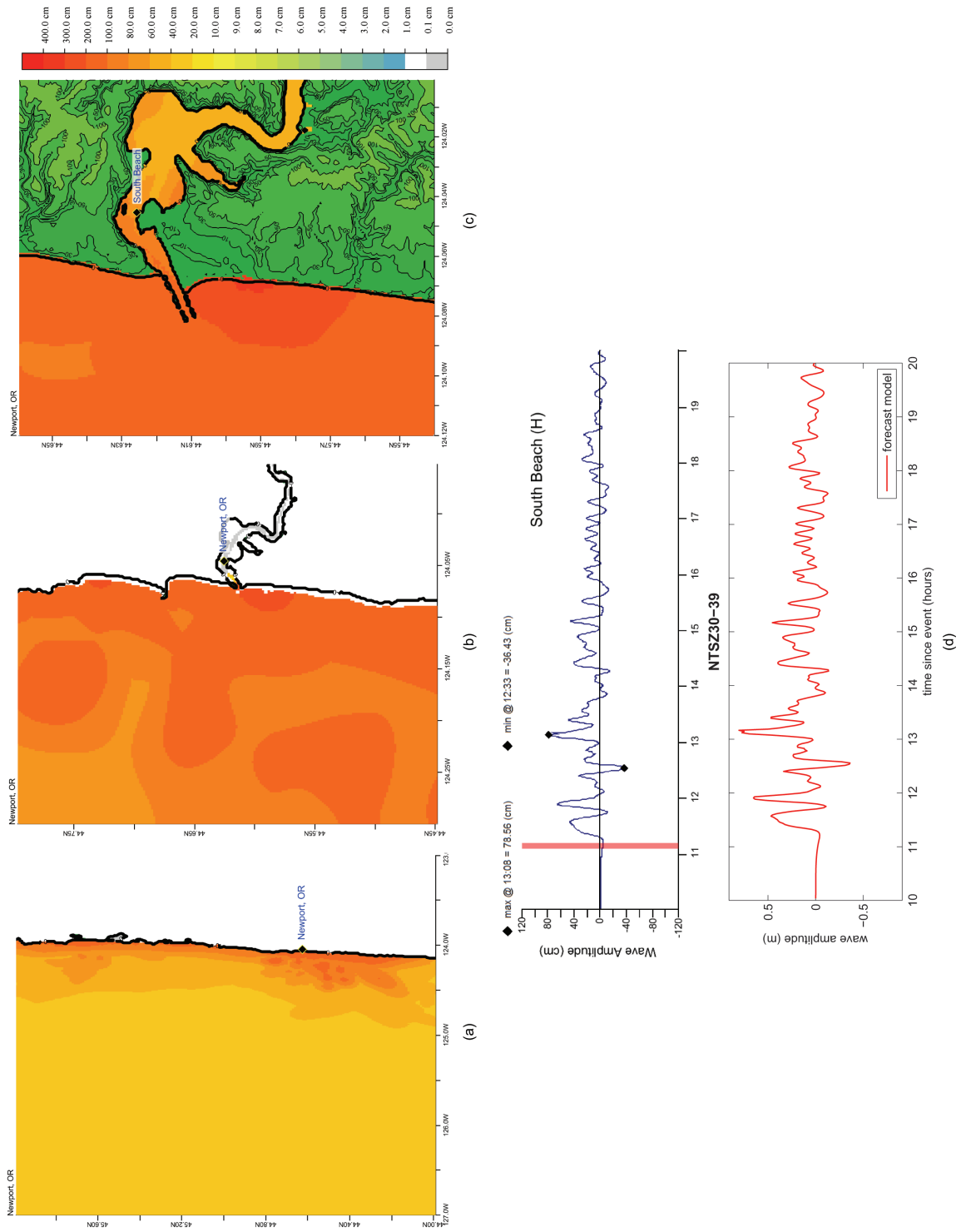
**Figure C2:** Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario ACSZ 56–65 ( $q=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, b) B-grid, c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.



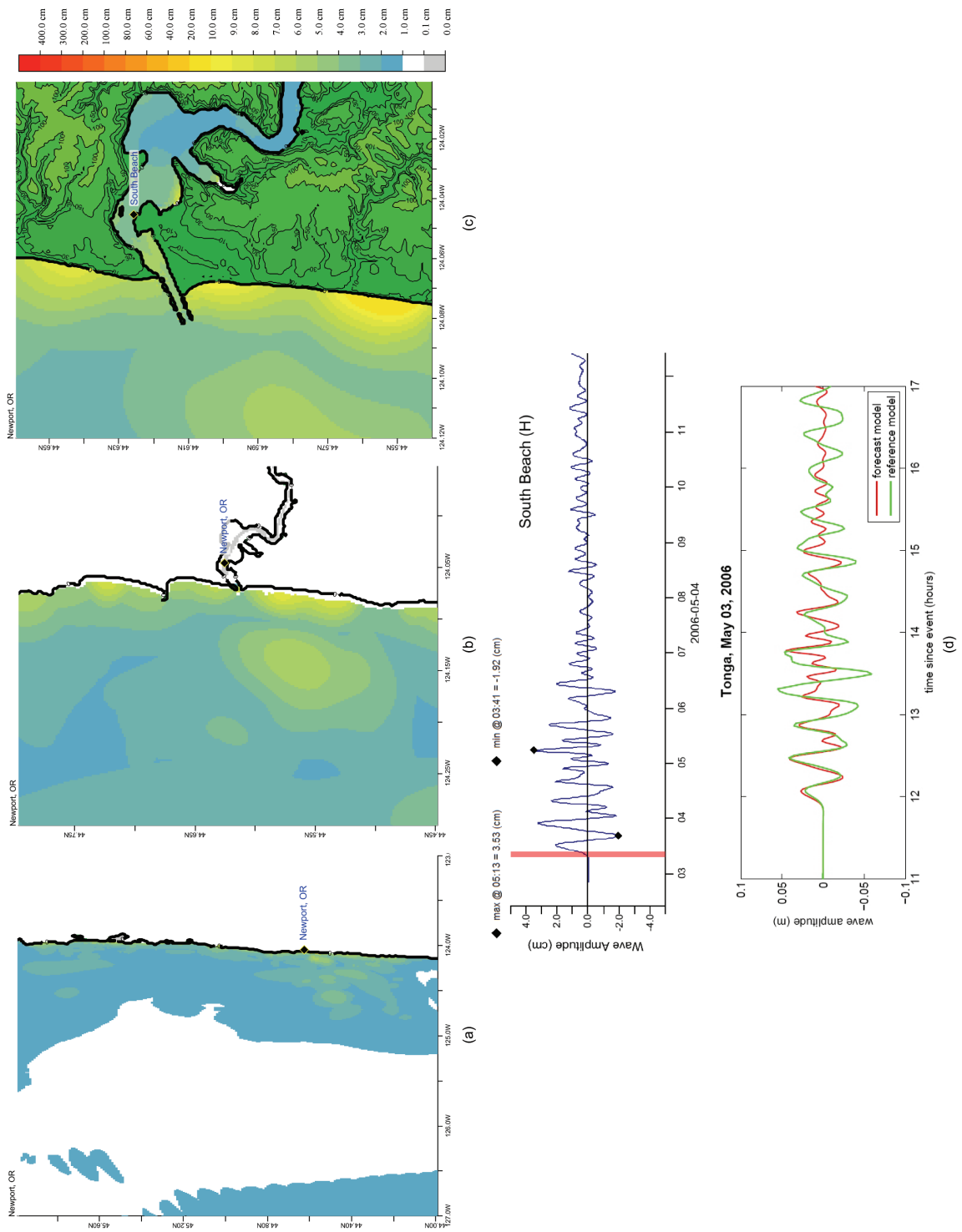
**Figure C3:** Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario CSSZ 89-98 ( $\sigma=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, (b) B-grid, (c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.



**Figure C4:** Response of the Newport forecast model to synthetic scenario NTSZ 30–39 ( $\sigma=25$ ). Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, (b) B-grid, (c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.

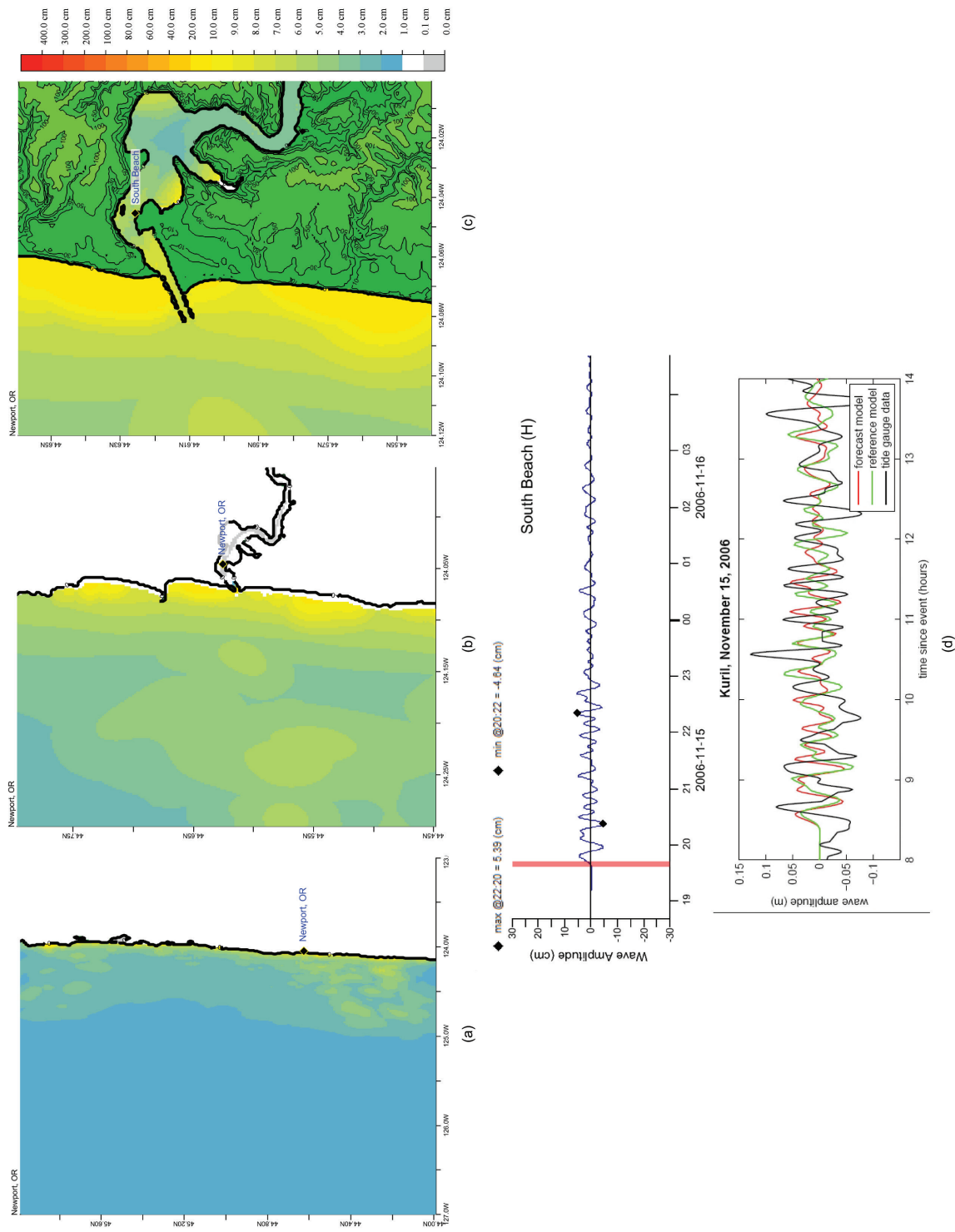


**Figure C5:** Response of the Newport forecast model to the 2006 Tonga tsunami. Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, (b) B-grid, (c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.





**Figure C6:** Response of the Newport forecast model to the 2006 Kuril tsunami. Maximum sea surface elevation for (a) A-grid, (b) B-grid, (c) C-grid. Sea surface elevation time series at the C-grid warning point (d). The lower time series plot is the result obtained during model development and is shown for comparison with test results.





## Appendix D. Glossary

**Arrival time** The time when the first tsunami wave is observed at a particular location, typically given in local and/or universal time, but also commonly noted in minutes or hours relative to the time of the earthquake.

**Bathymetry** The measurement of water depth of an undisturbed body of water.

**Cascadia Subduction Zone** Fault that extends from Cape Mendocino in Northern California northward to mid-Vancouver Island, Canada. The fault marks the convergence boundary where the Juan de Fuca tectonic plate is being subducted under the margin of the North America plate.

**Current speed** The scalar rate of water motion measured as distance/time.

**Current velocity** Movement of water expressed as a vector quantity. Velocity is the distance of movement per time coupled with direction of motion.

**Deep-ocean Assessment and Reporting of Tsunamis (DART<sup>®</sup>)** Tsunami detection and transmission system that measures the pressure of an overlying column of water and detects the passage of a tsunami.

**Digital Elevation Model (DEM)** A digital representation of bathymetry or topography based on regional survey data or satellite imagery. Data are arrays of regularly spaced elevations referenced to a map projection of the geographic coordinate system.

**Epicenter** The point on the surface of the earth that is directly above the focus of an earthquake.

**Far-field** Region outside of the source of a tsunami where no direct observations of the tsunami-generating event are evident, except for the tsunami waves themselves.

**Focus** The point beneath the surface of the earth where a rupture or energy release occurs due to a buildup of stress or the movement of earth's tectonic plates relative to one another.

**Inundation** The horizontal inland extent of land that a tsunami penetrates, generally measured perpendicularly to a shoreline.

**Marigram** Tide gauge recording of wave level as a function of time at a particular location. The instrument used for recording is termed a marigraph.

**Method of Splitting Tsunami (MOST)** A suite of numerical simulation codes used to provide estimates of the three processes of tsunami evolution: tsunami generation, propagation, and inundation.

**Moment magnitude ( $M_w$ )** The magnitude of an earthquake on a logarithmic scale in terms of the energy released. Moment magnitude is based on the size and characteristics of a fault rupture as determined from long-period seismic waves.

**Near-field** Region of primary tsunami impact near the source of the tsunami. The near-field is defined as the region where non-tsunami effects of the tsunami-generating event have been observed, such as earth shaking from the earthquake, visible or measured ground deformation, or other direct (non-tsunami) evidences of the source of the tsunami wave.

**Propagation database** A basin-wide database of pre-computed water elevations and flow velocities at uniformly spaced grid points throughout the world oceans. Values are computed from tsunamis generated by earthquakes with a fault rupture at any one of discrete  $100 \times 50$  km unit sources along worldwide subduction zones.

**Runup** Vertical difference between the elevation of tsunami inundation and the sea level at the time of a tsunami. Runup is the elevation of the highest point of land inundated by a tsunami as measured relative to a stated datum, such as mean sea level.

**Short-term Inundation Forecasting for Tsunamis (SIFT)** A tsunami forecast system that integrates tsunami observations in the deep ocean with numerical models to provide an estimate of tsunami wave arrival and amplitude at specific coastal locations while a tsunami propagates across an ocean basin.

**Subduction zone** A submarine region of the earth's crust at which two or more tectonic plates converge to cause one plate to sink under another, overriding plate. Subduction zones are regions of high seismic activity.

**Synthetic event** Hypothetical events based on computer simulations or theory of possible or even likely future scenarios.

**Tele-tsunami or distant tsunami or far-field tsunami** Most commonly, a tsunami originating from a source greater than 1000 km away from a particular location. In some contexts, a tele-tsunami is one that propagates through deep ocean before reaching a particular location without regard to distance separation.

**Tidal wave** Term frequently used incorrectly as a synonym for tsunami. A tsunami is unrelated to the predictable periodic rise and fall of sea level due to the gravitational attractions of the moon and sun (see **Tide**, below).

**Tide** The predictable rise and fall of a body of water (ocean, sea, bay, etc.) due to the gravitational attractions of the moon and sun.

**Tide gauge** An instrument for measuring the rise and fall of a column of water over time at a particular location.

**Travel time** The time it takes for a tsunami to travel from the generating source to a particular location.

**Tsunami meter** An oceanographic instrument used to detect and measure tsunamis in the deep ocean. Tsunami measurements are typically transmitted acoustically to a surface buoy that in turn relays them in real time to ground stations via satellite.

**Tsunami** A Japanese term that literally translates to “harbor wave.” Tsunamis are a series of long-period shallow water waves that are generated by the sudden displacement of water due to subsea disturbances such as earthquakes, submarine landslides, or volcanic eruptions. Less commonly, meteoric impact to the ocean or meteorological forcing can generate a tsunami.

**Tsunami hazard assessment** A systematic investigation of seismically active regions of the world oceans to determine their potential tsunami impact at a particular location. Numerical models are typically used to characterize tsunami generation, propagation, and inundation, and to quantify the risk posed to a particular community from tsunamis generated in each source region investigated.

**Tsunami magnitude** A number that characterizes the strength of a tsunami based on the tsunami wave amplitudes. Several different tsunami magnitude determination methods have been proposed.

**Tsunami propagation** The directional movement of a tsunami wave outward from the source of generation. The speed at which a tsunami propagates depends on the depth of the water column in which the wave is traveling. Tsunamis travel at a speed of 700 km/hr (450 mi/hr) over the average depth of 4000 m in the open deep Pacific Ocean.

**Tsunami source** Location of tsunami origin, most typically an underwater earthquake epicenter. Tsunamis are also generated by submarine landslides, underwater volcanic eruptions, or, less commonly, by meteoric impact of the ocean.

**Wall-clock time** The time that passes on a common clock or watch between the start and end of a model run, as distinguished from the time needed by a CPU or computer processor to complete the run, typically less than wall-clock time.

**Wave amplitude** The maximum vertical rise or drop of a column of water as measured from wave crest (peak) or trough to a defined mean water level state.

**Wave crest or peak** The highest part of a wave or maximum rise above a defined mean water level state, such as mean lower low water.

**Wave height** The vertical difference between the highest part of a specific wave (crest) and its corresponding lowest point (trough).

**Wavelength** The horizontal distance between two successive wave crests or troughs.

**Wave period** The length of time between the passage of two successive wave crests or troughs as measured at a fixed location.

**Wave trough** The lowest part of a wave or the maximum drop below a defined mean water level state, such as mean lower low water.